

2022 北京一六一中初一（下）期中



英 语

班级_____姓名_____学号_____

考生须知

- 1.本习题共 9 页，满分 100 分(含口语 10 分)，练习时间 100 分钟。
- 2.练习答案一律书写在答题卡上，在习题卷上作答无效。
- 3.答题卡上用黑色字迹钢笔或签字笔作答。
- 4.练习结束后，将答题卡拍照上传至小管家并将选择题答案按题号输入小管家答题卡。

听力理解 (共 16 分)

一、听下面 4 段对话。每段对话后有两道小题，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话你将听两遍。(本大题共 8 小题，每小题 1.5 分，共 12 分)

请听一段对话，完成第 1 至第 2 小题。

1.What did the man lose?

A. A phone. B. A wallet. C. A bag.

2.Where did the man probably lose it?

A. In a restaurant. B. In a library. C. In a bank.

请听一段对话，完成第 3 至第 4 小题。

3.Where does the man want to go?

A. A supermarket. B. A cinema. C. A bookstore.

4.How does the man get there?

A. By car. B. By bus. C. On foot.

请听一段对话，完成第 5 至第 6 小题。

5.What does the woman want to buy?

A. A dress. B. A T-shirt. C. A skirt.

6.How much does the woman need to pay?

A. 300 yuan. B. 100 yuan. C. 150 yuan.

请听一段对话，完成第 7 至第 8 小题。

7.What did Grandpa do last week?

A.He had a trip to the city.

B.He went back to his hometown.

C.He worked on the farm.

8.How did Grandpa feel about his childhood?



o'clock in the morning to nine o'clock in the evening. Therefore, all the housework is left to my mum. Besides her own job, she also has to work at the vineyard (葡萄园).

Every day she gets up at 4 o'clock in the morning, and then works till dark. One day I called her at 7:30 in the evening, and she told me that she was still in the vineyard and hadn't had supper yet. Tears ran down from 18 cheeks (脸颊), and I was filled with 19. I promise her to study hard in the university, because I am her hope. I promise her to take care of myself, because I am important to her... I promise her so much and I just want her to promise me that she can take care of herself and dad because they are just like the blood in my body. I cannot 20 without them.

In my 21, everyone is common. We are willing to earn our living by our own hands. We are very happy to have the meal together on the New Year's Eve. My mother has ever said that everyone in the family is important, no one can be absent (缺席的).

Mum has ever said that the 22 time for Dad and her is when my sister and I come back home. We play cards in the room, watch TV, do anything we like with dad and mum preparing delicious food in the 23. It is also the happiest time for me. At that moment, I could forget all the difficulties and unhappiness. The only thing I would like to do is to 24 the time with my parents.

Love, sometimes, speaks louder than words. Give your parents a call, and tell them you miss them...

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|
| 17. A. cook | B. feed | C. eat | D. live |
| 18. A. my | B. his | C. her | D. our |
| 19. A. happiness | B. excitement | C. worry | D. trouble |
| 20. A. study | B. live | C. develop | D. succeed |
| 21. A. city | B. class | C. family | D. area |
| 22. A. busiest | B. happiest | C. luckiest | D. easiest |
| 23. A. bathroom | B. living room | C. study | D. kitchen |
| 24. A. get | B. find | C. control | D. enjoy |

阅读理解 (共 34 分)

五、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。(本大题共 13 小题，37-45 小题每小题 2 分，46-49 小题每小题 1 分，共 22 分)

A

Do you have plans for your summer holiday? Good plans help you spend a meaningful and excellent holiday.

Jason Moore, 18

This summer, I'll volunteer with Special House Program. The workers there are well trained and they have a lot of building experience. They build good, low-cost houses and sell them to the poor.

They'll teach me what to do, and then I am going to have a chance to learn how to build houses.



Richard Smith, 14

I am writing to my pen friend abroad, telling him what I want to do during my holidays. My classmates and I will go on a one-day picnic on the beach of Oneida Lake. My math and chemistry are not good enough, so I will spend two weeks on extra lessons. And the rest of the holiday I will go lazing around, listen to music or watch some programs on television.

Mark Perez, 17

There are many things that I would like to do in my holidays. First of all, I will visit all my friends by turns. Besides, my classmates and I will organize cricket(板球) matches in the Fitness Gym during the holiday. Cricket is my favorite sport. I am looking forward to playing in the matches and bringing honors to our team.

