# 2018 北京四中初二(下)期中

## 英 语



(考试时间为90分钟,试卷满分为120分)

听力理解(每小题1分,共20分)

一、听对话,从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图片中选择与对话内容相符的图片。每段对话你将听两遍。(共 5 分, 每小题 1 分)

1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



二、听对话或独白,根据对话或独白的内容,从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话或独 白你将听两遍。(共 10 分,每小题 1 分)

请听一段对话,完成第6至第7小题。

- 6. What is the girl going to do?
  - A. To have a picnic. B. To visit her grandparents. C. To go shopping.

7. How many times has the boy been to Shanghai?

A. Five. B. Four. C. Three.

请听一段对话,完成第8至第9小题。

8. How often does the boy go swimming?

A. Every day. B. Once a week. C. Twice a week.

9. What will the girl do .this afternoon?

A. Play table tennis. B. Do some housework. C. Meet a friend.

听一段对话,完成第10至第11小题。

10. Where are the two speakers?

A. At home. B. In a hospital. C. At school.

- 11. What does the woman advise the man to do?
  - A. Have a good rest. B. Take some medicine. C. Do some sports.

请听一段对话,完成第12至第13小题。

12. Who is the boy helping?

- A. Teachers. B. Doctors. C. Waiters.
- 13. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. Work experience. B. School life. C. Health care.

请听一段独白,完成第14至第15小题。

14. Where can teenagers buy Teen Tickets?

A. At any bus station.

- B. At the Teen Travel Club.
- C. At any museum.

15. What is the speaker doing?

- A. Describing a trip.
- B. Making an introduction.
- C. Showing tourists around.

## 三、听对话,记录关键信息,本段对话你将听两遍。(共5分,每小题1分)

请根据所听到的对话内容和提示词语,将所缺的关键信息填写在答题卡的相应位置上。

Art Festival Information									
Dates	From <u>16</u> 8th to 14th								
Activitie	17								
S	Eat a delicious meal								
	Watch a <u>18</u>								
Enjoy paintings									
	$ m \dot{x}$ The local artists' show: at <u>19</u> a.m. on								
	Saturday								

## 知识运用(共40分)

## 四、单项填空(共20分,每小题1分)

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

21. —So, I'm happy to tell you we have a new plan for the weekend.

-That \_\_\_\_\_ good! What is it?

A. looks B. smells C. sounds D. feels

22. My father flies around the world for his job. It's very \_\_\_\_\_, because he can't have enough sleep.

A. exciting B. satisfying C. interesting D. tiring

23. —What's your \_\_\_\_\_?

-Swimming.

A hobby B. job C. name D. address

24. —Have you \_\_\_\_\_ been to the USA?

-Yes, we have. We went to Florida last year.

A. before B. yet C. never D. ever

25. I don't want to \_\_\_\_\_ all my life sitting in a chair.

A. make B. spend C. take D. cost

- 26. His wife's name is Meg. He \_\_\_\_\_ her eight years ago.
- A. meets B. was meeting C. have met D. met
- 27. The weather was bad \_\_\_\_\_ our plane took off on time.
  - A. because B. so C. but D. and

28. —\_\_\_\_?

- -I'm writing an English thank-you letter.
- A. What are you B. How are you
- C. What are you up to D. How are you feeling now
- 29. —Could I call you back? I \_\_\_\_\_ a shower now.
  - -No problem.
  - A. take B. am taking C. took D. have taken
- 30. —What are you going to do in the summer, Teresa?
  - -Alec and I \_\_\_\_\_ English in Africa.
  - A. are going to teach . B. taught
  - C. are teaching D. teach
- 31. She \_\_\_\_\_\_ an interesting story and told it to her family.
  - A. set up B. looked up C. made up D. grew up
- 32. I got a present from Peter! I was excited \_\_\_\_\_ opening the present.
- A. about B. for C. of D. with
- 33. She didn't throw away the old car because it was still in good \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. competition B. condition C. invention D. communication
- 34. The accident taught me a(an) \_\_\_\_\_ that I'll never forget.
- A. class B. experience C. advice D. lesson
- 35. Where is Grace?
  - -She's just \_\_\_\_\_ out. She will be back soon.
  - A. going B. being C. gone D. been
- 36. —How many times \_\_\_\_\_ to the new restaurant?
  - -Five times.
  - A have you been B. will you go
  - C. have you gone D. did you go
- 37. One day he \_\_\_\_\_ down the street when he saw a very strange thing.
  - A. will walk B. walks C. has walked D. was walking

