



2019-2020 学年度第二学期初三年级英语练习 1

2020.2

考生须知	1. 本试卷共 8 页，满分 100 分。考试时间 90 分钟。 2. 请在个人信息处正确填写个人信息。 请将答案按题目顺序填涂或填写在答题纸上，请在答题区域内作答。 选择题用 2B 铅笔作答，其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。
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听力理解（共 30 分）

一、听后选择（共 12 分，每小题 1.5 分）

听对话或独白，根据对话或独白的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

请听一段对话，完成第 1 至第 2 小题。

1. What was the weather like last Saturday?
 A. Windy. B. Sunny. C. Rainy.
2. Where did the man buy lots of great things?
 A. In the park. B. In the museum. C. In the shop.

请听一段对话，完成第 3 至第 4 小题。

3. When is the woman's first lecture?
 A. On Tuesday. B. On Wednesday. C. On Saturday.
4. How does the man like to listen to lectures?
 A. By recording the lectures.
 B. By taking notes while listening.
 C. By reading the key points before the lectures.

请听一段对话，完成第 5 至第 6 小题。

5. Who is the woman buying a gift for?
 A. Her mother. B. Her father. C. Her sister.
6. What will the woman probably buy?
 A. A fry pan. B. Some cookies. C. A Chinese teapot.

请听一段独白，完成第 7 至第 8 小题。

7. What can we learn from the speech?
 A. Apologizing means we still have confidence.
 B. Moving on helps to deal with personal situations.
 C. Laughing off works when we make others feel bad.
8. Why does the speaker give the speech?
 A. To show people when to share the embarrassing moments.
 B. To tell people why to remember the embarrassing moments.
 C. To advise people how to survive the embarrassing moments.

二、听后回答（共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

听对话，根据对话内容笔头回答问题。每段对话你将听两遍。

请听一段对话，完成第 9 小题。

9. What did the man think of the play? _____

请听一段对话，完成第 10 小题。

10. What time is the man's flight? _____



请听一段对话，完成第 11 小题。

11. Why didn't the man come to work last Friday? _

请听一段对话，完成第 12 小题。

12. What will the speakers buy? _____

请听一段对话，完成第 13 小题。

13. How many students are there in the girl's new school? _____

三、听短文，记录关键信息和转写短文。

第一节：听短文，记录关键信息（共 4 分，每小题 1 分）

请听一段短文，根据所听到的短文内容和提示信息，将所缺的关键信息填写在答题纸的相应位置上。短文你将听两遍。

How To Beat Monday Morning Blues	
Love what you do	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Loving your job will make you look forward to the week ahead. ◆ Try to find something positive in your workplace. ◆ The important thing is to keep <u>14</u>.
Do what gives you feelings of comfort	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ This will help you cheer yourself up for the day ahead. ◆ Make a cup of <u>15</u> and put on some music.
Go to bed early on Sunday nights	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Your mind will <u>16</u> quickly on Monday mornings. ◆ Being stressed on Monday mornings will only add to your blues.
Get yourself <u>17</u> on Friday evenings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Before you leave your workplace on Fridays, you should take care of all the things you need. ◆ This way, you can start the week right.

第二节：听短文，根据提示信息转写短文（共 4 分）

18. 再听一遍短文录音，根据所听到的内容和第一节中的提示信息，写出短文的主要内容。短文的开头已经给出。请注意语法正确，语意连贯。

I've got some advice from Chris on how to beat Monday morning blues. _____

知识运用（共 20 分）

四、单项填空（共 8 分，每小题 1 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

19. That boy is my new friend and _____ name is Peter.

A. her

B. his

C. its

D. your



20. My mum is a nurse. She works _____ the hospital in our neighborhood.
A. in B. on C. of D. to
21. Spending holidays with family is one of _____ things in the world.
A. happy B. happier C. happiest D. the happiest
22. Rosa likes music _____ is quiet and gentle.
A. who B. when C. that D. where
23. Mr. Smith can't answer the phone because he _____ a meeting now.
A. has B. had C. will have D. is having
24. I _____ Mike since he moved to another town with his family.
A. didn't see B. don't see C. haven't seen D. won't see
25. A new park _____ here next year. Then people nearby can come for a walk.
A. will build B. will be built C. is built D. was built
26. — Can you tell me _____ during this winter holiday?
— Every day.
A. how long did you exercise B. how long you exercised
C. how often did you exercise D. how often you exercised

五、完形填空 (共 12 分, 每小题 1.5 分) 阅读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择 最佳选项。

My father was a printer. He loved his work and always wore a printer's four-cornered newspaper hat. Every day after work, he 27 a page into a small hat and gently placed it on my head.

