

# 2020 北京顺义初一（上）期末

## 英 语



一、单项填空（共 10 分，每小题 1 分）从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. (1 分) - What's this in English?

- It's \_\_\_\_\_ apple. I like it very much. ( )

- A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. \

2. (1 分) Betty is a new student in Class 2. \_\_\_\_\_ likes swimming very much. ( )

- A. He                      B. His                      C. She                      D. Her

3. (1 分) - When do you have history at school?

- We have history \_\_\_\_\_ Monday and Wednesday. ( )

- A. in                      B. at                      C. of                      D. on

4. (1 分) My grandfather is over 70 \_\_\_\_\_ he thinks he is very young. ( )

- A. and                      B. so                      C. because                      D. but

5. (1 分) There \_\_\_\_\_ a ruler and two pens in my pencil case. ( )

- A. is                      B. are                      C. have                      D. has

6. (1 分) - \_\_\_\_\_ you swim, Peter?

- Of course, I can. ( )

- A. Must                      B. May                      C. Can                      D. Should

7. (1 分) We all like our music teacher - Miss Wang. She \_\_\_\_\_ very well. ( )

- A. sing                      B. sings                      C. singing                      D. is singing

8. (1 分) - Tom, Let's \_\_\_\_\_ football after school.

- That's a good idea. ( )

- A. plays                      B. playing                      C. play                      D. to play

9. (1 分) - \_\_\_\_\_ do you like, Mike?

- I like blue. My schoolbag is blue and my shoes are blue, too. ( )

- A. What subject                      B. What colour  
C. Which book                      D. What sports

10. (1 分) - How are you, Jim?

- \_\_\_\_\_ . ( )

- A. Thank you                      B. Hello  
C. Nice to meet you                      D. Fine, thanks

二、完形填空（共4分，每小题4分）阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

11. (4分)

I am a middle school student. Now let me tell you something about our classroom. It's very clean and bright. There are (1) \_\_\_\_\_ maps on the back wall. One is a map of China, the other one is a map of the world.

There are 40 desks and chairs in our classroom. There is a big desk (2) \_\_\_\_\_ our teachers in the front of it. You can see three big and bright (3) \_\_\_\_\_ in the wall. Every day, you can see the sun shines through them into the classroom. We (4) \_\_\_\_\_ four classes in the morning and two in the afternoon from Monday to Friday.

I like my classroom very much. It's a good place for studying.




- (1) A. one                      B. two                      C. three                      D. four
- (2) A. for                      B. to                      C. about                      D. at
- (3) A. pictures                      B. maps                      C. clocks                      D. windows
- (4) A. there are                      B. there is                      C. have                      D. has



三、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选择最佳选项。（共20分，每小题6分）

12. (6分)

People around Me

<p>My grandma</p> 	<p>My grandma is a short woman with white hair. She is always happy. My grandma looks after my family. She does some housework, such as cooking meals and watering flowers for us. She is good at cooking. She is really kind. She often helps people.</p>
<p>Alice</p> 	<p>Alice is my best friend. She is a tall girl with glasses. Alice is a clever girl. She is good at Maths. We often study and play table tennis together. I hope we can be friends forever.</p>
<p>Mr. Li</p> 	<p>Mr. Li is my Maths teacher. He is tall. His classes are always interesting because he uses lots of games in his teaching. When we meet with difficulties in learning Maths, he often helps us. He also asks us to read more books in our free time. Besides, he is good at telling stories.</p>

(1) What does my grandma do for the family? \_\_\_\_\_



- A. She plays with me.
- B. She often helps people.
- C. She does some housework.
- D. She helps me with my homework.

(2) I often study and play table tennis with\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. grandma
- B. Alice
- C. Mr. Li
- D. classmates

(3) Why are Mr. Li's classes interesting? \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Because he is good at telling stories.
- B. Because he uses games in his teaching.
- C. Because he tells us to read more books.
- D. Because he often helps us learn Maths.

13. (6分)

There isn't an easy way to learn English, but there are some good ways: speak, listen to, read and write English.

Speak English with your teachers and your classmates in and out of the class. Listen to your teachers, your classmates and anyone when they speak English. Don't just read the textbooks, go to a bookshop and find some easy English books to read, Write short articles (文章) if you can.