25. _____ will be a volunteer this summer.

- A. Jason Moore B. Richard Smith C. Mark Perez D. Alexi Brown

26. Richard Smith will go to _____.

- A. Special House Program B. Oneida Lake
C. the Fitness Gym D. Mongolia

27. Mark Perez is planning to _____.

- A. learn how to build houses B. have extra lessons
C. take part in cricket matches D. have a long trip

B

Katy's Book Report

It was Monday afternoon. Pointing to the blackboard, Mr. Hayes reminded, his students, "You should hand in your book report next Monday."

Katy said in a low voice, "I haven't started yet."

Tom looked surprised, "I've already finished reading mine."

"We still have a whole week," Katy said, "There's plenty of time. I will start reading it tonight right after the soccer practice."

But Katy was too tired to read after the soccer practice. "I'll start the book tomorrow, he told herself.

Tuesday came. Katy watched TV for a few hours, and then worked on her coin collection until bedtime. "It's too late to read now," Katy decided. "Tomorrow, I'll start it for sure."

On Wednesday, Tom warned her not to leave things until the last minute. "It's not the last minute," Katy told him. "I still have four whole days left."

Unfortunately, she had to clean up her messy room first. Then, she was too tired to read. So Katy put off starting her book until Thursday.

Katy finally began reading her book on Thursday. It was so hard that she had read only a few pages by bedtime.

On Friday night, Katy gave up watching her favorite video, for she had to read her book. Then on Saturday



morning, she went on reading it.

"At least I have the whole weekend," she thought. However, she forgot her soccer game! So she lost several hours to read, which made her even more worried.

Katy read for the rest of Saturday, and she thought to herself, "I wish I'd started it earlier, like Tom!"

Katy finally finished reading her book on Sunday morning and stayed up writing her book report until, midnight.

She looked tired and nervous, thinking to herself, "I think this project has taught me an important lesson."

28. What did Mr. Hayes remind his students to work on?

- A. A video game.
- B. A soccer practice.
- C. A book report.
- D. A coin collection.

29. How did Katy feel after the soccer game on Saturday?

- A. Bored.
- B. Worried.
- C. Shocked.
- D. Disappointed.

30. What lesson has Katy got from the project?

- A. She should read more books.
- B. She should learn more writing skills.
- C. She shouldn't compare herself with others.
- D. She shouldn't leave her work to the last minute.

C

Travel in the Future

These days, if you want to travel from New York to Beijing, the flight takes about 16 hours. You also have to wait at the airport, and sometimes you have to transfer (换乘) onto a different airplane. If you add all of that extra time, the trip takes at least 20 hours. But in the future, the trip from New York to Beijing might only take two hours.

Right now, a company is developing something called ET3, which stands for "evacuated tube (真空管) transport technology". Here's how it works. A tube goes all the way from New York to Beijing. The tube is only a few meters wide. Capsules (舱) move through the tube. Six people can sit in one capsule. The capsules use electricity instead of oil. For international travel, the capsules can travel at about 6,500 kilometers per hour. That's much faster than airplanes—most modern airplanes usually only fly at about 800 kilometers per hour.

So how is this possible? How can these capsules travel so fast? The answer is that there is no air inside the tube. When airplanes fly, they have to move through air. The air slows the airplanes down. Because there isn't any air in the ET3 tubes, the capsules are able to move at a very high speed. Also, the capsules are quite light. Each only weighs 183 kilograms.

There are other advantages to ET3. Because it uses electricity, it's quite clean. Also, it's a lot quieter than airplanes and cars. Finally, ET3 tubes and capsules don't require very much building materials.

Of course, ET3 doesn't come into use yet. The technology is still being developed. Developers still have to solve a lot of problems. The biggest problem is that right now ET3 would be far too expensive. In order to make ET3 cheaper, we will need much better technology.

It's exciting to think of how ET3 will change the travel in the future. Who knows? Maybe someday you'll be able to have lunch in New York and dinner in Beijing.