I didn't like it but I had to wear the newspaper hat until bedtime. My father could not hear, but he learned how to speak with his hands. Sometimes my father felt 28 about the way he was treated by his fellow workers who could hear. Because they couldn't talk to him with their hands, they seemed to ignore him. But my father did not lack friends because there were other deaf printers in the factory who had also learned to talk with their hands.

One day, while the huge presses (印刷机) ran, with their noises 29 out all other sound, my father noticed a fire flickering in a far corner of the pressroom. The fire was spreading quickly and silently. Suddenly the wood floor burst into flames (火焰).

My father knew he had to tell everyone. He jumped onto an ink drum and 30 his arms excitedly. Luckily he caught the attention of a fellow printer who also couldn't hear. My father's hands shouted through the terrible noise of the printing presses,

FIRE! FIRE!

TELL EVERYONE TO GET OUT!

TELL THE HEARING ONES!

His friend ran to fellow workers who could hear, then he 31 to the fire, which had now spread to the wall next to the only exit. Everybody saw the fire and went out quickly.

My father didn't escape until all the workers got out. They were happy to be 32.

When my father went back to the work, his co-workers gathered around him. They presented him with a hat made of the freshly printed newspaper and my father put it on his head. All the printers who could hear did something 33. They told him THANK YOU with their hands.

That night, my father placed the newspaper hat that his fellow printers had given him gently on my head. I didn't take off my hat, but wore carefully to bed. I 34 I was standing next to

asked, noticing they were at an unknown supermarket.

“Grandma is coming over for dinner tonight and we need to buy something for her favorite strawberry cheesecake. I thought you could help me make it.”

Ethan hated shopping, and he would play his favorite video game rather than bake for a whole afternoon. However, he knew his grandmother would love the cheesecake, so he agreed unwillingly.

Surprisingly, Ethan realized that he enjoyed shopping and he was also having fun in the kitchen helping his mom after they got home. While all of this was happening, the two actually talked, and Ethan remembered several interesting things from school.

It was great to see his grandmother again at dinner too. The last time they met was several weeks ago, and he realized that he had a lot to tell her.

“Wow, Ethan, I don’t think I’ve heard you speak this much in a long time,” Ethan’s mom smiled.

“Well, when you were Ethan’s age, Norah,” Ethan’s grandmother said gently to his mother, “you used to spend your whole life in your room!”

Ethan’s mother turned pink, “That’s not true, mom!”

“In fact,” Ethan’s grandmother winked at Ethan, “I had to get her to help me make this very cheesecake to even get her to talk to me.”

From the other side of the room, Ethan’s phone was ringing. But Ethan realized that this conversation with his mother and grandmother was much more interesting.

39. At first, Ethan was _____ when his mom asked about his school life.

- A. sad B. cold C. happy D. nervous

40. Ethan’s grandmother got his mother to talk by _____.

- A. buying a new phone B. having a big dinner
C. making cheesecake together D. going to the supermarket

41. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Ethan had an unpleasant day at school that day.
B. Ethan expected to go shopping on his way home.
C. Ethan started real conversations with his family at last.
D. Ethan often made strawberry cheesecake with his grandma.

42. What does the writer want to tell us?

- A. Using cell phones too often is not good for our health.
B. Learning to cook can help us keep in touch with friends.
C. Spending more time playing with elders can be interesting.
D. Enjoying activities together can help family members become closer.