These things are not difficult, if you work hard. Remember not to be afraid of making mistakes (错误). When you have trouble (麻烦) in learning it, you can ask your teachers and classmates. With the help of them, you will learn English well.

(1) You can be a good student at English if you\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. often talk with others in Chinese
- B. only read English textbooks
- C. speak much English
- D. are afraid of making mistakes

(2) When you have trouble in English, \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. you must work it out by yourself
- B. you can never mind (介意) it
- C. you have to do nothing



D. you can ask your teachers and classmates

(3) This article mainly tells us \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. English is hard to learn
- B. students like English very much
- C. the ways to learn English
- D. students help each other in English



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14. (8分)

Each year, we celebrate (庆祝) many holidays here in America. On January 1<sup>st</sup>, we welcome the coming of a new year like many people in other countries. And we have another four holidays on the first day of a month: April Fool's Day, May Day, Friendship Day ( Aug.1<sup>st</sup> ) and Grandparents Day ( Sept.1<sup>st</sup> ).

The most important holiday for the young people comes in February. It is Valentine's Day. Lots of boys give red roses to girls as a present.

People celebrate some holidays for their family members. We say thanks to our mother in May and celebrate Father's Day in the following (接下来的) month. In November many people return home for Thanksgiving Day, so the whole family can get together.

There are also some interesting holidays for children. For example, Halloween comes at the end of October. Children often play with pumpkin lanterns (南瓜灯) and put on all kinds of masks (面具).

Of course, the most important festival is Christmas. After a year of work and study, people can enjoy a long holiday, eat big meals, and visit families and friends.

(1) What is the most important holiday for the young people? \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Thanksgiving Day.
- B. Christmas Day.
- C. Valentine's Day.
- D. New Year's Day.

(2) From the reading we know that Father's Day comes \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. in May
- B. in April
- C. in June
- D. in July



(3) Halloween is one of the interesting holidays for\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. children
- B. mothers
- C. fathers
- D. grandparents

(4) How many holidays do you know on the first day of a month in America according to the passage (根据文章)?

- A. Four.
- B. Five.
- C. Six.
- D. Seven.

四、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。(共4分，每小题4分)

15. (4分)

We call the Chinese New Year the Spring Festival. It usually comes in January or February. There is a name for each Chinese year. We may call it the year of the pig, the year of the monkey or the year of the horse. And this year (2020年) is the year of the rat.

Before New Year's Day, people are busy shopping and cleaning their houses. On New Year's Eve, there is always a big family dinner. They cook many dishes for the dinner. The dishes are all delicious. Family members eat and talk. They feel happy. After dinner, all the family stay up late to welcome the New Year. Sometimes they watch TV programs. They are very interesting.

On the first day of the New Year, people put on their new clothes and go to visit their relatives (亲戚) and friends. They say "Best wishes" and some other greetings to each other. They play games and have many other things to do. People usually have a very good time during the festival.

(1) When does the Spring Festival usually come?

\_\_\_\_\_

(2) Is this year (2020) the year of the rat or the year of the dog?

\_\_\_\_\_

(3) What are people busy doing before New Year's Day?

\_\_\_\_\_

(4) Who do people visit on the first day of the New Year?

\_\_\_\_\_



五、单词拼写 (共 6 分, 每小题 1 分) 根据句意填写所缺字母。

16. (1 分) Anna likes English best. English is her favorite su\_\_\_\_\_.
17. (1 分) He is a basketball f\_\_\_\_\_. He really likes Yao Ming.
18. (1 分) You don't have English class today so you can t\_\_\_\_\_ out your English dictionary from your schoolbag.
19. (1 分) I can't see my kite because it's b\_\_\_\_\_ the door.
20. (1 分) My friends and I often go r\_\_\_\_\_ near the lake in front of my house.
21. (1 分) Liu Wei can't play the piano with his hands but he can play with his f\_\_\_\_\_.