31. According to the passage, an ET3 looks more like a _____.

- A. spaceship
- B. bus
- C. plane
- D. subway train

32. ET3 travels at the very high speed because _____.



- A. it is powered by electricity and oil
C. it moves through a tube without air
33. From the passage, the writer expects that _____.
- A. modern technology will be used in airplanes
C. less money will be spent for passengers on ET3
- B. it is much lighter than an airplane
D. it is made up of fewer capsules
- B. ET3 will take the place of airplanes some day
D. ET3 will change the travel in the future greatly



When you are sitting in class, have you ever drawn pictures in the margins (页边的空白处) of your notebooks? If so, you are doodling. Many people think of doodling as a distraction (分心) from more important things. But it might be just the opposite. Doodling might help one focus on work.

One study shows that doodling may help you remember things you hear. In 2009 researchers asked two groups of people to listen to a phone message. One group was encouraged to doodle, but the other was not. Neither group knew that it would be asked to remember information from the message. But the group that doodled remembered 29% more.

Other people have suggested other uses for doodling. Jesse Prinz, a professor who studies doodling, says it can help you think creatively. Walking away from a problem to draw might actually help you solve it. When you come back, you'll have a fresh perspective (观点) and figure out an answer more quickly.

An author named Sunni Brown wrote a book on doodling. She argues that doodling is a tool that can help people think. She admits that people see doodling as doing nothing, but she wants to change that. In fact, she runs a business that helps companies improve organization and planning through doodling.

Brown believes doodling is helpful because it includes many ways of learning. You learn in four ways: seeing, hearing, reading or writing, and through movement. The more ways you use, the better you learn. And when you doodle while listening to a lecture, you use all four.

You might think that being good at drawing is important for doodling. But if the point of doodling is to help you think, then it doesn't matter what the picture looks like. Even if you're not an artist, doodling can help you. So next time you need help focusing, pick up a pen and doodle away!

34. Which of the following is true?
- A. Jesse Prinz thinks doodling can help people remember better.
B. Brown believes doodling involves four ways of learning.
C. One study shows doodling is a distraction from more important things.
D. Many people think that doodling may be good for your learning and thinking.
35. According to the passage, when you have a problem, you might find a way to solve it by _____.
- A. having a conversation
C. drawing lines or shapes
- B. watching a movie
D. wondering in the park
36. The writer probably agrees _____.
- A. doodling has drawn more attention
C. doodling develop one's patience
- B. doodling needs good drawing skill
D. doodling helps one focus attention



37. What's the passage mainly about?

- A. The problems of doodling.
- B. The causes of doodling.
- C. The advantages of doodling.
- D. The side effects of doodling.

六、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。（本大题共 6 小题，每小题 2 分，共 12 分）

A

Many of us don't pay much attention to the importance of eye care. It is said that if you take care of your body, then you can surely be healthy. That is why our eyes should be given a lot of care. Then what can we do? Should we take some medicine? No. Natural eye care should be put in a number one place.

There are several causes leading to poor eyesight like not enough food, genes (基因) and age. Televisions, computers and reading are also the causes of having poor eyesight. If you happen to work in front of the computer, it is best to take a break every once in a while. Something dirty can cause redness and they will make you feel uncomfortable. It is bad for your eyes, too. If this happens, the best way is to clean your eyes by using cold water. You must also try your best to protect your eyes from harmful things. For example, wearing sunglasses can serve as a great way to protect your eyesight from UV rays in the strong sunlight.

Some foods will be good for your eyesight. Remember that vitamins A, C and E are good for eyes. Try to eat food groups that have these vitamins. And you should do eye exercises because exercise protects your eyesight, too. If a person exercises regularly and eats the right kind of food, his eyes will stay in good condition for a long time.

All above are natural ways of eye care that help us keep healthy eyes. Being happy all the time can be helpful to a person's eyesight, too. In a word, eye care is very important, no matter how old a person is.

38. Do many of us pay much attention to the importance of eye care?

39. What should you do if you work in front of the computer?

40. Why do people wear sunglasses in the strong sunlight?

41. What kind of food is good for eyes?

42. How can you keep eyes healthy besides eating healthy food and doing eye exercises?

B





When he was only 14 years old, William Kamkwamba started to dream up a windmill that would produce electricity(电) for his village in Malawi in Africa. What was the trouble? As Malawi was experiencing the worst famine(饥荒) in 50 years, William had to drop out of school because his family could not afford \$80 every year. This meant he not only had no money to buy the parts but also had no formal education to teach him how to put them together. However, he wouldn't give up.

