

怀柔区 2020 年高级中等学校招生模拟考试

英 语 试 卷

考 1. 本试卷共 8 页,满分 60 分,考试时间 90 分钟。

生 2. 在答题卡上准确填写学校名称、姓名和准考证号。

须 3. 试题答案一律填涂或书写在答题卡上,在试卷上作答无效。

4. 在答题卡上,选择题用 2B 铅笔作答,其它试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。

5. 考试结束,请将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

知识运用(共14分)

一、单项填空(共6分,每小题0.5分)

知

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. My brother is a	doctor. He loves	work very m	uch.
A. her	B. his	C. my	D. your
2 October	1st, 2019, China ce	elebrated its 70 th bir	thday.
A. In	B. On	C. At	D. From
3. — bo	oks do you read ev	ery year?	
— About 20.	I love reading.		
A. How much	B. How old	C. How many	D. How often
4. President Xi J	Jinpinga co	ongratulatory messa	age on Sunday to the Chinese
women's volle	yball team, after th	ey won the World C	Cup title.
A. send	B. sent	C. were sending	D. are sent
5. Sorry, sir. I	follow you. W	Vould you please sp	eak slowly?
A. can't	B. mustn'	t C. shouldn't	D. needn't
6. The film My Pe	eople, My Country	wasfilm in	China.
A. good	B. better	C. the best	D. well
7. My parents are	strict with me and	they don't allow m	e out late.
A. stay	B. stayed	C. to stay	D. staying
8. David	playing the piano	for 9 years, and he	is very good at it.
A. learns	B. is learning	C. will learn	D. has learned
9. Lily ran all the	way to school,	he was still late	
A. but	B. if	C. or	D. so
10. Be quiet! You	r grandpa		
A. sleeps	B. is sleeping	C. has slept	D. will sleep
11.The leaders'	roundtable meeti	ng of the Second	Belt and Road Forum for
International (Cooperation(第二	届一带一路高峰的	〉坛) at the Yanqi Lake
International (Convention Center	in Beijing, capital	of China, April 27, 2019.
A. was held	B. held	C. hold	D was holding
12. —Andy, con	uld you tell me	the school spo	rts meet?
—Next wee	ek.		



A. why we will have

C. when we will have

B. why will we have

D. when will we have

C. when we will have

二、完形填空(共8分,每小题1分)

阅读下面的短文,掌握其大意,然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择最佳选项。

"Mommy, I got something for you!" Cody ran through the door after school. His face wore the biggest smile ever. He waved something above his head. "It's a pen. But not just any pen. It's a lucky pen!" He handed me the pen___13___, waiting for my reaction (反应).

I looked at the pen in my hand. There was nothing <u>14</u> about it. It looked just like any other ballpoint pen. I had a drawer full of them. At that moment, I didn't realize how special it was or how much I would come to treasure (珍爱) it.

I had made the decision to be a writer. I had dreamed about it for a long time but I was afraid of being refused by the publishing houses. The night before, I told my husband my fear when I thought Cody wasn't listening. "What if nobody likes my writing and I fail?" But Cody did__15__ what I said. Now he stood in front of me, watching me examine the pen. "You don't have to be afraid now," he said. "This pen will make your __16__ great and everyone will love you."

Tears filled my eyes. Refusal (拒绝) and failure didn't seem like such a big problem anymore. Even if I never___17__ the first book, I had everything I could ever need. I knew that pen would bring me luck, though. And I felt lucky already, just by having Cody in my life, especially when I heard what he did to get it.

In the lunchroom, Cody heard an older boy talking about having a lucky <u>18</u>. He decided to get it for me. The boy was a tough negotiator (强硬的谈判者) but Cody didn't give up. In the end, he <u>19</u> his favorite Matchbox car, two army men his brother gave him, a crayon, and a piece of candy — his most important things, for that pen. Just to make me feel better.

I still have that pen, though it's long out of ink, in a cup on my desk. When a refusal letter arrives and I start feeling sorry, I look at it and remember just how lucky I am. For while I value that pen, it's Cody who I really _____ in my life.