六、完成句子 (共 6 分, 每小题 1 分) 根据中英文提示完成下列各句, 并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置上, 答题卡只写答案即可。

22. (1 分) 我的表妹安娜与我同岁。  
My cousin Anna is \_\_\_\_\_ me.
23. (1 分) 汤姆, 现在 8 点钟啦。该回家了。  
Tom, it's 8: 00 now. \_\_\_\_\_ go home.
24. (1 分) 大兴因新机场而闻名国内。  
Daxing \_\_\_\_\_ a new airport in China.
25. (1 分) 我喜欢红色, 你呢?  
I like red, \_\_\_\_\_ you?
26. (1 分) 莉莉擅长画画, 我很喜欢她的作品。  
Lily \_\_\_\_\_ painting and I like her paintings very much.
27. (1 分) 我们为期末考试做好了准备。  
We \_\_\_\_\_ the final exams.

七、文段表达 (10 分) 从下面两个题目中任选一题, 根据中文和英文提示, 完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

28. (5 分) 题目①假如你叫 Judy, 是北京的一名学生。Helen 是你新结识的网友。最近你收到她的一封电子邮件, 请根据她的来信内容给她写封回信。要求: ①针对来信内容回复, 可以适当发挥; ②回信的开头与结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Judy,

I'm glad to be your e - friend. My name is Helen. I'm from New York, the US. Can I ask you some questions? Where do you live? How old are you? What do you look like? What is your hobby? Which

season (季节) is your favorite? Why do you like it? I have so many questions. But the most important is what your dream job is. My dream job is to be a pilot (飞行员) when I grow up.

Please write to me soon.

Yours,  
Helen

Dear Helen,

I'm glad to be your e - friend too. Now Let me answer all your questions. \_\_\_\_\_.

Hope to get your next email soon.

Yours,  
Judy

29. (5分) 题目②

近两年，爱国主题影片《战狼》Wolf Warriors 以及《战狼II》、《流浪地球》The Wandering Earth 让吴京演艺事业再攀高峰，知名度进一步提高。请根据下列图片以及文字提示，写一篇英语短文简单介绍一下吴京的家庭（吴京的妻子：谢楠，女演员；吴京的儿子：吴所谓）。

name	English name	job	age	hobby
Wu Jing	Jason	actor	45	watching films
Xie Nan	Lola	actress	36	listening to music
Wu Suowei			5	drawing pictures and reading books
				

Wu Jing is a good actor in China. \_\_\_\_\_.



# 2020 北京顺义初一（上）期末英语

## 参考答案

一、单项填空（共 10 分，每小题 1 分）从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. 【分析】 - - - 这个用英语怎么说？ - - - 是一个苹果。我非常喜欢它。

【解答】 a, an, the 三者都是冠词，a, an 是不定冠词，放在单数可数名词前面，表示某类人或事物中的“一个，一名”，表泛指，a 用于以辅音音素开头单词或字母前，an 用于以元音音素开头的单词或字母前。the 是定冠词，表特指，为“这、那、这些、那些”。放在可数名词和不可数名词前。因 play + 体育项目（球类、牌类、棋类），中间不加任何成分，因此“下棋”，可翻译为“play chess”。由题干“- - - 这个用英语怎么说？ - - - 是一个苹果。我非常喜欢它。”可知，“一个苹果”表泛指，“一个”用不定冠词，因 apple 是以元音音素开头的单词，因此空格用 an； 所以答案应是 an。

故选：B.

【点评】 本题考查冠词的用法，在熟知所给单词的基础上与句子的语境相结合，从而判断出正确答案。

2. 【分析】 Betty 是 2 班的新学生。她非常喜欢游泳。

【解答】 A he 他，人称代词主格； B his 他的，形容词性物主代词/名词性物主代词； C she 她，人称代词主格； D her 她/她的，人称代词宾格/形容词性物主代词。根据句子结构，空格处后 like 是谓语动词，所以空格处填人称代词主格作主语，排除 B 和 D 选项。空格处指代上文的 Betty，是个女性，所以空格处填 she。

故选：C.

【点评】 人称代词主格在句中作主语。

3. 【分析】 - 你在学校什么时候上历史课？ - 我们在周一和周三上历史课。

【解答】 A in 接某年某月某季节； B at 接具体时刻； C of...的； D on 接具体某一天。根据空格后 Monday 和 Wednesday 是具体的某一天，所以空格处填介词 on。

故选：D.