38. Don't \_\_\_\_\_\_ our special online offers! Travel much further, spend much less! A. reach B. miss C. create D. lose 39. Some students take part in the activity to protect \_\_\_\_\_\_ environment. C. the D. / A. a B. an 40. —How long have you known Tony? — \_\_\_\_\_ two years. A. In B. For C. After D. Since

## 五、完形填空(共20分,每小题1分)

阅读下面短文,掌握其大意,然后从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择最佳答案。

А

## Hi Marty,

Well, I've booked my tickets to Kathmandu and I <u>41</u> on May 1<sup>st</sup>. <u>42</u> you meet me off the plane? You'd better! The flight is 18 hours long <u>43</u> a six-hour stop in Karachi so as soon as I <u>44</u> I'll need some sleep. Anyway, I'm so excited. <u>45</u> you anything in particular (特别的) from England? I <u>46</u> some space in my luggage because I'm going to buy some new clothes when I <u>47</u> there. By the way, shall I <u>48</u> everything in a suitcase or a backpack (背包)? Which is <u>49</u>? I think when we <u>50</u> hiking it's better to have a backpack. Anyway, let me know what you think.

All the best!

Rosie

41.	A.	come	В.	am o	coming		С.	came	D.	come	s	
42.	A.	Will		В.	Do		С.	Are	D.	May		
43.	A.	with		В.	at			C. by		D.	in	
44.	A.	arrived		В.	am arrivi	ing		C. will	arrive		D.	arrive
45.	A.	Am I bring	ing				В.	Do I brin	ng			
C. SI	hal	ll I bring					D.	Have I b	rought			
46.	A.	have had	В.	has		C.	had		D. was	havi	ng	
47.	A.	will get		В.	have got		<b>.</b> C.	get	D.	got		
48.	A.	make		В.	take		С.	hold	D.	carr	·у	
49.	A.	good		В.	better			C. best		D.	the	best
50.	A.	are going		В.	go		С.	have gone	e D.	went	,	

В

Mike doesn't like to get up early. He likes to sleep in. 51 , he is often late for school. To

make him get up early, his mother bought <u>52</u> an alarm clock.

"From now on," she said, "when the alarm clock <u>53</u>, get up immediately. Now I won't have to keep telling you to <u>54</u> every day."

She put the clock by the side of his bed and <u>55</u> the alarm clock to go off at six o'clock. From then on, every morning at six, the alarm rang and Mike got up.

One day his mother <u>56</u> to wind the alarm clock. Mike didn't get up. At 7:30 his mother called him urgently (急切地): "Mike, <u>57</u>! It's 7:30. You've overslept. You'll be late for school."

"I didn't oversleep," said Mike. "I <u>58</u> for a long time. I woke up quite early. " His mother was very <u>59</u>. "If you were awake, why didn't you get up?" she asked. "You told me to get up when the alarm clock goes off," said Mike. "The bell didn't ring so how could I get up?"

What a <u>60</u> excuse!

51. A. Because of	B. As a result	C. Luckily	D. Not really
52. A. him	B. her	C. them D. us	
53. A. sounds B.	stops	C. rings D	. begins
54. A. dress up	B. look up	C. make up	D. hurry up
55. A. put	B. set	C. let D	. get
56. A. remembered	B. continued	C. forgot D	. hated
57. A. wake up	B. stay up	C. speak up	D. sit up
58. A. am awake B.	was awake	C. will be awake D	. have been awake
59. A. excited	B. worried	C. angry	D. proud
60. A. small	B. light	C. weak D	. awful

#### 阅读理解(共30分)

六、阅读下列短文,根据短文内容,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择最佳答案。(共 20 分,每 小题 2 分)

А

Meet the world's biggest mammal (哺乳动物), the blue whale. The largest one on record weighed about 200 tons. This is heavier than 30 elephants! Besides being the heaviest mammal, the blue whale is also the longest. At birth, a baby blue whale is 6 to 8 feet in length. When fully grown, this huge creature can be 100 feet long.

