

# 2018 北京四中初一（下）期中 英 语



(考试时间为 90 分钟，满分 120 分)

## 听力理解 (共 20 分)

一、听对话，选出与对话内容相符的图片。每段对话读两遍。(每小题 1 分，共 3 分)

1.



A.



B.

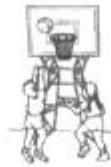


C.

2.



A.



B.



C.

3.



A.



B.



C.

二、听句子，选择恰当的答语。每个句子读两遍。(每小题 1 分，共 3 分)

4. A. I am going to watch a movie.

B. I am doing my homework.

C. I went to see a doctor.

5. A. By bus.      B. At eight o'clock.      C. On the Internet.

6. A. Post office.      B. Story books.      C. Table tennis.

三、听对话，选出最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。(每小题 1.5 分，共 9 分)

请听一段对话，完成第 7 至第 8 小题。

7. What color is the iPhone 6?

A. Red.

B. White.

C. Black.

8. What is the man's home number?

A. 6356-8899.

B. 6652-0978.

C. 6655-0088.

请听一段对话，完成第 9 至第 10 小题。

9. When did the man go to London?

A. Twenty years ago.

B. Two weeks ago.

C. In 2014.

10. What is Michael's job?

- A. A teacher.      B. A cook.      C. A guide.

请听一段对话，完成第 11 至第 12 小题。

11. How are the two speakers talking?  
 A. By Internet.      B. By telephone.      C. By radio.
12. What happened to James three weeks ago?  
 A. He had a car accident.  
 B. He failed in the math test.  
 C. His father was ill in hospital.

四、听对话，根据对话内容记录关键信息。对话读两遍。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）  
 本题请在答题纸上作答，机读卡上相对应的题号不填涂。

Student Help Form

Student: 13. _____	Problem: I 14. _____ much time studying for the tests, but I can't get good grades.
Helper: Jenny	Advice: (1) Be a 15. _____ listener. (2) Make a study 16. _____. (3) Don't give up at any 17. _____.

知识运用（共 28 分）

五、单项选择。（每小题 1 分，共 16 分）

18. --Mary, is this new bike \_\_\_\_\_?  
 -- Yes. I like it very much.  
 A. your      B. yours      C. my      D. mine
19. -- \_\_\_\_\_ you clean the blackboard for us?  
 -- Of course I can.  
 A. Can      B. May      C. Will      D. Would
20. I think he \_\_\_\_\_ in America next year.  
 A. study      B. studies      C. is studying      D. will study
21. --What is your plan for this summer holiday?  
 --I \_\_\_\_\_ a summer camp in the United States.  
 A. join      B. am going to join      C. joined      D. joining
22. -- \_\_\_\_\_ is the crayon?  
 --It's 5 yuan.  
 A. How many      B. How much  
 C. What color      D. What size
23. --Hi, Betty. When will you come back to school?  
 -- \_\_\_\_\_ a week.  
 A. In      B. For      C. At      D. On
24. We need to \_\_\_\_\_ the shoes before we decide to buy them.  
 A. turn on      B. look for  
 C. try on      D. wait for
25. Look at the picture, the children are walking \_\_\_\_\_ the street carefully.



- A. across      B. past  
C. along      D. opposite

26. — We're going to have a picnic this weekend. \_\_\_\_\_ join us?  
— Yes. I'd love to.

A. Do you need to                      B. Would you like to  
C. Will you be ready to                D. When will you

27. —Excuse me. \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
—Walk along the street and you will see it on your right.

A. how can I get to the nearest bus stop?  
B. what can I do for you?  
C. when can I go to the bus stop?  
D. why do you go to the bus stop?

28. If you're new in Monsters University, the orientation tour will help you \_\_\_\_\_.

A. take a picture  
B. join a club  
C. learn to be a scarer  
D. know the places in the university

29. What is the name of the fraternity in the picture?



- A. Oozma Kappa.                      B. Jaws Theta Chi.  
C. Python Nu Kappa.                D. Roar Omega Roar.

30. Who said the line “It's my job to make great students greater, not make mediocre students less mediocre. ” ?

A. Dean Hardscrabble.                B. Prof. Knight.  
C. Jimmy Sullivan.                    D. Mike Wazowski.

31. Put the following events in the correct order.

①Mike got into the MU.  
②The Dean asked Mike to get out of the Scaring program.  
③Mike and OK joined in the Scare Games.  
④Mike worked hard for the exam.

A. ②→③→①→④                      B. ①→③→④→②  
C. ①→④→②→③                      D. ③→②→④→①

32. Which of the following statements is TRUE in the movie?

A. Everyone wants to make friends with Mike.  
B. Sullivan's family is famous.  
C. The teachers like Mike very much.  
D. OK members are good scarers.

