

2021 北京朝阳初一（上）期中

英 语

一、单项填空（每题 0.5 分，共 6 分）从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. (.5 分) This is _____ eraser and that is _____ UFO. ()
A. a; an B. an; an C. an; a D. a; a
2. (.5 分) _____ you _____ your name, please? ()
A. Are, spell B. Can, spell
C. Do, do D. Are, do
3. (.5 分) —Are Tony and Mary your friends?
—_____. ()
A. Yes, They are B. Yes, they are
C. No, they not D. No, he isn't
4. (.5 分) —Is that _____ pen?
—Yes, it is. It's _____. ()
A. his, him B. his, he C. his, his D. he, him
5. (.5 分) It is not _____ book. ()
A. my a B. a my C. my D. /
6. (.5 分) —The blue pen is hers.
—_____ that one? ()
A. What B. What about C. How D. How are
7. (.5 分) - - Where are my pencils? - - _____ ()
A. It's on the table. B. Yes, they are.
C. Sorry, I don't know. D. They are pencils.
8. (.5 分) This set of keys _____ in _____ bag. ()
A. is; he B. is; his C. are; his D. are; he
9. (.5 分) - Is that your ID card? - Please _____ me at 8762356. ()
A. say B. call C. see D. tell
10. (.5 分) Thank you _____ the photo of your family. It's very nice. ()

A. at B. to C. on D. for

11. (.5分) Look at this photo. This is my sister and _____are my friends. ()

A. this B. these C. it D. that

12. (.5分) Where _____ the notebook and the tape player? I can't find _____. ()

A. is, it B. is, them C. are, them D. are, it

二、完形填空 (每题 1 分, 共 8 分) 阅读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

13. (8分)

New Beginnings

There are two children in my family.I am three years younger than my (1) _____ Tova, and I think everything she does is great.When I was a kid, I liked to follow her and her friends around, hoping to become one of them, but there wasn't much (2) _____ for a troublesome sister.Over time, there is a distance (距离) between us although we live in the same (3) _____.

So when she tells me she's going to China to study, I don't care much.But the first night after she leaves, I kept thinking that something is (4) _____.The house is too quiet.I feel just how different it is when she isn't at home.I cry sadly.But as the night falls, my tears turn into tears of calm (平静), tears of (5) _____ beginnings—I decide to do something.

I pick up the phone.

"Hello? " Her voice sounds familiar (熟悉的).

"Hey, Tova.It's me.Sara.I'm just (6) _____ to tell you I love you. "My words come out quickly.I know that if I stop in the middle, I won't (7) _____ them. "I know we aren't as close as some sisters, but that doesn't mean I'm not missing you. "

After a long silence, she finally says, "Your voice makes me feel that you are by my side. "And before the call ends, she says very quickly, "I love you, too."

I never feel so (8) _____ to have Tova as my sister.I'm hoping to see my sister back home this December.

(1) A.brother B.sister C.cousin D.friend

(2) A.room B.food C.money D.work

(3) A.hotel B.school C.street D.house

(4) A.nice B.cool C.wrong D.scary

(5) A.bad B.funny C.busy D.new

(6) A.leaving B.calling C.writing D.visiting

(7) A.like B.hear C.finish D.remember

(8) A.great B.sorry C.worried D.interested

三、阅读理解（每题 2 分，共 26 分）阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

14. （6 分）

It is time to go home now.I am on a bus on a rainy day, and a woman with a dog gets on the bus.It is a big dog and its feet are not clean.

I don't want the dog to sit next to me.But the woman says to the conductor（售票员），"oh, I pay for my dog.Can he sit here like the other people? "

The conductor looks at the dog and says, "yes, madam.But like other people, he must put his feet under the chair."

(1) I am going home _____.

A.by bike B.by bus C.by car D.by jeep

(2) The meaning（意思）of the conductor's words is _____.

A.the dog's feet are like the other people

B.the dog must like a man

C.the dog must not sit on the chair

D.the dog can sit here

(3) I don't want the dog to sit next to me, because _____.

A.the dog is not too big

B.the dog is not clean

C.the dog has no ticket

D.the dog isn't mine

15. （6 分）

Bill is 13 years old.He is from Canada.He is in Guangming School.He's in Classroom 7 B.Bill has a friend.His name is Jack Black.Jack is 12.He's from the United States.He's in Guangming School, too.Is he in Classroom 7 B? No, he's in Classroom 7 C.