Strong-willed, he headed to the local library and read its limited(有限的) textbooks, then gathered some waste parts—a bicycle engine, bamboo poles(杆), a tractor fan, rubber belts, a bike chain ring—and brought his dream to life, building a working windmill. It took him five years to perfect the design. And he went on to found the Moving Windmills Project in 2008 to encourage economic development and education projects in the countryside in Malawi.

In 2009 William shared his moving story in a book. Now the story of creativity is being adapted(改编) for young hearts and minds in the beautifully pictured book. William's story shines with all the more cheerfulness in the hands of 27-year-old artist Elizabeth Zunon. Her rich and romantic paintings excite the young readers with wonderful abilities.

43. What kind of boy do you think William is?

书面表达 (共 22 分)

七、根据句意和音标, 写出单词 (本大题共 4 小题, 每小题 0.5 分, 共 2 分)

44. China is _____ /'feɪməs/ for the Great Wall.

45. In my opinion, paying over the Internet isn't always _____ /seɪf/.

46. On my _____ /'bedru:m/ walls there were pictures of my favorite movie stars.

47. You can cross the river by _____ /bəʊt/.

八、根据中文意思和提示词语完成句子 (本大题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

48. 为什么不在公园野餐呢? (picnic)

49. 银行紧挨着电影院。

50. 与他人和睦相处很重要。(important)

51. 他不仅会弹钢琴而且也会踢足球。(not only...but also)



52. 我每天花一个小时做运动。(take, sports)

九、文段表达 (10 分)

53. 根据中文和英文提示, 完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

母亲节就要到了, 你准备送妈妈一份特别的礼物, 为此你设计了北京一日游(a one-day tour in Beijing), 打算和妈妈共度一个轻松难忘的节日。请用英文介绍你的一日安排, 包括你们打算去哪, 做什么, 并简述你这样安排的理由。

提示词语: the Forbidden City, Beihai Park, the National Grand Theater, The National Museum, Laoshe Teahouse, Quanjude Roast Duck Restaurant, enjoy, go boating, concert, movie, unforgettable

提示问题:

- ◆ Where are you going?
- ◆ What are you going to do?
- ◆ Why do you plan these activities?

Mother's Day is coming.

参考答案



知识运用（共 18 分）

三、单项填空（本大题共 12 小题，每小题 0.5 分，共 6 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. 【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——这是你妈妈的包吗？——不。她的是蓝色的。

考查名词性物主代词。She “她”，人称代词主格；Herself “她自己”，反身代词；Hers “她的”，名词性物主代词。根据 “Is this your mother’s bag? No...is blue.” 可知，此处答语是她的包是蓝色的，空处需填名词性物主代词，作主语，hers “她的”，名词性物主代词。故选 C。

2. 【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你出生在哪里？——我出生在上海。

考查 be 动词和介词辨析。in 在……里，表示“在某范围之内”；on 在……上，表示“接壤”。根据 “Where...you born? I was born...Shanghai.” 可知，主语是 you，be 动词用 were，可排除 B 选项；空二表示“在上海”，其英文表达为 in Shanghai。故选 A。

3. 【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：昨晚我很累，所以我很早就上床睡觉了。

考查连词辨析。but 但是；so 所以；or 或者。根据 “I was very tired last night” 和 “I went to bed early” 可知，因为昨晚很累，所以上床睡觉早，前后句为因果关系，故应用 so 来连接。故选 B。

4. 【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：光线有点暗。请把灯打开。我想看本书。

考查名词辨析。TV 电视；computer 电脑；light 灯。根据 “I want to read a book” 可知，看书需要明亮的光线，因此要开灯。故选 C。

5. 【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：每天成千上万的人来到天安门广场。

考查数词的表达。表示确切的数量，用基数词+数词单数；表示概数，用数词复数+of。结合三个选项可知，只有 A 的结构正确，故选 A。

6. 【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你做完作业后打算去哪里？——我打算去公园遛狗。



考查疑问词。What “什么”，对事物，事件提问，疑问代词；Where “哪里”，对地点提问，疑问代词；Who “谁”，对人提问，疑问代词。根据 “...are you going after you finish your homework?” 可知，问句的句意是“你做完作业后去哪儿”，对地点提问。故选 B。