13. A. easily	B. carefully	C. proudly	D. naturally
14. A. strange	B. special	C. important	D. interesting
15. A. hear	B. accept	C. expect	D. believe
16. A. life	B. dream	C. stories	D. choices
17. A. returned	B.sold	C. cared	D. chose



18. A. penB. toyC. dogD. gift19. A. foundB. keptC. threwD. changed20. A. respectB. praiseC. serveD. treasure

阅读理解(共36分)

三、阅读下列短文,根据短文内容,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择最佳选项。(共 26 分,每小题 2 分)

A

Places to visit in London ☆The Thames

It runs through London, dividing the city into two parts. It's interesting to take a trip on the river. This way, you can see almost every place of interest of London in one day.

☆Big Ben

May 31, 2019 is the 160th birthday of the

largest four-face clock in the world—Big Ben. It isn't the name of the tower itself but the 13-ton bell inside it. Every hour, it "bongs" the number of hours to tell the time.



Places to visit in Liverpool ☆Sport: "Liverpool FC"

Do you love football? Visit Anfield football center, home to Liverpool's favorite football team.

Closed on Sat.& Sun.

Adult: £ 15.00

Under-16s and student: £ 9.00

Child under six: Free



☆Music: "The Beatles Story"

If you love The Beatles-

the world-famous 1960s music group, come here! Open every day except Dec 25 and 26

Adult: £16.00

Under-16s and student: £ 12.00

Child under six: Free



- 21. What's the suggested way to visit the most places of interest in one day in London?
 - A. To go by boat. B. To go by bus. C. To go by subway. D. To go by taxi.
- 22. What does "FC" mean in "Liverpool FC"?
 - A. Fried Chicken. B. Famous Coach. C. Football Club. D. Free City.
- 23. David, a music fan, wants to go to his favorite place in Liverpool with his



9-year-old daughter and his baby son. How much should he pay?

A. £ 0.

B. £ 24.

C. £ 28.

D. 32.

B.

Linda has been a vegetarian for years. She stopped eating meat because of how she felt as she told her doctor, she always felt tired. Her doctor looked her over and told her to eat less meat. She bought a vegetarian cook book and decided to "go all the way". She still eats eggs and cheese sometimes; now, however, most of her food is vegetables, fruits, and grains. Linda became a vegetarian to improve her health.

Nancy is an animal lover. Nancy grew up on a farm where there were cows and chickens. As she grew older, she started to eat less meat. One day she realized that she had stopped eating meat. It had never seemed right to her that animals were fed to be killed for food.

When Mark was a student, he had a careful plan of how to spend money. The little money that he had for food, he spent on rice, cheap vegetables. He learned to be a very good cook. Now Mark is a successful engineer, but he still eats simple foods, and no meat.

Roy is an environmentalist. He knows that the population is increasing faster and faster, but the land for growing food is not increasing at all. He knows that it takes sixteen kilos of grain to make one kilo of meat; he thinks about the fifteen kilos of grain that are wasted if he eats meat "Somewhere," he says, "someone hasn't got enough to eat and is dying. How can I enjoy a thick steak?" Mark's ideas about what is right and wrong make him a vegetarian.

- 24. Linda became a vegetarian because
 - A. she was badly ill
 - B. she wanted to be healthier
 - C. she enjoyed eating vegetables
 - D. her doctor asked her to do so
- 25. Which of the following is true?
 - A. Linda only eats fruits and vegetables.
 - B. Nancy became a vegetarian when she was old.
 - C. Roy doesn't like steak at all.
 - D. We aren't sure when Roy became a vegetarian..
- 26. The main idea of this passage is that .
 - A. meat is not good for one's health
 - B. we had better become vegetarians
 - C. people choose to be vegetarians for different reasons
 - D. people become vegetarians because they don't like meat



 \mathbf{C}

In 1987, a small company names Huawei was started in Shenzhen. After more than 30 years of development, the company has now beaten Apple and become the world's second-largest maker of smartphones behind Korea's Samsung. It has also



become the world's largest supplier(供应商) of 5G..