【点评】 熟练辨析时间介词的用法。in 接某年某月某季节，如 in July； at 接具体时刻，如 at 5 o'clock； on 接具体某一天，如 on Sunday。

4. 【分析】 我祖父 70 多岁了，但他认为自己很年轻。

【解答】 A. 和 B. 因此 C. 因为 D. 但是。根据题干，可知句意“我祖父 70 多岁了，但他认为自己很年轻”，可知前后是转折关系，用 but。

故选：D.

【点评】 熟悉连词的用法，结合题意，给出答案。

5. 【分析】 我的铅笔盒里有一把尺子和两支钢笔。

【解答】 There be...有，不能说 there have/has 等，排除 CD 选项，there be 句型 be 动词的确定遵循就近原则，





a ruler , 单数形式, 所以 be 动词用 is.

故选: A.

**【点评】**解答此类试题时, 务必根据题目的要求, 在准确理解句子意思的前提下, 结合主谓一致准确作答.

6. **【分析】** - - 你会游泳吗, 彼得?

- - 当然, 我会.

**【解答】**Must 必须. May 可能. Can 能、会. Should 应该. 根据 Of course, I can. "当然, 我会." 可知, 表示"会"某种技能用 Can.

故选: C.

**【点评】**情态动词无人称和数的变化; 不能单独使用, 必须与其后的动词原形构成谓语, 否定形式通常在后面加 not, 要注意情态动词的不同用法, 结合语境, 选择合适答案.

7. **【分析】**我们都喜欢我们的音乐老师 - - 王老师. 她唱歌很好.

**【解答】**根据题干, 可知时态是一般现在时, 主语 she 接动词第三人称单数形式.

故选: B.

**【点评】**熟悉实义动词第三人称单数形式的用法, 结合题意, 给出答案.

8. **【分析】** - 汤姆, 放学后我们去踢足球吧.

- 这是个好主意.

**【解答】**句子考查 let's do sth 表示让我们做某事, 后面跟动词原形 play.

故选: C.

**【点评】**熟悉动词固定搭配的用法, 结合题意, 给出答案.

9. **【分析】** - 你喜欢什么颜色, 迈克?

- 我喜欢蓝色. 我的书包是蓝色的, 我的鞋也是蓝色的

**【解答】**根据 I like blue, 可知问的是颜色. A. 什么科目 B. 什么颜色 C. 哪本书 D. 什么运动.

故选: B.

**【点评】**熟悉 what colour 的用法, 结合题意, 给出答案.

10. **【分析】** - 你好吗, 吉姆?

我很好, 谢谢.

**【解答】**A. 谢谢您; B. 你好; C. 见到你很高兴. D. 很好, 谢谢. 根据 How are you? 可知应说很好, 谢谢.

故选: D.

**【点评】**仔细分析句子的结构, 根据 How are you? 结合选项作答.

二、完形填空 (共 4 分, 每小题 4 分) 阅读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项.





11. 【分析】文章是一篇说明文，作者介绍了他的教室里的摆设

【解答】(1) B 考查数词，A. one 一 B. two 二 C. three 三 D. four 四，根据 One is a map of China, the other one is a map of the world 一张是中国地图，另一张是世界地图。可知教室里有两张地图，故选 B.

(2) A 考查介词，A. for 为了 B. to 到... C. about 关于 D. at 在...，根据 There is a big desk...in the front of it, 可知是指"在教室前面的一张桌子是老师的讲桌"，for 表目的。故选 A.

(3) D 考查名词，A. pictures 图画 B. maps 地图 C. clocks 闹钟 D. windows 窗户，根据 in the wall, 可知是指窗户在墙上用介词 in, 其他用介词 on. 故选 D.

(4) C 考查动词，A. there are 有，复数 B. there is 有，单数形式 C. have 有，动词原形 D. has 有，第三人称单数形式，根据 We...four classes in the morning , 可知是指"我们早晨有四节课". 表示人有...，用 have/has. 表示某地有某物用 there be 句型. 主语 we 接动词原形. 故选 C.

【点评】解答完形填空题需要快速阅读全文，了解文章大意，再带着选项去读，边读边做，注意联系上下文。

三、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。(共 20 分，每小题 6 分)

12. 【分析】本文章主要讲述了和作者相关的三个人物，分别是奶奶、好朋友爱丽丝以及数学老师 - 李老师，并介绍了他们的基本情况。

【解答】细节理解题。

(1) C. 根据 She does some housework, such as cooking meals and watering flowers for us. 她做一些家务，比如给我们做饭和浇花。可知，奶奶为我们做家务，故选 C.