7. 【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：作为一个乐迷，露西经常在业余时间拉小提琴。

考查动词时态。根据 often 可知，此句是一般现在时，主语 Lucy 是第三人称单数形式，动词用三单，故选 C。

8. 【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：——你能教我如何制作一个视频吗？——没问题。我明天有空。

考查情态动词辨析。May 可能，也许；Can 能，可以；Must 必须。根据 “... you teach me how to make a video?” 可知，此处是表示请求，应用 Can。故选 B。

9. 【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：玲玲这周末打算复习功课因为下周将会有有一个重要的考试。

考查动词短语。go over lessons 表示“复习功课”；do the housework 表示“做家务”；go camping 表示“去露营”。根据 “Lingling is going to...this weekend because there is going to be an important exam next week.” 可知，这周末玲玲要复习功课，因为下周有重要考试，A 选项“复习功课”符合语境。故选 A。

10. 【答案】B

【解析】

【详解】句意：今天我很忙。我将花几个小时准备我的演讲。

考查动名词作宾语。to prepare 动词不定式；preparing 动名词；prepare “为……做准备”，动词。根据 “I will spend several hours...for my speech.” 可知，Sb spend(s) some time doing sth 表示“某人花费一些时间做某事”，空处需填动名词，作宾语，preparing 为动词 prepare “为……做准备” 动名词。故选 B。

11. 【答案】C

【解析】

【详解】句意：——Tina 在哪里？——她在厨房里。她正在做晚饭。

考查时态。根据 “She is in the kitchen. She ... dinner.” 可知，此处表示她正在做晚饭，时态要用现在进行时，结构为 be doing。故选 C。

12. 【答案】A

【解析】

【详解】句意：——打扰一下，这附近有医院吗？——有的。学校对面有一家医院。

考查情景交际。Is there a hospital near here 这附近有医院吗；Where is the hospital 医院在哪里；How far is the hospital 医院有多远。根据答语 “Yes.” 判断空处为一般疑问句，再根据 “There is a hospital opposite the



school.”可知，空处是询问附近是否有医院。故选 A。

四、完形填空（本大题共 12 小题，每小题 1 分，共 12 分）

【答案】13. B 14. D 15. A 16. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了拉里想当飞行员，用气球将椅子带上天，因为意外不能下来，最后气球没气了，拉里才着陆。

【13 题详解】

句意：拉里把四十五个大气球系在椅子上，然后坐在椅子上。根据“Larry ties forty-five big...to his chair...”可知，在椅子上系了 45 个大气球，“基数词（one 除外）+名词复数”，B 选项 balloons “气球”为名词 balloon 的复数形式，符合语境。故选 B。

【14 题详解】

句意：拉里能看见房屋和树木在他下面。根据“Larry can...houses and trees below him.”可知，能看到他下面的房屋和树木，情态动词 can 后需填动词原形，D 选项 see “看见”符合语境。故选 D。

【15 题详解】

句意：飞机正从他旁边和下面飞过。根据“Airplanes are...over him and under him.”可知，飞机正在他周围飞行，时态为现在进行时，动词用现在分词，A 选项 flying “飞行”为动词 fly 的现在分词，符合语境。故选 A。

【16 题详解】

句意：人们听到了拉里的声音，但是不能帮助他。根据“People hear Larry,...they can't help him.”可知，人们听到拉里的呼救，但是无法帮助他，句子为转折关系，C 选项 but “但是”符合语境。故选 C。

（二）阅读短文，掌握其大意，然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

【答案】17. A 18. A 19. C 20. B 21. C 22. B 23. D 24. D

【解析】

【导语】本文主要讲述了作者在和父母通电话时，想起父母工作的艰辛，以及和父母在一起的美好时光。

【17 题详解】

句意：我不需要自己做饭，也不需要洗碗。

cook 烹饪；feed 喂养；eat 吃；live 居住。根据上文“I have supper at 5 o'clock in the dining hall.”可知，作者在学校不需要自己做饭和洗碗。故选 A。

【18 题详解】

句意：眼泪从我的脸颊上流下来，我充满了担忧。

my 我的；his 他的；her 她的；our 我们的。根据空后“I”可知，此处指“我的”，应用 my。故选 A。

【19 题详解】

句意：眼泪从我的脸颊上流下来，我充满了担忧。

happiness 快乐；excitement 兴奋；worry 担忧；trouble 麻烦。根据上文“she told me that she was still in the



vineyard and hadn't had supper yet"可知，已经是晚上了，作者听到自己母亲还在葡萄园，还没有吃晚饭，内心充满担忧。故选 C。

【20 题详解】

句意：我不能没有他们。

study 学习；live 活着，生存；develop 发展；succeed 成功。根据“they are just like the blood in my body”可知，作者不能没有父母。故选 B。

