

门头沟区 2018—2019 学年度第一学期期末调研试卷
九年级英语



考 生 须 知	1. 本试卷共 8 页，分为三部分，第一部分知识运用，20 道小题，共 14 分；第二部分阅读理解，18 道小题，共 36 分；第三部分书面表达，1 道小题，共 10 分。 2. 试卷所有答案必须填涂或书写在答题卡上，在试卷上作答无效。请使用 2B 铅笔填涂，用黑色字迹签字笔或钢笔作答。 3. 考试时间 90 分钟，试卷满分 60 分。
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知识运用 (共 14 分)

一、单项填空 (共 6 分，每小题 0.5 分)

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

- Good books are like wise friends. _____ help us understand the world.
A. It B. Its C. They D. Them
- I often go to school _____ bike.
A. in B. by C. on D. at
- _____ did you go last Sunday?
— I went to the Science Museum.
A. Where B. When C. How D. Why
- I didn't buy it _____ it was too expensive.
A. though B. if C. while D. because
- Teachers _____ encourage their students not to repeat more, but to think more.
A. may B. must C. would D. should
- Li Ping runs _____ in our class. No one can catch up with him on sportsground.
A. fast B. faster C. fastest D. more faster
- I _____ for half an hour English every morning.
A. read B. reads C. is reading D. has read
- Paul, what were you doing at eight last night?
— I _____ my homework at home.
A. did B. was doing C. has done D. had done
- When he was eight years old, Mozart _____ his first symphony.
A. write B. writes C. would write D. wrote
- Tim and Tina _____ here for twenty years.
A. has lived B. have lived C. lived D. are living



11. A new bridge _____ across the Yongding River in Menougou by the end of this year.
A. completes B. is completed C. will complete D. will be completed
12. — Lily, could you tell me _____ Beijing?
— Sure. Next Sunday.
A. when Mr. Smith left B. when Mr. Smith will leave
C. when did Mr. Smith leave D. when will Mr. Smith leave

二、完形填空（共 8 分，每小题 1 分）

阅读短文，掌握其大意，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

One day a young boy asked his father, “What is the value of my life?” Instead of 13, the father told his son, “take this rock and go sell it at the market. If anybody asks the price, 14 two fingers and don't say anything.”

The boy then went to the 15 and a woman asked, “How much is this rock? I want to put it in my garden.” The boy didn't say anything and put up two fingers. And the woman said, “Two dollars? I'll take it.” And the boy went home and told his father, “A woman 16 to buy this rock for two dollars!”

The father then said, “Son, the last place I want you to take this rock is a precious stone store. Show it to the owner and don't say a word. And if he asks the price, just raise two fingers.” The son then went to a precious stone store, he 17 the rock to the owner.

“Where did you find this stone? It is really 18. I must have it. How much would you sell it for?” The boy put up two fingers and the man said, “I'll take it for 200,000 dollars.” The boy ran home 19 to his father.

“Father, there's a man that wants to buy the rock for 200,000 dollars.” His father then said, “Son, do you know the 20 of your life now? You see, it doesn't matter where you come from, where you were born, the color of your skin, or how much money you were born into. It matters where you decide to place yourself, the people around you, and how you choose to carry yourself.”

“Everybody has a diamond inside of them and we can choose to put ourselves in a market or in a precious stone store, which will make all the difference.”

13. A. speaking B. asking C. answering D. talking
14. A. raise B. put C. show D. take
15. A. garden B. market C. store D. street



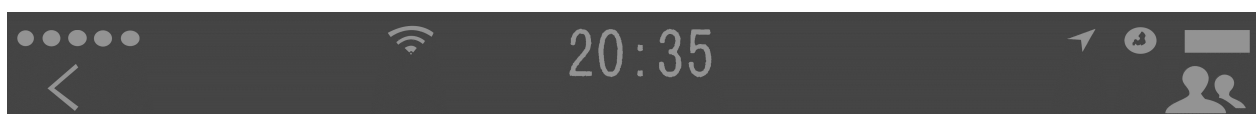
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|------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| 16. A. plans | B. hopes | C. likes | D. wants |
| 17. A. gave | B. sold | C. showed | D. took |
| 18. A. unusual | B. good | C. expensive | D. cheap |
| 19. A. carefully | B. slowly | C. sadly | D. excitedly |
| 20. A. price | B. value | C. color | D. meaning |

阅读理解 (共 36 分)

三、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。(共 26 分，每小题 2 分)

A



Carrying an English dictionary with you at all times (whether it's an actual book or a phone app) can be very useful. It can save you a lot of shame if you're having a conversation with an English-speaker and forget a word in the middle of the sentence – all you have to do is take a second to look it up!