(2) B. 根据 Alice is my best friend. We often study and play table tennis together. 爱丽丝是我最好的朋友，我们经常一起学习和打网球。可知，作者和爱丽丝一起打网球，故选 B.

(3) B. 根据 His classes are always interesting because he uses lots of games in his teaching. 他的课总是很有趣，因为他在教学中使用了很多游戏。可知，李老师教学中用游戏使得课堂有趣，故选 B.

【点评】首先要通读全文，了解文章大意，紧紧抓住上下文语境所提供的信息，然后明确词意，结合排除法逐一选出答案。最后再通读全文，核对答案。

13. 【分析】文章主要讲了学习英语的一些好方法，如从听，说，读和写英语方面逐个提出建议。

【解答】(1) C. 细节理解题，根据第二段中 Speak English with your teachers and your classmates in and out of the class. Don't just read the textbooks, 第三段 Remember not to be afraid of making mistakes, 可知要和其他人用英语说话，不要只是读课本，且要记得不要害怕犯错，排除 A, B, D, 所以选 C. 故答案为 C.

(2) D. 细节理解题，根据第三段中 When you have trouble (麻烦) in learning it, you can ask your teachers and classmates. 可知要问同学和老师。故答案为 D. 故答案为 D.

(3) C. 主旨大意题，根据第一段中 There isn't an easy way to learn English, but there are some good ways



可知文章主要讲了学习英语的一些好方法。所以选 C。故答案为 C。

**【点评】**结合文本，找到相关题干的关键信息，核对相关信息，即可轻松解答。

14. **【分析】**本文讲述了在美国每年要庆祝很多节日。1月1日，和其它国家一样有新年，在一个月的1日还有另外四个节日：愚人节，劳动节，友情日和祖父母节。年轻人最重要的节日在二月，是情人节，许多男孩买玫瑰花当礼物送给女孩们。人们为家庭成员庆祝一些节日，在五月我们对我们的母亲说谢谢，在一个月庆祝父亲节。万圣节在十月末，孩子们经常玩南瓜灯戴各种面具。当然了，最重要的节日是圣诞节，经过一年的工作与学习，人们可以享受一个长假，吃大餐，拜访家人和朋友。

**【解答】**(1) C, 细节理解题。根据 The most important holiday for the young people comes in February. It is Valentine's Day. Lots of boys give red roses to girls as a present. 年轻人最重要的节日在二月，是情人节，许多男孩买玫瑰花当礼物送给女孩们，故选 C。

(2) C, 推理判断题。根据 We say thanks to our mother in May and celebrate Father's Day in the following month. 在五月我们对我们的母亲说谢谢，在一个月庆祝父亲节，可以推测出，父亲节在六月。故选 C。

(3) A, 推理判断题。根据 There are also some interesting holidays for children. For example, Halloween comes at the end of October. Children often play with pumpkin lanterns (南瓜灯) and put on all kinds of masks (面具)。孩子们也有一些有趣的节日，比如万圣节是在10月底，孩子们经常玩南瓜灯，戴上各种面具。可知，万圣节是孩子们有趣的节日之一。故选 A。

(4) B, 细节推测题。根据 On January 1, we welcome the coming of a new year like many people in other countries. And we have another four holidays on the first day of a month: April Fool's Day, May Day, Friendship Day (Aug.1) and Grandparents Day (Sep.1). 1月1日，和其它国家一样有新年，在一个月的1日还有另外四个节日：愚人节，劳动节，友情日和祖父母节，可以推测出有5个节日。故选 B。

**【点评】**先浏览所给的问题以及选择项，然后带着问题在通读原文的基础上快速地找到答案，然后再回过头来检查一遍，确保万无一失。

#### 四、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。(共4分，每小题4分)

15. **【分析】**短文是关于中国的传统节日——春节的描述，文内叙述了中国新年的风俗习惯：年前打扫清洁；除夕家家团圆吃年夜饭，熬夜坐岁，小孩子可以得到压岁钱，人们拜新年等等。

**【解答】**(1) It usually comes in January or February. 细节理解题。根据第一段句子 "We call the Chinese New Year the Spring Festival. It usually comes in January or February." 可知春节通常在一月或二月。故答案为 It usually comes in January or February.