【21 题详解】

句意：在我家，每个人都很普通。

city 城市；class 班级；family 家庭；area 区域。根据下文“We are willing to earn our living by our own hands. ...”可知，此处指在作者的家庭。故选 C。

【22 题详解】

句意：妈妈曾经说过，对爸爸和她来说，最快乐的时刻就是我和妹妹回家的时候。

busiest 最忙碌的；happiest 最快乐的；luckiest 最幸运的；easiest 最容易的。根据“the ... time for Dad and her is when my sister and I come back home”可知，对于作者父母而言，作者和其妹妹回家的时候是最快乐的时刻。故选 B。

【23 题详解】

句意：我们在房间里打牌，看电视，做任何我们喜欢的事，而爸爸妈妈在厨房准备美味的食物。

bathroom 浴室；living room 客厅；study 书房；kitchen 厨房。根据“preparing delicious food in the ...”可知，在厨房准备美味的食物。故选 D。

【24 题详解】

句意：我唯一想做的就是享受和父母在一起的时光。

get 得到；find 找到；control 控制；enjoy 享受。根据上文“It is also the happiest time for me. At that moment, I could forget all the difficulties and unhappiness.”可知，作者享受和父母在一起的时光。故选 D。

阅读理解（共 34 分）

五、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。（本大题共 13 小题，37-45 小题每小题 2 分，46-49 小题每小题 1 分，共 22 分）

【答案】 25. A 26. B 27. C

【解析】

【导语】 本文主要介绍了三个人的暑假计划。

【25 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Jason Moore, 18: This summer, I'll volunteer with Special House Program.”可知，Jason Moore 暑假要去做志愿者，故选 A。

【26 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Richard Smith, 14: My classmates and I will go on a one-day picnic on the beach of Oneida



Lake”可知，Richard 要去奥奈达湖，故选 B。

【27 题详解】

细节理解题。根据“Mark Perez, 17: Besides, my classmates and I will organize cricket(板球) matches in the Fitness Gym during the holiday”可知，Mark 会参加板球比赛，故选 C。

【答案】 28. C 29. B 30. D

【解析】

【分析】 文章通过讲述 Katy 写读书报告拖拖拉拉直到最后一刻才完成读书报告的事情，她得到了一个“做事不能拖拉”的教训，同时也告诫我们要养成“今日事今日毕”的习惯，避免拖拉。

【28 题详解】

细节理解题。根据文中 Pointing to the blackboard, Mr. Hayes reminded, his students, “You should hand in your book report next Monday.” 海斯老师指着黑板，提醒他的学生们：“下周一你应该交读书报告。”可知老师提醒学生要交读书报告，故选 C。

【29 题详解】

细节理解题。根据文中 However, she forgot her soccer game! So she lost several hours to read, which made her even more worried. 但是，她忘记了她的足球比赛！所以她失去了几个小时的阅读时间，这让她更加担心。可知周日的比赛之后他更加担心了，故选 B。

【30 题详解】

推理判断题。根据文中 Katy read for the rest of Saturday, and she thought to herself, “I wish I’d started it earlier, like Tom!” Katy finally finished reading her book on Sunday morning and stayed up writing her book report until, midnight. She looked tired and nervous, thinking to herself, “I think this project has taught me an important lesson.” 凯蒂在周六剩下的时间里都在看书，她心里想，“我希望我能像汤姆一样早点开始读！”凯蒂终于在周日早上读完了她的书，直到午夜才写读书报告。她看上去又累又紧张，自言自语道：“我认为这个课题给了我一个重要的教训。”可知，从这件事情让她意识到再也不会把工作留到最后一刻了。故选 D。

【答案】 31. D 32. C 33. D

【解析】

【分析】 文章介绍了原本从纽约到北京旅行至少需要 20 个小时。但将来，从纽约到北京的旅行可能只需要两个小时。文中主要介绍了这个新型的旅行工具 ET3 以及它的工作原理和现在存在的问题。