But recently, Huawei faced some difficulties. The U.S. government ordered a ban(禁令) on its sales in America. American officials said Huawei gave information that it collected to the Chinese government. At the same time, the U.S. government planned to stop selling parts and services to Huawei, which was believed that Huawei's business would be hurt.

"We have never received such a request from the Chinese government and we have never tried to get into other systems to collect information." Ren Zhengfei, Huawei's founder and president said. "This ban from the U.S. would have little effect on our company. Huawei has enough ability to deal with the problems." Ren added.

In an interview several years ago, Ren Zhengfei said, "I started Huawei with only $\pm 4,000$ at the beginning, but now it has become a \$100 billion company. The experience was not as romantic as you imagine."

Facing the ban of the U.S., Huawei is growing. Huawei's smartphone sales around the world rose 50 percent compared to a year earlier in the first three months of 2019. At the same time, sales from both Samsung and Apple fell. So far, Huawei has grown into the world's largest telecommunications equipment(电信设备) supplier, selling in 170 countries! It may beat Samsung as the largest smartphone maker in the near future.

- 27. Why did the U.S. order a ban on Huawei?
 - A. Huawei's sales in America were growing faster than Apple.
 - B. Huawei refused to supply services to the U.S. government.
 - C. They didn't want Apple to sell parts and services to Huawei.
 - D. They thought Huawei, collected information for the Chinese government.
- 28. From what Ren Zhengfei said, we can learn that Huawei
 - A. is deeply affected by the ban
 - B. has go to the system of the U.S.
 - C. can solve the problems they are facing
 - D. is asked to supply information to China
- 29. What does the writer want to tell us in the last paragraph?
 - A. Huawei is full of hope.
 - B. Huawei will grow slowly.
 - C. Huawei's sales will be doubled.
 - D. Huawei is the largest smartphone maker.

D

If you go shopping in any toy store, you can see clearly the different games and toys for boys and girls: there are a lot of pink toys on one side of the store for girls; and dark-colored cars, guns, and soldiers for boys. Some big stores with toys may even have a pink floor for girls and a blue floor for boys. In fact, it is difficult to buy a toy for a girl that is not pink.

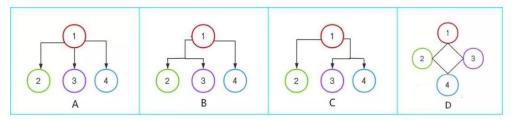
Some people think that too much pink is bad for girls. Sue Palmer, writer of Toxic Childhood, is very worried that most girls over the age of three <u>are captivated about</u> the color. According to some scientists, this happens for two reasons. Firstly, most companies offer too many products in pink. Also, many parents think their little

daughter looks cute in pink. Sue Palmer says that girls at this age cannot make proper decisions by themselves, but the pink can affect (影响) the choices and the decisions they will make in the future.

Some parents are worried, too, for example, Vanessa Holburn, thirty-two, who has two girls under the age of four. Their bedrooms are a sea of pink and Vanessa is not happy. "Pink says that you are soft and gentle. Blue says that you are strong and powerful. I want my daughters to be strong and powerful. I'm worried that pink will not help them with that," she says.

But not everyone thinks there's something wrong with pink. Grayson Turner is a father of three girls and he isn't worried at all. "People forget that things change all the time," he says. "My girls used to love pink when they were little, but as they get older, they change." Turner explains that his twelve-year-old daughter never wears pink clothes anymore. "This love of pink is just a fashion and all fashions change," he adds. "It's only since the 1940s that people have stated dressing girls——in pink before that it was a color for boys."

30. Which of the following best shows the structure of the passage?



31. The underlined phrase "are captivated about" in Paragraph 2 probably means

A. are afraid of

B. are tired of

C. are crazy about

D. are nervous about

- 32. According to Grayson Turner,
 - A. all little kids love the color pink
 - B. his girls now prefer the color blue
 - C. pink has always been a color for girls
 - D. parents needn't worry about pink toys
- 33. The purpose of this passage is to _____
 - A. explain why girls are crazy about the color pink
 - B. make parents less worried about the color pink
 - C. encourage girls to give up playing with pink toys
 - D. show people's different opinions about the color pink

四、阅读短文,根据短文内容回答问题。(共10分,每小题2分)

Why do we need to throw less away? There are two reasons. One is that some resources (资源) are nonrenewable (不可再生的). That means there is only a certain amount of that resource in the world. One example of this is oil. When we use up all the oil in the world, there will be no more.