C

What exactly is persuasion? Persuasion is a process that enables you to change others’ attitudes, opinions, or behaviors. When you are watching TV, there are so many advertisements to persuade you to buy their products. When your naughty son does not like to write his homework, you will punish him, which is also a persuasion.

Persuasion is a very important skill nowadays. It is fulfilling everywhere, every time. In many ways, persuasion combines art and science. It’s an art in that it requires the ability to establish trust and strong communication skills. It’s a science in that it centers on the disciplined collection and analysis of information and solidly researched principles (原则) of human behavior.



Persuasion is everywhere, but the effect is very different.

When we persuade, first we should be believable. If someone is an expert in a certain field, his or her speech will be convincing when he or she expresses opinions about this field. It is interesting that if someone’s aim is not to affect your opinions, and he or she has no benefit from your decision, this person seems to be more trustful. What’s more, we need to be attractive. If we like someone, we will be affected by him or her on some unimportant topics. Even if this person tells us he or she wants to affect, maybe we will also be affected.

The methods of persuasion are necessary too. First you should think wise for choosing your topic. A good topic is a big impact to catch your audience. Then when you have done selecting topics, now it’s time to brainstorm how you will have a deep conversation with your audience to give them more ideas about your topics. And think about who your listener is and what they want to know. How will you catch their attention to become more interested in your subject? Next, understanding your audience can help you deliver the right information that is valuable to them. To get your audience, try to add some personal experience in your topics. The way you talk to them expresses your feelings and knowledge, and it really works.

Everyone is trying to persuade someone and being persuaded. So next time you listen to a speech, watch an advertisement, think of persuasion.

43. In Paragraph 2, the writer thinks persuasion is an art because_____.
- A. they both have the same topic B. they both need skills to achieve
C. they both make the audience laugh D. they both deliver the right information
44. Paragraph 3 is mainly about_____.
- A. the meaning of persuasion B. the methods of persuaders
C. the importance of persuasion D. the characteristics of persuaders
45. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?
- A. Are Advertisements Worth Trusting? B. Persuasion — The Effects are Different
C. Are Good Topics Important for Persuasion? D. Persuasion — An Important Social Skill

D

Funny action, Chinese kung fu, and the Monkey King: If you want to re-experience the adventures of *Journey to the West*, then *Unruly Heroes*, a 2D action game by Magic Design Studios (MDS) in France, is for you. The game is an example where international talent meets traditional Chinese culture.

“Creating a game based on the novel, *Journey to the West*, has actually been my dream since I entered this profession,” said Lu Yang, CEO and creative director of MDS. “It is a very dramatic tale set in a big, imaginary world. Every character is described vividly.”

“Everyone in China knows the story, but in European countries or the US, few people know about *Journey to the West*. I think such a fascinating story should be introduced to more people,” he said.

Released in January, *Unruly Heroes* has received an 80 percent positive reaction on STEAM. The game features a unique story and cast of characters, where players can alternate between four characters: Wukong, Sanzang, Kihong and Sandmonk.

The creative team combines many Chinese cultural elements with the art design, building an immersive world of art, animation and a taste of Chinese folk music. “Our goal is to introduce *Journey to the West* to the world, and be accepted by players from different cultural backgrounds,” Lu said.



Set against lush (华丽的) environments and a hand-drawn art style, *Unruly Heroes* updates the *Journey to the West* classic tale into an adventure that is more colorful, humorous and attractive to people in modern times. As Lu introduced, the game differed a lot compared with the original story. “For example, we reimagined White Bone Spirit as the owner of a beauty salon, so players need to destroy her mask to defeat her.”

Lu believes that Chinese culture has strong potential to reach a broader audience, but it needs the efforts of more companies and creative minds.

“We can add Chinese cultural elements into products that are **accessible to** people around the world. Video games, film and TV series, and other cultural and entertainment products resonate (共鸣) easily internationally,” he said.

“I am not a scholar; I simply want to do what I can to present a story I love to more people far and wide,” Lu added.