【31 题详解】

推理判断题。根据文中

A tube goes all the way from New York to Beijing. The tube is only a few meters wide. Capsules (舱) move through the tube. 一根管子从纽约一直到北京。管子只有几米宽。舱通过管子移动。可以推断出 ET3 看起来像地铁一样，故选 D。

【32 题详解】

细节理解题。根据文中

So how is this possible? How can these capsules travel so fast? The answer is that there is no air inside the tube. 怎么可能？这些胶囊怎么能走得这么快？答案是管子里面没有空气。可知是因为管子里没有空气，故选 C。



【33 题详解】

细节理解题。根据文中

It's exciting to think of how ET3 will change the travel in the future. Who knows? Maybe someday you'll be able to have lunch in New York and dinner in Beijing.想到 ET3 将如何改变未来的旅行是令人兴奋的。谁知道呢?也许有一天你可以在纽约吃午餐,在北京吃晚餐。可知作者期望将来 ET3 将改变未来的旅行,故选 D。

【答案】34. B 35. C 36. D 37. C

【解析】

【分析】本文是一篇议论文。当你坐在教室的时候,你曾在笔记本的空白处画过画吗?如果是这样,你就在涂鸦。很多人认为涂鸦是对更重要的事情的干扰,但可能恰恰相反。文章论述了涂鸦的好处。

【34 题详解】

细节理解题。根据倒数第二段“Brown believes doodling is helpful because it includes many ways of learning. You learn in four ways: seeing, hearing, reading or writing, and through movement.”可知,布朗认为涂鸦是有帮助的,因为涂鸦包括许多学习方法。而你通过四种方式学习:看,听,读或写,以及通过运动。故选 B。

【35 题详解】

推理判断题。根据最后一段最后一句话“So next time you need help focusing, pick up a pen and doodle away!”意为“因此,下次您需要聚焦帮助时,拿起笔并涂鸦吧!”可推出,有问题时可以拿笔画线条或是形状。故选 C。

【36 题详解】

细节理解题。根据最后一段最后一句话“So next time you need help focusing, pick up a pen and doodle away!”意为“因此,下次您需要聚焦帮助时,拿起笔并涂鸦吧!”可知作者同意涂鸦可以帮助聚集精神。故选 D。

【37 题详解】

主旨大意题。根据 Doodling might help one focus on work. So next time you need help focusing, pick up a pen and doodle away! 及全文可知,文章论述了涂鸦的好处。故选 C。

六、阅读短文,根据短文内容回答问题。(本大题共 6 小题,每小题 2 分,共 12 分)

【答案】38. No, we don't.

39. It is best to take a break every once in a while./It is best to have a break every once in a while.

40. To protect your eyesight from UV rays./To protect your eyesight against UV rays.

41. The food groups that have vitamins A, C and E.

42. Relax eyes, keep eyes clean, prevent harmful things from hurting eyes and be happy. (答案不唯一)

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了视力下降的原因,护眼的好方法以及护眼的重要性。

【38 题详解】

根据“Many of us don't pay much attention to the importance of eye care.”可知,很多人不注意护眼。故填 No, we don't.



【39 题详解】

根据 “If you happen to work in front of the computer, it is best to take a break every once in a while.” 可知，在电脑使用中需要时不时休息一下眼睛，take a break=have a break 表示“休息一下”。故填 It is best to take a break every once in a while./It is best to have a break every once in a while.

【40 题详解】

根据 “For example, wearing sunglasses can serve as a great way to protect your eyesight from UV rays in the strong sunlight.” 可知，带太阳镜可以防止紫外线的伤害，protect sth from sth=protect sth against sth 表示“保护……免遭……”。故填 To protect your eyesight from UV rays./To protect your eyesight against UV rays.

【41 题详解】

根据 “Remember that vitamins A, C and E are good for eyes.” 可知，含有维生素 A、C 和 E 的食物都对眼睛有益。故填 The food groups that have vitamins A, C and E.

【42 题详解】

开放性题目，言之有理即可。可填 Relax eyes, keep eyes clean, prevent harmful things from hurting eyes and be happy.

【答案】 He is strong-willed and creative.