Li Ping



The absolute best way to learn any new language is just to speak it. It doesn't matter if you only know five English words – speaking English with another person is the fastest, most effective method of improving. Don't wait until you "feel more comfortable" speaking in English. Start speaking English today. You'll be amazed at how quickly your language skills

Tina

Even if you have good grammar and a big vocabulary, native English speakers may find you very difficult to understand if you don't work on your pronunciation. Correct, clear pronunciation is important if you really want to improve your level of English. Listen closely to how native English speakers pronounce certain words and sounds and do your best to copy them.



David



The biggest problem that stands in the way of learning a new language is the fear of making mistakes. Don't be afraid of making a mistake and don't be shy! Of course you can't speak a new language perfectly at the start. Try to express yourself even if with difficulty.

Anne



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21. According to Tina, the best way to learn English is to _____.
- A. watch English TV B. speak it C. look up new words D. have a big vocabulary
22. David thinks _____ is important if you really want to improve your English.
- A. correct, clear pronunciation B. good grammar
C. carrying an English dictionary D. a wide vocabulary
23. According to Anne, the biggest problem in learning a new language is _____.
- A. a small vocabulary B. unclear pronunciation
C. poor grammar D. the fear of making mistakes

B

Mr. Knight was the manager of a hotel. One weekend all of the hotels in the city were full because there was a large meeting. On Friday night, three men came into the hotel and asked for rooms. Mr. Knight explained that because of the meeting, there were no rooms ready for use. The men were very unhappy because they had no place to stay.

Mr. Knight wanted to help them. He remembered that Room 418, a very small room upstairs, was empty. He asked the men if they would share it. The three men said they would.

Mr. Knight said that the rent would be thirty dollars. Each man should only pay ten. The men agreed, paid the money and went up to the room.

Mr. Knight soon began to feel sorry. "Thirty dollars is too much for that small room," he thought, "I should give them a discount (打折)."

He called his assistant over and said, "Here's five dollars. Give it to the men in Room 418. I've asked them too much money for that small room."

The assistant took the money. While he was on the way to Room 418, he started to think, "How can three men divide five dollars? I'll give each of them only one dollar and keep two dollars for myself. The men will be happy enough to get anything back. I'll take a little money and Mr. Knight will never know." So the assistant returned one dollar to each man.

Now the puzzle is: Each man had at first paid ten dollars. When each got one dollar back from the assistant, it means each man had actually (实际上) paid only nine dollars. There were three men. $9 \times 3 = \$27$. The assistant kept \$2. $27 + 2 = 29$. Where is the missing dollar?

24. With the help of the manager, the three men _____.
- A. went to another hotel B. got a small room kept for them
C. stayed together in a small room D. each got a small room for the night



25. At first each of the three men paid _____.

- A. \$9 B. \$10 C. \$25 D. \$27

26. Where is the missing dollar?

- A. It was taken by the assistant. B. The dollar was taken by Mr. Knight.
C. There wasn't any missing dollar. D. The dollar was taken by the three men.

C

The world itself is becoming much smaller by using modern traffic and modern communication means(通讯设备). Life today is much easier than it was hundreds of years ago, but it has brought new problems. One of the biggest is pollution. To pollute means to make things dirty. Pollution comes in many ways. We see it, smell it, drink it and even hear *it*.

Man has been polluting the earth. The more people, the more pollution. Many years ago, the problem was not so serious because there were not so many people. When the land was used up or the river was dirty in one place, man moved to another place. But this is no longer true. Man is now slowly polluting the whole world.

Air pollution is still the most serious. It's bad for all living things in the world, but it is not the only one kind of pollution. Water pollution kills our fish and pollutes our drinking water. Noise pollution makes us angry more easily.

Many countries are making rules to fight pollution. They stop people from burning coal in houses and factories from sending dirty smoke into the air.

Pollution by SO₂ is now the most dangerous kind of air pollution. It is caused by heavy traffic. It is sure that if there are fewer people driving, there will be less air pollution.

The earth is our home. We must take care of it. That means keeping the land, water and air clean. And we must take care of the rise in pollution at the same time.

27. Hundreds of years ago, life was _____ it is today.

- A. as hard as B. as easy as C. much easier than D. much harder than

28. Pollution comes in many ways. We can even hear it. Here "it" means _____.

- A. water pollution B. air pollution C. noise pollution D. rubbish

29. Which of the following is NOT true?

- A. Many countries are making rules to fight pollution.
B. The pollution of the earth grows as fast as the world's population does.
C. If people could go to work by bus, it would help to fight against the problem of SO₂.
D. The pollution is not so serious because there are not so many people living on the earth.