Ms.Brown is an English teacher in Guangming School.Her name is Lucy.She's from the United States, too.She's Jack and Bill's teacher.Who's she? Bill knows that she's Jack's mum.She's a nice teacher.

(1) Where is Bill from?

A.China.

B.Canada.

C.The UK.

D.The USA.

(2) What's the meaning of the underlined word "classroom" in Chinese?

A.座位.

B.学校.

C.团体.

D.教室.

(3) _____ is/are in Classroom 7 C.

A.Bill

B.Jack

C.Bill and Jack

D.Jack and Lucy

16. (6分)

We call the Chinese New Year the Spring Festival. There is a name for each Chinese year. We may call it the year of the sheep, the year of the monkey or the year of the dog. And this year is the year of the rabbit.

Before New Year's Day, people are busy shopping and cleaning their houses. On New Year's Eve, there is a big family dinner. After dinner, all the family stay up late to welcome the New Year. On the first day of the New Year, people put on their new clothes and go to visit their friends and relatives (亲戚). They say "good luck" and some other greetings to each other. People usually have a very good time during the festival.

(1) We can find every Chinese year is given _____ name.

A.an animal

B.a plant (植物)

C.a family

D.a full

(2) On New Year's Day, people say "_____" to each other when they meet

A.Merry Christmas

B.Good luck

C.Happy New Year

D.Both B and C

(3) The best title for this passage (本文的最佳题目) is _____.

A.Good luck

B.The Spring festival

C.Big Dinner

D.The New Year's Eve

17. (8分)

Chess has a very long history.It is based on (基于) an old game from India.The chess we play today is from Europe.

Chess is a two - player game.One player uses the white pieces (棋子) .The other uses the black pieces.Each piece moves in a special way.One piece is called the king.Each player has one.A player can only move one piece at a time.Then he has to wait for the other player to move before he can move again.The game ends when a player can't move the king.There are a few more rules, but those are the basics (基本要点) .

Some people think that chess is more than a game.They think that it makes the mind stronger.Chess players always use their heads.They think about what will happen next.These skills are useful both in chess and in life.Chess is a kind of a workout for the mind.

Chess is not just for people.Computers began to play chess in the 1970s.At first.They did not play well.They made mistakes, As time went on, they grew stronger.In 1996, a computer beat the best chess player in the world for the first time, Chess sure has a long way to go.

(1) Chess is based on an old game from _____.

- A.Europe
- B.Asia
- C.India
- D.America

(2) The writer uses Paragraph 2 to _____.

- A.tell us the history of chess
- B.tell us some rules of chess
- C.ask us to use our heads
- D.ask us to play chess

(3) When did a computer first beat the best human player at chess in the world?

- A.In 1970.
- B.In 1976.
- C.In 1990.
- D.In 1996.

(4) Where might we find this passage?

- A.In a magazine.
- B.In a storybook.
- C.In a novel.
- D.In a diary.

四、阅读表达（每题 2 分，共 10 分）阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

18. （10 分）

In 1798, German composer Ludwig van Beethoven marked the first passage of his newest composition with the Italian term "grave", meaning slow and solemn. He was troubled to learn that he was losing his hearing. But his Sonata Pathétique sounded exciting and positive. It has encouraged many people over the years.

On Aug 29, 18-year-old Xiong Linghao from Chengdu Special Education School played the sonata at the 13th Shanghai International Youth Piano Competition. A video of her performance has gotten 7 million views online.

It's been a long and hard journey for Xiong. She lost her eyesight due to a medical accident when she was still a baby. Her mother later found that Xiong had a talent for music. At age 3, she could play children's songs on a small electric piano. At age 6, she started learning the piano for real.

Unlike people who can see the keyboard, she must remember where each note is. Practice is key because she needs to form muscle memory so she can find the right keys. She practices six to eight hours every day. "I listen to the melody again and again and then send what I hear to my fingers. I used to practice with each hand separately before I could play with both hands together," Xiong said.

Xiong won the Special Jury Prize at the competition. "The piano has accompanied me through my ups and downs in its own way," she said. "It empowers me with perseverance and brings so much pleasure into my life."