33. Which one is NOT the rule of the first event in Scare Games?

A. Run in the dark.  
B. The last team can't stay in the Games.  
C. Run faster than your group member.  
D. The whole team cross the finish line.

六、完形填空。(每小题 1.5 分, 共 12 分)

阅读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

Everyone can change the world

A friend wrote me a letter a few weeks ago. He felt hopeless at the time. He ended his letter with this question: "We can't really 34 this crazy world we live in, can we?" I answered him immediately and started my own letter with these words: "Yes, we most certainly can!"

I can still remember one of the first times someone changed my world. She was the music teacher at my primary school. She was 35 at playing the guitar. I wanted to impress (使留下印象) her. However, I didn't know how to 36 any instruments (乐器).

One day she let me try playing her guitar. I did my best, 37 could only stumble along (断断续续地演奏). When I was done, I put my head down. "I guess I am not very good," I told her. She looked at me with her kind eyes, smiled at me and said: "We are all good at something. You just need to 38 what you are good at. Then you can share it with the world."

Those simple words changed me. They planted a seed (种子) in my soul (灵魂) that continues to 39 to this day. They made me realize that I had something good inside of me. I just had to find it and 40 it. And that is what I have tried to do all of the years.





Can you change the world? Yes, you can! You can change it through one choice, one person, and one kind act at a time. All you have to do is to share your 41. Mother Teresa once said, "God doesn't ask us to do great things, only small things with great love." So make your love great!



- 34. A. save                    B. have                    C. change                    D. see
- 35. A. well                    B. good                    C. badly                    D. bad
- 36. A. play                    B. teach                    C. learn                    D. make
- 37. A. and                    B. but                    C. or                    D. so
- 38. A. worry about                    B. look at                    C. sweep away                    D. find out
- 39. A. go                    B. grow                    C. run                    D. come
- 40. A. share                    B. leave                    C. take                    D. start
- 41. A. ideas                    B. feelings                    C. goodness                    D. happiness

阅读理解 (共 26 分)

七、阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。(每小题 2 分，共 20 分)

A

LOST AND FOUND	
<p>Lost:</p>  <p>My English-Chinese dictionary. Please call Mike. Phone 476-6969.</p>	<p>Found:</p>  <p>Is this your pencil case? It's red and purple. Please call Bob at 476-5656.</p>
<p>Lost:</p>  <p>This is my ruler. It's yellow. Please call Tony at 885-6978.</p>	<p>Found:</p>  <p>Is this your set of keys? 4 keys in all. Please call Mary at 476-7878.</p>

<p>Lost:</p>  <p>My black backpack. Please call Sonia at 486-9685.</p>	<p>Found:</p>  <p>Is that your English note-book? Please call Jack. Phone 486-3639.</p>
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42. Mike lost his \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. keys      B. ruler      C. pencil case      D. dictionary
43. What color is Tony's ruler?
- A. Red.      B. Purple.  
C. Yellow.      D. Black.
44. If you lose your notebook, you may call \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. 885-6978      B. 476-5656  
C. 486-3639      D. 486-9685

B

“Billy, one, two, three, get up! It is 25<sup>th</sup> February, 2099, seven o'clock. It's time to get up and go to school,” says the clock-robot in a loud voice. Then the clothing robot dresses Billy quickly. Next the kitchen-robot gives Billy some bread and eggs. Billy doesn't like them, and the kitchen-robot gives him a hamburger. After eating the hamburger, Billy goes to school. When he gets out of the house with his schoolbag, he sees a car-robot waiting for him. “Hello! I will drive you to school. Your name is Billy, isn't it?” asks the car. “Right,” Billy answers. “Now would you please show me your school ID card?” says the car. Billy shows it his school ID card. “Get in, please.” Billy gets in it. Then the car goes on, “I will check your homework today. Please take it out.” Billy does as what the car-robot says. When they get to school, the car says to Billy, “See you tomorrow, Billy. Good luck!”

45. The \_\_\_\_\_ dresses Billy every morning.
- A. clock-robot      B. car-robot  
C. kitchen-robot      D. clothing-robot
46. Before getting in the car, Billy shows his \_\_\_\_\_ to the car-robot.
- A. homework      B. ticket  
C. school ID card      D. schoolbag
47. According to the passage, which of the following statements is TRUE in 2099?
- A. Children won't need to do their homework.  
B. There will be all kinds of robots.  
C. Robots cannot drive cars for people.  
D. People won't eat anything for breakfast.

C

Breakfast in America

Popular breakfast foods in the United States, as in many other countries around the world, include coffee, milk, juice, eggs, and bread. Some other breakfast foods served in the United States are thought by many to be traditionally American.

① \_\_\_\_\_

A very popular breakfast food in America is the pancake—a thin cake made out of flour (面粉) and often served with maple syrup (枫糖浆). The idea of the pancake is very old. In fact, pancakes were made long ago in ancient China.