D

Imagination and fantasy can play an important role in achieving the things we fear. Children know this very well. Fred Epstein, in his book *If I Make It to Five*, tells a story he heard from one of his friends about Tom, a four-year-old boy with a cancer in his back bone. He came through several operations and a lot of pain by mastering his imagination.

Tom loved to pretend, and he particularly loved to play superheroes. Dr. Epstein explained that it was actually a brilliant way for his young mind to handle the terrifying and painful life he led.

The day before his third trip to the operating room, Tom was terribly afraid. “Maybe I could go as Superman,” he whispered to his mom. Hearing this, the mother hesitated for a while. She had avoided buying the expensive costume (戏装), finally she agreed.

The next day Tom appeared as the powerful Superman, showing off through the hospital halls and coolly waving his hand to the people greeting him along the way. And Tom, with the strength of his fantasy, successfully made it through the operation.

The power of imagination need not be kept for children only, we all have the power to use our fantasies to try things we never thought possible, to go through those things that seem impossible, and to achieve what we never believed we could, just as Dr. Epstein puts it, “If you can dream it, you can do it.”

It doesn't mean that you should dress as a superhero for your next job interview. But, next time you are tested in a way that seems impossible, imagine what it would take to overcome it. Become the person you need to become to win over your challenge and do it in your mind first. So, let your imagination run wild, and dare to dream.

30. What do we know about Tom?

- A. He was seriously ill.
- B. He was a dishonest boy.
- C. He was crazy about magic.
- D. He was Dr. Epstein's patient.

31. When Tom went for the third operation, he _____.

- A. pretended to be painful
- B. acted like a superhero
- C. appeared in poor spirits
- D. argued with his mother

32. In the last paragraph, you are advised _____.

- A. to go through some difficult tests
- B. to wake up from your wild dreams
- C. to become a powerful person in your mind
- D. to wear expensive clothes for job interviews



33. What is the purpose of the passage?

- A. To tell us an interesting story.
- B. To help us make right decisions.
- C. To advise us to care about children.
- D. To encourage us to use our imagination.

四、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。（共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

Every year on my birthday, from the time I turned 12, a white gardenia (梔子花) was sent to my house. No card came with it. Calls to the flower shops were not helpful at all. After a while I stopped trying to discover the sender's name and was just very pleased with the beautiful white flower in soft pink paper.

But I never stopped imagining who the giver might be. Some of my happiest moments were spent daydreaming about the sender. My mother encouraged this imagining. She'd ask me if there was someone for whom I had done a special kindness. Perhaps it was the old man whom I looked after when he was ill. As a girl, I had more fun imagining that it might be a boy.

One month before my graduation, my father died. I felt very sad and didn't want to go to the coming graduation dance at all. And I didn't care whether I had a new dress or not. But my mother, in her own sadness, would not let me miss any of those things. She wanted her children to feel loved and lovable. In truth, my mother wanted her children to see themselves much like the gardenia – lovely, strong and perfect with perhaps a bit of mystery.

My mother died ten days after I was married. I was 22. That was the year the gardenia stopped coming.

- 34. What color was the flower the writer received?
- 35. How did the writer feel when she daydreamed about the giver?
- 36. Why didn't the writer want to go to the graduation dance?
- 37. How old was the writer when she got married?
- 38. Who sent the flowers to the writer every year on her birthday?



书面表达 (共 10 分)

五、文段表达 (10 分)

39. 从下面两个题目中任选一题, 根据中文和英文提示, 完成一篇不少于50 词的文段写作。

文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

每个人心中都有一个自己的榜样, 他们无时无刻都在激励着我们克服困难, 勇往直前。请你以中学生马丽的身份根据以下提示, 给你的美国笔友 Mike 写一封邮件, 告诉他谁是你心中的榜样? 为什么他(她)能成为你的榜样? 你从他(她)身上学到了什么?

提示词: role model, help, encourage

提示问题: ● Who is your role model?

● Why is he/she your role model?

● What can you learn from him/her?

Dear Mike,

I'm glad to hear from you. _____

Yours,
Mary

题目②

“百川到东海, 何时复西归? 少壮不努力, 老大徒伤悲。”珍惜时间就是延长生命。无论年轻或年老、健康或疾病、贫穷或富有, 我们都应该节约时间, 珍惜生命。

某英文网站正在开展以“志存高远, 惜时如金”为主题的征文活动。假如你是李华, 请用英语写一篇短文投稿, 谈谈生活中你是怎么做的, 以及这样做的意义。

提示词语: save, time, plan, prepare, goal, finish, achieve, stick to

提示问题: ● What do you do in your daily life?

● Why do you do so?