(1) Is Sonata Pathétique positive or sad?

(2) When did Xiong Linghao play the sonata at the 13th Shanghai International Youth Piano Competition?

(3) Why did Xiong Linghao lose her eyesight?

(4) How long does Xiong Linghao practice piano?

(5) What did Xiong Linghao win at the competition?

五、文段表达（10 分）

19. （10 分）英语周报将举办以 "My happy family" 为题的演讲比赛，请你根据表格信息及英文提示写一篇符合逻辑的演讲稿。短文不少于 40 个词

人物	father	mother	I
职业身份	teacher	cook	student
年龄	38	37	14

爱好	loves	riding	likes	like
	bikes		reading	basketball

Hello, everyone. My name is Tim. I have a happy family. There are 3 people in it. They are my father, my mother and I. _____.

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参考答案

一、单项填空（每题 0.5 分，共 6 分）从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. 【分析】这是一个橡皮擦，那是一个飞碟。

【解答】第一个空，表示泛指“一个”，且 eraser 以元音音素开头，故应用 an 修饰；第二个空，也表示泛指“一个”，且 UFO 以辅音音素开头，故应用 a 修饰。

故选：C。

2. 【分析】请你能拼下你的名字吗？

【解答】根据题干中 please 表示可知此处表示请求，则应用情态动词，表示能、可以，后跟动词原形。

故选：B。

3. 【分析】——Tony 和 Mary 是你的朋友吗？

——是的，他们是。

【解答】根据句意可知，主语“Tony and Mary”是复数形式，回答用代词 they；肯定回答用 Yes, they are. 否定回答用 No, they aren't. 故排除 C、D 项；A 项中“they”在句中，不应该大写，故排除。

故选：B。

4. 【分析】——那是他的钢笔么？

——是的。是他的钢笔。

【解答】his 他的，形容词性物主代词或名词性物主代词；him 他，宾格；he 他，主格。第一空后跟名词 pen，可知要用形容词性物主代词；第二空缺少名词性物主代词作表语。

故选：C。

5. 【分析】它不是我的书。

【解答】考查物主代词。根据题干可知空后有名词 book，这里用形容词性物主代词 my，不能和冠词连用。

故选：C。

6. 【分析】- 这支蓝色的钢笔是她的。

- 那支呢？

【解答】what 表示什么。what about 表示怎么样，通常用来提建议。how 表示怎么样，询问方式。根据题干可知这支蓝色的钢笔是她的，那个呢，则此处应用 What about，符合题意。

故选：B。

7. 【分析】 - - 我的铅笔在哪里？

- - 对不起，我不知道。

【解答】答案：C. 考查交际用语。句意"- - 我的铅笔在哪里？ - - 对不起，我不知道。"。A 它在桌上。B 是的，它们是。C 对不起，我不知道。D 它们是铅笔。结合语境"我的铅笔在哪里？"，pencils 是复数，回答时应该用 they are+介词+地点，或者说对不起，我不知道。因此答案是 C。其它不符合。

故选：C。

8. 【分析】这串钥匙在他的包里。

【解答】第一个空，主语中心词 set 单数，用 is。C、D 不正确。第二个空，修饰名词用形容词性物主代词 his"他的"。A 不正确。

故选：B。

9. 【分析】 - - 那是你的身份证吗？ - - - - 请拨打 8762356 找我。

【解答】答案：B. 考查动词词义辨析。句意"- - 那是你的身份证吗？ - - - - 请拨打 8762356 找我。"say 说，see 看见，tell 告诉。call sb at+号码，意思是拨打电话号码找某人，是固定搭配。

故选：B。

10. 【分析】谢谢你的全家福照片。它非常好。

【解答】at"在、朝、向"；to"朝、给、对于"；on"在...之上、在...时候"；for"为，为了"，四者都是介词。因 Thank you for ..."因...感谢"。由题干"谢谢你的全家福照片。它非常好。"可知，空格用 for，因此答案应是 for。

故选：D。

11. 【分析】看这张照片，这是我的妹妹，这些是我的朋友。

【解答】答案：B. 考查指示代词。句意"看这张照片，这是我的妹妹，这些是我的朋友。"。A 这。B 这些。C 它。D 那。根据"friends"朋友们，复数，可知应该用 these 这些。答案是 B。