(2) The year of the rat. 细节判断题。根据第一段句子 "And this year (2020年) is the year of the rat." 可知2020是鼠年，故答案为 The year of the rat.

(4) Before New Year's Day, people are busy shopping and cleaning their houses. 细节理解题。根据第二段句子 "Before New Year's Day, people are busy shopping and cleaning their houses." 可知元旦前，人们忙着购

物和打扫房子。故答案为 Before New Year's Day, people are busy shopping and cleaning their houses.

(5) They visit their relatives and friends. 细节理解题。根据第三段句子"On the first day of the New Year, people put on their new clothes and go to visit their relatives (亲戚) and friends."可知他们拜访亲戚和朋友。故答案为 They visit their relatives and friends.

【点评】做题时首先对原文材料迅速浏览，掌握全文的主旨大意。其次，细读题材，各个击破。掌握全文的大意之后，细细阅读材料后的问题，弄清每题要求后，带着问题，再回到原文中去寻找、捕获有关信息。

## 五、单词拼写 (共6分, 每小题1分) 根据句意填写所缺字母。

16. 【分析】安娜最喜欢英语。英语是她最喜欢的科目。

【解答】放在形容词性物主代词后面跟名词形式，从 English 结合首字母 s，应该是 subject，名词，科目。故填 subject.

【点评】首字母填空要根据所给的单词首字母，既要关注句子的含义，又要考虑语法结构，难度比较大，所以做的时候要细心认真。

17. 【分析】他是个篮球迷。他真的很喜欢姚明。

【解答】句子中放在 a 后面跟名词单数形式，从 He really likes Yao Ming 结合首字母 f，应该是 fan，名词，粉丝。

故填 fan.

【点评】首字母填空要根据所给的单词首字母，既要关注句子的含义，又要考虑语法结构，难度比较大，所以做的时候要细心认真。

18. 【分析】你今天没有英语课，因此你可以从书包里拿出你的英语词典。

【解答】句子中放在情态动词 can 后面跟动词原形，take out 表示拿出来。

故填 take.

【点评】首字母填空要根据所给的单词首字母，既要关注句子的含义，又要考虑语法结构，难度比较大，所以做的时候要细心认真。

19. 【分析】我看不见我的风筝，因为它在门后。

【解答】从 can't see my kite 结合首字母 b，应该是 behind，behind the door 表示在门后面。

故填 behind.

【点评】首字母填空要根据所给的单词首字母，既要关注句子的含义，又要考虑语法结构，难度比较大，所以做的时候要细心认真。

20. 【分析】我和我的朋友经常去我家门口的湖边跑步。

【解答】句子中 go+Ving 表示去做某事，从 near the lake in front of my house 结合首字母 r，应该是 running，run 的动名词形式，跑步。

故填 running.



【点评】首字母填空要根据所给的单词首字母，既要关注句子的含义，又要考虑语法结构，难度比较大，所以做的时候要细心认真。

21. 【分析】刘伟不会用手弹钢琴，但他会用脚弹。

【解答】从 with his hands but 判断这里用的是复数形式，but 前后是转折关系，前面是 hands，后面用 feet. 故填 feet.

【点评】首字母填空要根据所给的单词首字母，既要关注句子的含义，又要考虑语法结构，难度比较大，所以做的时候要细心认真。

六、完成句子（共 6 分，每小题 1 分）根据中英文提示完成下列各句，并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置上，答题卡只写答案即可。

22. 【分析】My cousin Anna is the same age as me.

【解答】the same...as 和...一样，年龄 age，和某人同岁 the same age as sb..

故答案为：the same age as.

【点评】汉译英，需要学生根据句意、时态和固定搭配等，来选择合适的单词或者短语，构成合乎语法、句意完整的句子。

23. 【分析】Tom, it's 8: 00 now. It's time to go home.

【解答】该做某事了 It's time to do sth., 是固定句式；根据句意"汤姆，现在 8 点钟啦。该回家了"和语法可知，要用固定句式 It's time to do sth., 要用一般现在时。

故答案为：It's time to.