Bagels, a round thick bread with a hole in the middle, are also popular for breakfast in America. Polish people in the late 1600s came up with the idea for the first bagels and this new kind of bread soon took off across Eastern Europe.



**Bagels**

In the late 1800s, thousands of Jews from Eastern Europe travelled to the United States and brought the recipe (食谱) for bagels with them. Today, New York bagels are said to be the best in the world. Many people have them with cream for breakfast on the go.

Doughnuts (usually spelled “donut” in the United States) came from France. They were served to American soldiers in France in the World War I. After the war, American soldiers asked cooks in the United States to make doughnuts for them. Now, served with coffee, they are a very popular breakfast food across the United States.

48. In Paragraph 1, which of the following sentences is the best for ①?

- A. Then why are they so popular?
- B. However, they actually come from other parts of the world.
- C. For example, fast food is very popular in America.
- D. But what do people in other countries have for breakfast?

49. According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true?

- A. Doughnuts came from France.
- B. Jews brought bagels from Eastern Europe.
- C. Polish people made bagels first.
- D. Pancakes were made long ago in Germany.

50. Which statement is TRUE for both bagels and donuts?

- A. They both came from Europe.
- B. They are both easy to make.
- C. People in New York make them best.
- D. They are both sweet.

51. The passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the famous places to eat breakfast
- B. why people in the United States eat breakfast
- C. the most popular breakfast foods in the United States
- D. the history of popular breakfast foods in the United States

八、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。(每小题 2 分，共 6 分)

#### First Airplane Trip

Jake is going on a trip. He and his mom take a taxi to the airport.

“It’s my first plane trip,” he tells the taxi driver.

“That’s great!” the taxi driver says. Jake carries his suitcase onto the plane.

“It’s my first plane trip,” he tells the pilot.

“Welcome aboard.” the pilot says.

Jake finds his seat and sits well. The plane’s engines start. Jake opens his backpack and pulls out Panda.

“It’s my first plane trip,” he whispers. He holds Panda’s paw.

The plane moves faster and faster. Then---Whoosh! Oh the ground, cars and houses look like toys.

Jake smiles. “Guess what, Panda?” he says. “Flying is fun!”

52. How do Jake and his mom travel to the airport?

\_\_\_\_\_



53. What does the pilot say to Jake?

\_\_\_\_\_

54. What does Jake think of flying?

\_\_\_\_\_

书面表达 (共 26 分)

九、根据句意和音标写出单词。(每小题 1 分, 共 4 分)

55. I run every day, so I am really \_\_\_\_\_ [fit] and healthy.

56. I will \_\_\_\_\_ [peɪ]twenty *yuan* for the shoes.

57. The sea level will \_\_\_\_\_ [raɪz]in the future.

58. The bookshop is next to the bus \_\_\_\_\_ [stop]

十、根据中文和英文提示写句子。(每小题 2 分, 共 12 分)

59. 我们能把教室变得很美。(can, make, beautiful)

\_\_\_\_\_

60. 这周末你打算做什么? (be going to, at the weekend)

\_\_\_\_\_

61. 我和所有人都相处得好。(get on well with)

\_\_\_\_\_

62. 他经常帮助母亲打扫卫生。(help, do cleaning)

\_\_\_\_\_

63. 他们正期待着明天的足球赛。(look forward to)

\_\_\_\_\_

64. 为何不问你的老师? (Why not)

\_\_\_\_\_

十一、文段表达。(共 10 分)

根据中文和英文提示, 用英文写一篇意思连贯、符合逻辑、不少于 40 词的短文。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

65. 假如你是王平, 你的英国笔友 Sam 给你发了一封邮件, 分享他这个周末的安排。Sam 听说你即将放五一小长假, 想了解你假期的安排和理由。请你先阅读 Sam 的邮件然后根据他的邮件及问题写一封回信。信的开头和结尾已给出。

提示词汇: housework, travel, enjoy, interesting, happy

提示问题:

1. What are you going to do during the May Day holiday?

2. Why are you going to do that?

Dear Wang Ping,

How are you? I'm going to go boating with my parents this weekend, because we all love it very much. Also, I'm going to watch *Monsters University* with my friends on Sunday evening. I heard that the movie is good fun, so I believe we will have a great time!

What about you? May Day holiday is coming. What are you going to do during the holiday? Why are you going to do that? Hope to hear from you soon!

Yours

Sam

Dear Sam,

Thank you for your e-mail. I'm doing well!