Big Mammals of the World							
Animal	Weight	Height/Length	Life span (寿命)	Habitat			
Blue whale	400, 000pounds	100 feet long	about 50 years	Oceans			
African elephant	12, 000pounds	11 feet tall	about 70 years	Africa			
Hippopotamus	8,000 pounds	15 feet long	about 60 years	Africa and Asia			
Giraffe	4,400 pounds	19 feet tall	about 30 years	Africa			

61. How long is the fully grown blue whale?

A. 100 feet long.

C. 200 feet long.

B. 6 to 8 feet in length.

D. 15 to 19 feet in length.

62. Which of the four largest mammals lives longest?

A. The blue whale.

C. Hippopotamus.

B. African elephant.

D. Giraffe.

В

The neighborhood kids heard Zeke banging in his garage. "What's Zeke doing now?" asked Kevin. "He's always busy with something, but today he's noisier than usual! I'd say strange things will happen."

"He says he's building an airplane," said Will. "My father gave him a broken lawn mower (割草机). You know Zeke-he can make something out of anything!"

"Zeke bought six loaves of bread and a large jar of peanut butter," said Donny, He wondered nervously what Zeke's vivid imagination was doing with those ordinary things.

Just then they heard a huge noise as something came crashing out of the garage. All the kids saw Zeke's determined, red face under his wild, curly hair. "I'll send postcards!" Zeke shouted bravely as he went up into the clouds.

63. What was Zeke like?

- A. Quiet and shy. B. Nervous and frightened.
- C. Imaginative and creative. D. Brave and helpful.

64. What did Zeke do at the end of the story?

A. Zeke made some noise in the garage.

B. Zeke created a machine that could fly and took off successfully.

C. Zeke went shopping for some bread and peanut butter.

D. Zeke sent some postcards to his friends from the airplane.

7 / 13

Cats are very smart. They are one of the smartest of all tame (驯服的) animals. The brain of a cat is large. It is highly developed. This may be why cats have good memories. Cats remember kindness and cruelty (残暴). It is a good idea to treat a cat well. Cats can "speak" too. They meow for attention. Often they stand by a door. Then they meow. Then they look over their shoulders. They want to see if you are coming. Cats make other noises also. They purr when they are happy. They hiss when they are angry.

Cats have a lot of pride. They usually will not do silly tricks. They seem to know what is <u>beneath</u> <u>them</u>. Almost all cats want to have their own way. They are mostly true to only one person. They don't like to switch loyalty easily. Cats were free in the wild. They want to stay that way. They like to be their own masters. When a cat is left alone, it can go back to caring for itself. It can live in the wild again. This is different from dogs.

With kindness, a cat can be trained. Cats can learn to do many things. Some cats can learn to open doors. Some can ring doorbells. Some can even turn on water. Then they take a drink. Cats are very smart, though. Here is what they do before drinking. They put a paw in the water. They test whether the water is hot or cold.

65. The underlined expression "beneath them" means that\_\_\_\_\_

A. cats think they are too good to do the tricks

B. cats don't like to be fooled by other cats

C. cats only like to do tricks in which they can stand out

D. cats are so good at doing tricks

66. What is the main idea of the passage?

A. Cats have some strange habits.

B. Cats are different from dogs.

C. Cats can be trained to do many things.

D. Cats are smart but independent (独立的) animals.

D

Imagine having an app that works like this: When you need help, just open the app, touch the "not OK" button and a text message will be sent to up to five pre-selected people, along with a location to show where you are. The message reads:

"Hey, I'm not OK. Please call me, text me, or come find me."

US teenagers Hannah Lucas, 15, and her brother Charlie, 13, have created an app called not OK. It came out in the US and Canada on Jan 31. People just need to pay \$1.99 each month to use it.