故选：B。

12. 【分析】笔记本和录音机在哪里？我找不到他们。

【解答】the notebook and the tape player 表示复数，所以 be 动词用 are，动词 find 后用宾格作宾语，复数名词用 them 代替。

故选：C。

二、完形填空（每题 1 分，共 8 分）阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

13. （8 分）

【分析】文章主要讲述了作者有个姐姐，小时候总想和姐姐一起玩，后来慢慢长大了，和姐姐之间也有了距离。当姐姐要去中国学习时，作者起初并没有什么感觉，后来当姐姐离开的第一个晚上，作者感觉到了一些不对的地方，想念姐姐在身边的时刻。

【解答】 (1) B.名词辨析。A.brother 哥哥； B.sister 姐姐； C.cousin 堂兄弟； D.friend 朋友； 根据"There are two children in my family"以及后文中提到的"she"和"her"可知，此处指的是姐姐"。故选： B。

(2) A.名词辨析。A.room 空间， 房间； B.food 食物； C.money 钱； D.work 工作； 根据"When I was a kid.I liked to follow her and her friends around, hoping to become one of them"可知，此处指的是"太多的空间"。故选： A。

(3) D.名词辨析。A.hotel 酒店； B.school 学校； C.street 街道； D.house 房子； 根据"But the first night after sheeaves, I kept thinking that something is...The house is too quiet.I feel just how different it is when she isn't at home."可知，一家人应该是住在同一个房子里，此处指的是"房子"。故选： D。

(4) C.形容词辨析。A.nice 好的； B.cool 凉爽的； C.wrong 错误的； D.sc ary 害怕的； 根据"The house is too quiet.I feel just how different it is when she isn't at home."可知，姐姐不在家，感觉不对劲，所以此处指的是"不对"。故选： C。

(5) D.形容词辨析。A.bad 坏的； B.funny 有趣的； C.busy 忙碌的； D.new 新的； 根据"my tears turn into tears of calm"以及"beginnings"可知，此处指的是"新的"。故选： D。

(6) B.动词辨析。A.leaving 离开； B.calling 打电话； C.writing 写信； D.visiting 参观； 根据"I pick up the phone"可知，此处指的是"打电话"。故选 B。

(7) C.动词辨析。A.like 喜欢； B.hear 听； C.finish 完成； D.remember 记住； 根据"My words come out quickly.I know that if I stop in the middle"可知，此处指的是"说完"。故选： C。

(8) A.形容词辨析。A.great 好的； B.sorry 抱歉的； C.worried 担心的； D.interested 感兴趣的； 根据前面的对话""I know we aren't as close as some sisters, but that doesn't mean I'm not missing you." After a long silence, she finally says, "Your voice makes me feel that you are by my side." And before the call ends, she says very quickly, "I love you, too.""以及"I'm hoping to see my sister back home this December"可知，有这样一个姐姐感觉很好，所以表达的是"好的"。故选： A。

三、阅读理解（每题 2 分，共 26 分）阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

14. **【分析】** 文章描述了"我"在回家的公交车上发生的一则小故事。

【解答】 (1) B.细节理解题。根据 It is time to go home now.I am on a bus on a rainy day.现在该回家了。下雨天我在一辆公共汽车上。可知，"我"乘公交回家。故选 B。

(2) C.推理判断题。根据 The conductor looks at the dog and says, "yes, madam.But like other people, he must put his feet under the chair."售票员看着这只狗说："好的，夫人。"但是像其他人一样，它必须把脚放在椅子下面。"由此可推出，狗无法做到像人一样，即狗不能坐到椅子上。故选 C。

(3) B.细节理解题。根据 It is a big dog and its feet are not clean.I don't want the dog to sit next to me.这是一只大狗，它的脚不干净。我不想让狗坐在我旁边。可知，我不想让狗坐在我旁边，是因为狗不干净。故选 B。

15. **【分析】** 这篇文章介绍了 Bill 和他的朋友 Jack.