【点评】汉译英，需要学生根据句意、时态和固定搭配等，来选择合适的单词或者短语，构成合乎语法、句意完整的句子。

24. 【分析】Daxing is famous for a new airport in China.

【解答】因...而闻名 be famous for, 是固定短语；根据句意"大兴因新机场而闻名国内"和语法可知，要用一般现在时，主语是第三人称单数，系动词用 is.

故答案为：is famous for.

【点评】汉译英，需要学生根据句意、时态和固定搭配等，来选择合适的单词或者短语，构成合乎语法、句意完整的句子。

25. 【分析】I like red, what about/ how about you?

【解答】...呢 what about/ how about, 是固定短语；根据句意"我喜欢红色，你呢"和语法可知，要用固定短语 what about/ how about.

故答案为：what about/ how about.

【点评】汉译英，需要学生根据句意、时态和固定搭配等，来选择合适的单词或者短语，构成合乎语法、句意完整的句子。



26. 【分析】 Lily is good at painting and I like her paintings very much.

【解答】 擅长 be good at, 是固定短语; 根据句意"莉莉擅长画画, 我很喜欢她的作品"和语法可知, 要用一般现在时, 主语是第三人称单数, 系动词用 is.

故答案为: is good at.

【点评】 汉译英, 需要学生根据句意、时态和固定搭配等, 来选择合适的单词或者短语, 构成合乎语法、句意完整的句子.

27. 【分析】 We are/ get ready for the final exams.

【解答】 为...做好准备 be/ get ready for, 是固定短语; 根据句意"我们为期末考试做好了准备"和语法可知, 要用一般现在时, 主语是 we, 系动词用 are.

故答案为: are/ get ready for.

【点评】 汉译英, 需要学生根据句意、时态和固定搭配等, 来选择合适的单词或者短语, 构成合乎语法、句意完整的句子.

七、文段表达(10分)从下面两个题目中任选一题, 根据中文和英文提示, 完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作. 文中已给出内容不计入总词数. 所给提示词语仅供选用. 请不要写出你的校名和姓名.

28. 【分析】 【高分句型一】

I like playing basketball because it makes me feel relaxed.

我喜欢打篮球, 因为它使我感到放松. like doing sth 喜欢做某事. because 引导原因状语从句.

【高分句型二】

My dream is to be a basketball player like Yao Ming when I grow up.

我的梦想是长大后成为像姚明那样的篮球运动员. when 引导时间状语从句.

【解答】 Dear Helen,

I'm glad to be your e - friend too. Now let me answer all your questions. (点题)

I'm 13 years old. I'm tall and slim. I have a round face and two big eyes. I have long hair. (年龄和外貌) I live in Beijing with my parents. (居住地) I like playing basketball because it makes me feel relaxed. 【高分句型一】

(爱好) I like winter, because I can go skiing. (喜欢的季节) My dream is to be a basketball player like Yao Ming when I grow up. 【高分句型二】 (梦想)

Hope to get your next email soon. (希望)

Yours,

Judy

【点评】 能够根据提示进行书面表达, 能够围绕主题准确使用一定的语法、词汇、短语和句型等, 清楚连贯地表达自己的思想, 进而完成写作任务.

29. 【分析】 【高分句型一】



His hobby is watching films.

他的爱好是看电影。 His hobby is doing sth. 他的爱好是做某事。

【高分句型二】

They have a five - year - old son.

他们有一个五岁的儿子。 a five - year - old son 一个五岁的儿子， five - year - old 五岁的，作定语。

【解答】Wu Jing is a good actor in China. His English name is Jason. He is 45 years old. His hobby is watching films. 【高分句型一】(吴京的英文名，工作，年龄，兴趣爱好) Wu Jing's wife is Xie Nan. Her English name is Lola. She is an actress. She is 36 years old. Her hobby is listening to music. (谢楠的英文名，工作，年龄，兴趣爱好) They have a five - year - old son. 【高分句型二】His name is Wu Suowei. His hobbies are drawing pictures and reading books. (吴所谓的年龄和兴趣爱好) They are a happy family.

【点评】该题目属于材料写作，写作时要注意材料内容，按要求将材料内容写完整，注意时态的用法，和前后叙述的逻辑性。例文时态采用一般过去时，对材料内容的描述比较完整，句子结构很清晰，要点完整。