Hannah was inspired to create the app during a dark time in her life last year. She suffered from a disease that caused her to pass out at school. Other kids sometimes bullied her about this. She felt sad and wanted to find an app that would allow her to get help when she wasn't feeling OK.

She asked her brother Charlie, whose nickname is "Tech Support", to find such an app. When they couldn't find one, they decided to create one themselves.

They came up with some designs for the app first. Charlie took a programming class last summer and built a website for the app. Hannah also shared her idea in her summer business class. Some app developers showed interest and decided to help her.

Hannah is happy that her app is helping others. "It makes everything I went through last year worth it," she said.

67. Which of the following is NOT true about the app not OK?

A. Hannah Lucas and her brother created this app.

B. Users can call for help by using a button in the app.

- .C. It can only send a message to one person.
- D. Users can send their location and messages through this app.

68. What can we learn from the last two paragraphs?

A. Charlie and Hannah created this app on their own.

B. Charlie took programming classes for many years.

C. Charlie and Hannah earned a lot of money from this app.

D. Charlie and Hannah are happy to sec their app help others.

Е

February 15: My video class teacher told us about a match to film local wildlife. The deadline(截 止日期)is March 1st. The winner gets to go with a famous filmmaker to Alaska. This will be easy!

I'm on my way to be famous!

Carlotta

February 17: Today l realized there's little wildlife in a city. I saw two squirrels in a park, but before I could film them, a dog ran after them up an oak tree. I shouted at the dog, which growled (咆哮) at me.

Later, I convinced my brother Vincent to drive into the countryside. You think I'd find wildlife, but not unless worms, flies, and mosquitoes count!

Help!

Carlotta

February 23: My friend Angela has an uncle who is a farmer. He is always complaining about annoying raccoons(浣熊), so Angela suggested I film them for my video.

Today I wandered around the farm. Suddenly, I heard Angela shout, and I turned to see the world's strongest pig. The pig chased (ran after) us, but we were speedier. Once safely over a fence, I filmed the pig, but my teacher says a pig is not wildlife.

I'm not ready to give up!

Carlotta

February 28: The deadline nears, and after failing to make my cats act like baby tigers, I got a crazy idea. I dragged Angela and two friends to a costume (服装) shop. By noon, I was filming three large gorillas (大猩猩) at play. Vincent even got into the act as a bad gorilla hunter. This may not be what the judges want, but I'm sending it in!

Carlotta

March 15: I won! I didn't get the first prize, but I did receive the "Good Try" award. The judges voted my video the funniest ever. I'm not going to Alaska, but I'm on my way to a job as a filmmaker! Just say you knew me when.

Carlotta

69. What do you think is the best title for the diary?

A. Imagination is More Important than Knowledge.

B. Where There's a Will, There's a Way.

C. Mistakes Are the Proof That You Are Trying.

D. A Friend in Need is a Friend Indeed.

70. How do you know that Carlotta was not going to give up her plans?

A. She decided to take part in the match and she went to a park.

B. She shouted at the dog and ran away from the pig.

C. She made her cats act like baby tigers and sent the video to the judges.

D. She went to the country to look for wildlife and filmed her friends dressed as gorillas.

## 七、阅读短文,根据短文内容回答问题。(共10分,每小题2分)

Until the early twentieth century, attempts to transfuse blood (输血) from one person to another person were usually unsuccessful. Then, in 1901, Karl Landsteiner, an Austrian scientist, discovered that blood was divided into four types. These four blood types were named A, B, AB and O. Blood type O is the most common around the world. Blood type A is the second most common: and type AB is the least common. If people with type A blood are given type B blood, or people with type B blood are given type

A blood, they will probably die.

In 1927, a Japanese doctor, Furukawa Takeji, carried out research and came up with the idea that people with different blood types had different personalities (性格). Type A people are said to be calm and serious; people with type B blood are curious, cheerful and outgoing; people with type O blood are generous and honest; while those with type AB blood are caring, original and careful.

In recent years, interest in blood types has grown in the US, and one book, *Eat Right for Your Type*, has been popular with people who want to lose weight.