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,

Wang Ping



附加卷（共 20 分）

十二、选词填空。（每小题 2 分，共 8 分）

根据短文内容，从下方方框中选择恰当的单词，并用其正确形式填空。每词只能用一次，有两个是多余项。

care buy shop friend lose fun

Emily works in a middle school. She's very busy. She doesn't have time to go 66 so she has to shop online. As an English teacher, she often goes to travel in foreign countries during holidays. She loves to go sightseeing in new places and to make 67 with different people as well. She doesn't like noise, so she usually chooses places where few tourists go. Last summer, she 68 her wallet at the airport in a hurry. It brought her a lot of trouble. This time she will be very 69 and take good care of her things.

十三、阅读理解。（每小题 2 分，共 12 分）

A

Studying Abroad

Every year, thousands of students travel to foreign countries to study. More than 30% of these students go to the United States. Around 15% go to France, and 10% to both England and Germany. A little less than 10% go to Australia, and around 5% go to Canada.

No matter where a student choose to study, there are some things universities around the world require（要求）. First, all students must graduate（毕业）from high school before they can apply（申请）to a university. Most universities also require some kind of test for students to enter the university. Universities in the United States, Australia, and Canada usually require some kind of standardized exam, such as the SAT in the United States. Students who do not come from English speaking countries also must take a test such as the TOEFL in the United States and Canada to show they know enough English to study in English. England and Australia require students to take the IELTS.

In most countries, students must apply to each university they hope to go to. However, students applying to universities in England can use one form to apply to several universities at the same time. Students can apply to six universities at one time through the British Council（英国文化协会）. This can save students a lot of time and money. For universities in other countries, students must fill out different forms for each university and pay a fee（费用）with each application.

70. Which country is NOT in the top five countries for studying abroad?

- A. Australia.      B. Canada.  
C. England.      D. The United States.

71. What is different about applying to universities in England?

- A. You need to take the SAT exam.  
B. The universities reply faster.  
C. The fees are more expensive.  
D. You can use one form for many schools.

72. The passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. how to do well when studying abroad  
B. the best country for studying abroad  
C. what is required to study abroad  
D. why students study abroad

B

Many children would ask their parents to let them stay up late playing games on their smartphones, but using technology before bed may cause sleep problems in children, according to Penn State College of Medicine researchers（研究者）.

The researchers asked parents about their kids' technology and sleep habits, and they found that using technology before bed was related（与...相关）with less sleep, poorer sleep, more tiredness in the morning and higher body mass indexes（BMI 身体质量指数）. Caitlyn Fuller, medical student, said the report shows a terrible cycle（循环）of technology use, poor sleep and higher BMIs.



The researchers asked the parents of 234 children between the ages of 8 and 17 years about their kids' sleep and technology habits. The parents gave information. The researchers also further study whether their children were using cell phones, computers, video games or television during their technology time.

“We found that the more often children use technology the higher their BMIs would be. The children who use more technology at bedtime were those who have less sleep at night,” Fuller said. “These children were also easier to be tired in the morning, which is also a reason for higher BMIs. ” Children who watch TV or play video games before bed got about 30 minutes less sleep than those who did not, while kids who used their phone or a computer before bed had an hour less of sleep than those who did not.

Fuller said the findings are mostly the same as the new recommendations (建议) from the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP 美国儿科学会) about screen time for children. The AAP recommends that parents control kids' technology use, such as asking their kids to put away their phones or ipads during meal times and keeping them out of bedrooms at night.

Although technology makes our life easier and happier, AAP may advise parents about controlling technology for their kids, especially at bedtime, to help get better healthy childhood development and mental health.

73. The passage tells us \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a science report
- B. a life story
- C. someone's opinion
- D. a new technology

74. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. Parents should use less technology.
- B. Students should have more sleep.
- C. Screen time before bed is not good for kids'sleep and health.
- D. Technology use is good for children's development and health.

75. According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true?

- A. Children who play computer games at night will be tired in the morning.
- B. Children using phones before bed sleep less than those who watch TV.
- C. Parents should ask their kid to stop using phones during meal and before bed.
- D. People with higher BMI will use technology more often at bedtime.

# 英语试题答案



四、听力：1—5 CBBAC

6—10 BCBCA

11—12 BA

13—17 Tony, spend, good, plan, time

五、单项选：

18—22 BADBB

23—27 ACABA

28—33 DAACBC

六、完形：34—37 CBAB 38-41 DBAC

七、阅读：42-44 DCC 45-47 DCB 48-51 BDAD

八、回答问题：52. By taxi. 53. “Welcome abroad,” the pilot says.

54. He thinks flying is fun!

九、句意写音标：55. fit 56. pay 57. rise 58. stop

十、中英文写句子：

59. We can make the classroom beautiful.

60. What are you going to do at the weekend?

61. I (can) get on well with everyone.

62. He often helps his mom (to) do cleaning.

63. They are looking forward to tomorrow's football match.

64. Why not ask your teacher?

附加题：

一、单词正确形式填空：

66. shopping 67. friends 68. lost 69. careful

二、阅读：70—72 BDC 73—75 ACD