【解析】

【导语】 本文主要讲述了因为家庭贫穷而辍学的 William，没有放弃建立一个为村庄发电的风车的梦想，最终实现了梦想的故事

【详解】 根据“Strong-willed, he headed to the local library and read its limited(有限的) textbooks”及“ And he went on to found the Moving Windmills Project in 2008 to encourage economic development and education projects in the countryside in Malawi”可知，在有限的条件下他凭着自己的坚强意志实现了为村庄发电的风车的梦想，并在 2008 年成立了“移动风车项目”，以鼓励马拉维农村的经济发展和教育项目，可以看出他是一个有坚强意志和有创造力的人，故填 He is strong-willed and creative.

书面表达（共 22 分）

七、根据句意和音标，写出单词（本大题共 4 小题，每小题 0.5 分，共 2 分）

44. **【答案】** famous

【解析】

【详解】 句意：中国因长城而著名。根据音标提示可知英文表达为 famous“著名的”，形容词，be famous for“因……而著名”，故填 famous。

45. **【答案】** safe

【解析】

【详解】 句意：在我看来，通过互联网支付并不总是安全的。根据音标“/seɪf/”可知，应填 safe，意为“安全的”，形容词作表语。故填 safe。

46. **【答案】** bedroom



【解析】

【详解】句意：我卧室的墙上挂着我最喜欢的电影明星的照片。根据音标“/ˈbedru:m/”可知，应填 bedroom，名词，意为“卧室”。故填 bedroom。

47. 【答案】boat

【解析】

【详解】句意：你可以坐船过河。根据音标“/bəʊt/”可知，应填 boat；by boat 表示“乘船”。故填 boat。

八、根据中文意思和提示词语完成句子 (本大题共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

48. 【答案】Why not have a picnic in the park?

【解析】

【详解】why not do sth“为什么不做某事”；have a picnic“野餐”；in the park“在公园”，故填 Why not have a picnic in the park?

49. 【答案】The bank is next to the cinema.

【解析】

【详解】the bank“银行”；next to“紧挨着”；the cinema“电影院”，此句是一般现在时，故填 The bank is next to the cinema.

50. 【答案】It's important to get along/on well with others.

【解析】

【详解】根据汉语和提示词可知，本句应用句型 It's+形容词+to do sth.，意为“做某事是……的”，不定式作主语，it 为形式主语；与……和睦相处“get along/on well with”，动词短语；其他人“others”。故填 It's important to get along/on well with others.

51. 【答案】He can play not only the piano but also football.

【解析】

【详解】不仅……而且……：not only...but also；弹钢琴：play the piano；踢足球：play football。根据语境和提示词汇可知，句子为陈述句肯定形式，时态为一般现在时，主语为 He，第三人称单数，位于句首，首字母 h 需大写，情态动词 can 后接动词原形，表示“会……”，not only...but also 为并列关系，连接两个宾语，play“演奏，玩儿”，动词，名词 piano“钢琴”前需加定冠词 the，名词 football“足球”前不加冠词。故填 He can play not only the piano but also football.

52. 【答案】It takes me an hour to do sports every day.

【解析】

【详解】固定句式：It takes sb+一段时间+to do sth“某人花费时间做某事”，an hour“一个小时”，me“我”，do sports“做运动”，every day“每天”，时间状语放在句末，此句是一般现在时，主语 it 是第三人称单数形式，故填 It takes me an hour to do sports every day.

九、文段表达 (10 分)



53. 【答案】例文

Mother's Day is coming. I want to give my mother a special present. I prepare a one-day tour in Beijing for her. First, we will go to Forbidden City. We can learn a lot about Chinese history there. We will have lunch at Qianmen Roast Duck Restaurant. It is said Roast Duck there is very famous and delicious. In the afternoon we will go to watch Beijing Opera in Laoshe Teahouse. Then we will go boating in the lake and enjoy the sunset. I think we will have an unforgettable day.

【解析】

【详解】[总体分析]

①题材：本文是一篇记叙文，为材料作文；

②时态：时态为“一般将来时”；

③提示：写作要点已给出，考生应注意不要遗漏，适当增加细节完整表述内容。

[写作步骤]

第一步，介绍母亲节要来了，想给妈妈一份特别的礼物；

第二步，介绍了北京一日游的安排。

[亮点词汇]

①give sb sth 给某人某物

②prepare for 为……准备

③go boating 划船

[高分句型]

①It is said Roast Duck there is very famous and delicious (省略 that 的宾语从句以及 there be 句型)

②I think we will have an unforgettable day. (省略 that 的宾语从句)