71. Did Karl Landsteiner discover four types of blood?

72. If people with type A blood are given type B blood, what will happen to them?

73. When did the Japanese doctor carry out research?

74. People with which blood are said to be curious?

75. What kind of people are interested in Eat Right for Your Type?

## 书面表达(共10分)

## 八、76. 文段表达(共10分)

根据中文和英文提示,完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。

先阅读明信片中的内容,然后用现在完成时进行仿写。

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内容提示:假设你是一位到北京旅行的老外 James,在明信片中给你的朋友 Jack 讲述你在北京一日游的经历。
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Hi Jenny,

We've been in New York for one day and we've already visited the Empire State Building! We haven't been to the Statue of Liberty yet. We plan to go there this afternoon.

Peter has already taken about 100 photos. I haven't taken any because I lost my phone and I haven't bought a new one.

Right now we're in a French restaurant. We've already had lunch - it was delicious! Have you ever eaten French food?

See you soon!

Jacob

Dear Jack,

## 附加题(共20分)

### 九、用方框内单词的正确形式完成下列短文(共10分,每空1分)

pick	worker	go	about	t go	boc	
have	name	frier	nd në	ice	smile	

I don't know her <u>77</u>. She is one of the <u>78</u> in our school cafeteria (自助 餐厅). I just call her Lunch Lady. She's my friend. There are some nice ladies in the cafeteria, but the Lunch Lady is <u>79</u> of all. Every day she<u>80</u> at me when I go through the line. She says things like, "Hi Karen! Are you <u>81</u> a good day?" Lunch Lady always remembers that I like chicken nuggets (鸡肉块) <u>82</u>. Whenever that is what is being served, she hands me the chicken nuggets and says, "Look, your favorite!" One day, I tripped and dropped my tray. Food<u>83</u> all over the floor. I was so embarrassed (尴尬的), but Lunch Lady helped me out. She helped me<u>84</u> up the mess, and she told me, "Don't worry<u>85</u> it. It's okay. "That made me feel better. Another time, I was at the shoe store with my mom, and I saw Lunch Lady. She gave me a big hug. The reason I admire (软 佩 ) Lunch lady is because she is <u>86</u> and kind.

## 十、课文填空(共10分,每空1分)

Many people love cartoons because <u>87</u>. Parents and children laugh together as the Monkey King makes a terrible mess or … The heroes always win, and their stories <u>88</u> and help us feel safe. I was the first member of the team. We <u>89</u> for a year now and we all feel very fit. Our teacher is the coach, and she also <u>90</u> the training with us.

I <u>91</u> a Chinese astronaut for more information about space and his experience of <u>92</u>. I hope he will write back.

This language is different from English in many ways, and they <u>93</u> to spell and pronounce the words. However, they still <u>94</u> it.

My brother is in the school tennis team - I'm very<u>95</u> him! He's good at everything, but I'm not. Sometimes I get bad marks at school, and I feel sad. I should<u>96</u>.

英语试题答案								
听力:						北京中考		
1–5BACAB	6-10BCBCB 1	1-15ACAAB			전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전 전	$\mathbf{\tilde{u}}$		
16. July	17. Sing a song	18. play	19. 9	20. Sunday		<b>-</b>		
单选:								
21-25 CDADB	26-30 DCCBA	31-35 CABDC	36-40 ADBCE	3				
完形 <b>:</b>								
41-45 BAADC	46-50 ACDBB	51-55 BACDB	56-60CADCC					
阅读:								
61-62 AB	63-64 CB	65-66 AD	67-68 CD	69-70 BD				
阅表:								
71. Y <u>e</u> s.								
72. They wil	l probably die.							
73. In 1927.								
74. Type B.								
75. People w	ho want to lose	weight.						
附加题:								
1. name	2. workers	3. the ni	cest 4. s	smiles	5. having			
6. best	7. went	8. (to)	pick 9.	about	10. friendly			
11. they are	great fun .	12. satisfyι	15	13. have	played football			
14. takes pa	rt in	15. have writt	en to	16. experien	ce of space travel			
17. find it	hard	18. enjoy lear	ning	19. very pro	ud of			
20 should w	ork hardor							

 $20.\ \mbox{should}$  work harder