【解答】 (1) B.细节理解题。根据 Bill is 13 years old.He is from Canada.比尔 13 岁。他来自加拿大。可知, Bill 来自加拿大。故选 B。

(2) D.词义猜测题。根据 He is in Guangming School.他在光明学校读书。可知, 划线词的意思是"教室"。故选 D。

(3) B.细节理解题。根据 Is he in Classroom 7 B? No, he's in Classroom 7 C.他在 7 B 教室吗? 不, 他在 7 C 教室。可知, Jack 在 7 C 教室。故选 B。

16. **【分析】**这是一篇介绍中国春节的短文。

【解答】 (1) A.细节理解题。根据第一段 There is a name for each Chinese year.We may call it the year of the sheep, the year of the monkey or the year of the dog.And this year is the year of the rabbit.每个中国年都有一个名字。我们可以称它为"羊年", "猴年"或"狗年", 今年是"兔年", 可知我们可以发现每一个中国年都有一个动物的名字。故选 A。

(2) D.细节理解题。根据第二段 They say"good luck"and some other greetings to each other.他们说"祝你好运"和其他一些问候, 可知他们说"祝你好运"和其他一些问候。故选 D。

(3) B.主旨归纳题。根据整篇文章内容及其第一段 We call the Chinese New Year the Spring Festival。可知这篇短文主要说的是中国的春节。故选 B。

17. **【分析】**短文介绍了象棋的历史, 它起源于印度的一个古老游戏。现在我们玩的国际象棋来自欧洲。短文也介绍了下象棋的一些基础规则。下国际象棋对人类的好处。

【解答】 (1) C.细节理解题。根据"Chess has a very long history.It is based on an old game from India."可知象棋有很长的历史。它是根据一个来自印度的古老游戏改编的。故选 C。

(2) B.细节理解题。根据"There are a few more rules, but those are the basics."还有一些规则, 但是那些是基础。可知, 第二段是有关象棋的规则。故选 B。

(3) D.细节理解题。根据"In 1996, a computer beat the best chess player in the world for the first time."可知, 在 1996 年, 一台电脑第一次打败了世界上最好的象棋手。故选 D。

(4) A.文章来源题。A 项, 在一本杂志上; B 项, 在一本故事书里; C 项, 在一部小说里; D, 在一篇日记里。根据短文内容, 短文介绍了象棋的历史, 它起源于印度的一个古老游戏。短文也介绍了下象棋的一些基础规则。可知应该是在某种杂志上。故选 A。

四、阅读表达 (每题 2 分, 共 10 分) 阅读短文, 根据短文内容回答问题。

18. **【分析】**本篇文章主要讲述了盲人熊翎好的成功经历, 令人感到鼓舞。

【解答】细节理解题。

(1) Positive.根据 But his Sonata Pathétique sounded exciting and positive.It has encouraged many people over the years.可知, 《悲怆奏鸣曲》听起来令人积极奋进。故答案是 Positive。

(2) On Aug 29.根据 On Aug 29, 18 - year - old Xiong Linghao from Chengdu Special Education School played the sonata at the 13th Shanghai International Youth Piano Competition.可知是在八月二十九日, 故答案是 On Aug 29。

(3) Because of a medical accident. 根据 She lost her eyesight due to a medical accident when she was still a baby. 可知是因为一次医疗事故，故答案是 Because of a medical accident。

(4) She practices six to eight hours every day. 根据 She practices six to eight hours every day. 可知一天练习六到八小时，故答案是 She practices six to eight hours every day。

(5) The Special Jury Prize . 根据 Xiong won the Special Jury Prize at the competition 可知获得评委会特别奖，故答案是 The Special Jury Prize。

五、文段表达（10分）

19. 【分析】高分句型一

He likes riding a bike. 此句是一般现在时的陈述句。运用短语 like doing sth "喜欢做某事"，短语 ride a bike "骑自行车"，此句可翻译为"他喜欢骑自行车。"

高分句型二

I love my family. 此句是一般现在时的陈述句。运用短语 love sth "爱某事"，此句可翻译为"我爱我家。"

【解答】My happy family

My name is Tim. I have a happy family. （要点一，介绍自己的姓名及有一个幸福的家庭。） There are 3 people in it. They are my father, my mother and I. My father is a teacher. He is 38 years old. He likes riding a bike. （高分句型一） My mother is a cook. She is 37 years old. She likes reading. I am a middle school student. I'm 14 years old. I like playing basketball. （要点二，介绍自己的所有家庭成员的职业、年龄及爱好。） This is my family. I love my family. （高分句型二）（要点三，我的观点。）