46. The writer mentions the example of White Bone Spirit in order to _____.
- A. explain why *Unruly Heroes* changes the story in *Journey to the West*
 - B. compare the story in *Unruly Heroes* with that in *Journey to the West*
 - C. show how *Unruly Heroes* modernize the story in *Journey to the West*
 - D. criticize *Unruly Heroes* for changing the story in *Journey to the West*
47. The word **accessible to** in Paragraph 8 means _____.
- A. likely to interest
 - B. easy to reach
 - C. possible to upset
 - D. hard to attract
48. What can we learn from the passage?
- A. *Journey to the West* is widely known and accepted in Europe and the United States.
 - B. Many traditional Chinese stories need changing as their characters are not vivid enough.
 - C. With more creativity, Chinese culture will be accepted by more people around the world.
 - D. *Unruly Heroes* avoids Chinese cultural elements to attract players from different countries.
49. What’s the best title of the passage?
- A. *Unruly Heroes*: A Tale that Continues to Develop
 - B. *Unruly Heroes*: A Method that Makes a Difference
 - C. *Unruly Heroes*: An Effort that Creates Traditional Culture
 - D. *Unruly Heroes*: A Game that Takes Chinese Culture Abroad

七、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。（共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

Most people hope to have a memory which helps them succeed in study, work and life. Can memory be improved? Luckily, hundreds of studies in the past 50 years have already given us a definite answer.

A healthy lifestyle keeps your brain young and memory sharp. First of all, it is necessary to have a healthy diet. Eating more food rich in Vitamin B and Vitamin E, such as vegetables and lean meat, helps you have a better memory. Doing exercise can keep your brain alive, too. Proper exercise provides much needed oxygen for the brain. Running, riding a bike, swimming and even walking two or three times a week are helpful. Moreover, getting enough sleep is important. Only when your brain gets a good rest, can it work well. The healthier your lifestyle is, the better your memory will become, but do not expect a sudden change — it takes a long time to make a difference.

Memory skills help you remember things better. The following three are the most widely used. Chunking is a way of remembering a piece of information by cutting it into smaller ones. For example, to memorize a ten-digit telephone number 2127983630, you can divide the digits



into three groups: first 212, then 798, and lastly 3630. This method is far more effective than remembering a string of 10 digits. Organization means organizing information into groups of the same kind. For example, trees, grass and flowers are plants; tigers, pandas, horses and cows are animals. Imagery is remembering newly learnt information by using your imagination and connecting it with something that you are familiar with.

However, memory skills will hardly work if you don't understand the information. Only a regular review can make the memory last long. That is why students are always advised to go over what they have learnt after one day and then after three days, and then use it as regularly as possible.

Human brains are like muscles that need nutrients and exercise to become stronger. If you make a few lifestyle changes and try some memory skills, you can certainly improve your memory.

50. Can memory be improved according to the passage?

51. What does proper exercise provide?

52. How can you remember the newly learnt information?

53. Why are students always advised to go over what they have learnt?

54. What is the passage mainly about?

书面表达（共 10 分）

八、文段表达（共 10 分）

55. 从下面两个题目中任选一题，根据中文和英文提示，完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

假如你是李华，你打算参加北京冬奥会小志愿者的选拔。请你用英语写一封自荐信，谈谈你为什么想要参加这次选拔以及作为志愿者你能做的事情。

提示词语：good at, speak, help, guide

提示问题：

- Why do you want to be the volunteer for Beijing 2022 Olympic Games?
- What can you do if you have the chance to be the volunteer?

Dear Sir or Madam,

I'm honored to recommend myself to be the volunteer for Beijing 2022 Olympic Games.

Best wishes,

Li Hua

题目②

现在很多同学使用智能手机（smart phone）。智能手机给我们学习生活带来便利的同时，也产生许多不好的影响。比如我们身边越来越多的同学成了“低头族”（phubbers）。假如你是李华，你校的《英语园地》正在征文。请你投稿，谈谈你对智能手机的看法以及你是如何正确使用智能手机的。

提示词语：advantages, convenient, proper, study

提示问题：

- What do you think of smart phones?
- What do you do with your own smart phone?

Refuse to be phubbers

More and more people are using smart-phones nowadays. _____