There is another reason for throwing less away. All of our trash has to be put





somewhere. Often, it is put into garbage dumps (垃圾场). Much of that trash will be there for hundreds of years. The dumps will be filled up with all this trash.

There are three ways to cut down on trash.

One way is to recycle. When you recycle something, it means it is made into another shape and used again. Old newspaper may become paper bags. A glass jar can be melted (熔化) and made into a bottle.

Another way to cut down on trash is to reuse things. You can wash and use again a bottle that can hold mustard (芥末酱) or something else.

The third way to cut down on trash is to reduce the amount of trash you make, stop buying thing that you don't need in the first place. That reduce the amount of the earth's resources that you use.

- 34. How many reasons do we need to throw less away?
- 35. Will the dumps be filled up with all this trash?
- 36. If a broken plastic box is changed into a plastic ruler, what is the way is to cut down on trash?
- 37. Why do we wash and use again a bottle that can hold mustard (芥末酱) or something else?
- 38. What is the passage mainly talking about?

书面表达(10分)

- 五、文段表达(10分)
- 39. 从下面两个题目中任选一题,根据中文和英文提示,完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

假如你是李华,你想邀请你校交换生 Mike 参加你班活动---参观慕田峪长城,请你写一封邮件告诉他出发时间和地点以及游览注意事项等。

提示词语: school gate, by bus, 2 hours, take...with,

提示问题: ● When and where will you meet?

- How long will you visit the Great Wall?
- What is your advice for Mike about the activity?

Dear Mike,

How is it going?

I'm writing to invite you to join our activity—visit the Mutianyu Great Wall.

If there is anything that I can do, please let me know.

Yours.

Li Hua

题目②

假如你是李华,你的美国朋友 Nancy 来信询问有关新冠病毒 (COVID-19) 疫情的信息。

请你给 Nancy 回信, 内容包括: 人们是如何抗疫的? 你做了什么? 疫情期间你的感受?

提示词语: stay at home, clean hands, open the window, online learning, exercise, cook, hero, overcome the epidemic(战胜疫情)

提示问题:

- What do people do to fight the epidemic (抗疫)?
- What do you do during that time?
- What is your feeling now? (our government/doctors /nurses/yourself...)

I'm glad to receive your email and you asked me to share with you what I'm doing during the epidemic. I am writing to tell you about this				



怀柔区 2019-2020 年度初三模拟测试

英语参考答案



- 二、完形填空 13. C 14. B. 15.A16.C 17.B18.A 19.D20.D
- 三、阅读理解 A. 21 A 22.C 23. C
 - B. 24B 25 D 26C
 - C. 27 D 28C 29A
 - D. 30. B 31. C 32. D 33. D

四、阅读短文,回答问题

- 34. Two.
- 35. Yes, they will.
- 36. To recycle.
- 37. Because we want to cut down on trash./ Because we want to reuse things./ Because we want to cut down on trash and to reuse things.
- 38. The reasons for throwing less away and the ways to cut down on trash.
- 五、文段表达
- 39. 略

文段表达评分标准

先根据文章整体内容确定档次,然后在该档次内评出分数。

第一档: (10~9分)

完全符合题目要求,观点正确,要点齐全。句式多样,词汇丰富。语言准确,语意连贯, 表达清楚,具有逻辑性。

第二档: (8~6分)

基本符合题目要求,观点正确,要点齐全。语法结构和词汇基本满足文章需要。语言基本通顺,语意基本连贯,表达基本清楚。虽然有少量语言错误,但不影响整体理解。

第三档: (5~3分)

部分内容符合题目要求,要点不齐全。语法结构和词汇错误较多、语言不通顺,表达不够清楚, 影响整体理解。

第四档: (2~0分)

与题目有关内容不多, 只是简单拼凑提示词语, 所写内容难以理解。

