

2014-2015 秋八中初三期中英语试题

17. John is my friend. I often help \_\_\_\_\_ with his Physics.  
A he      B his      C him      D himself
18. —Are you free \_\_\_\_\_ Wednesday evening?  
—I'm afraid not. I have to look after my sister.  
A in      B at      C for      D on
19. There is \_\_\_\_\_ to eat at home: we have to buy some in the supermarket.  
A anything      B nothing      C something      D everything
20. —Which season do you like \_\_\_\_\_, spring or autumn?  
—Spring, because everything is full of energy.  
A good      B better      C best      D well
21. —\_\_\_\_\_ you play tennis?  
—No, I can't. I am good at playing badminton.
22. Albert! It's time for you to go to bed. \_\_\_\_\_ you will feel tired tomorrow.  
A or      B but      C so      D and
23. The students \_\_\_\_\_ their classroom when the visitors arrived.  
A is cleaning      B are cleaning      C was cleaning      D were cleaning
24. —\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ it before?  
—No, never.  
A Did, see      B Have, seen      C Do, see      D Had, seen
25. —\_\_\_\_\_ do you have an English party?  
—Once a month.  
A I low old      B How far      C How often      D How long
26. The teacher tells us \_\_\_\_\_ late for school.  
A don't be      B not being      C not to      D not to be
27. Tom said he \_\_\_\_\_ playing the violin for three years.  
A has practiced      B practiced      C practices      D had practiced
28. We won't start the meeting until our teacher \_\_\_\_\_.  
A arrives      B arrived      C practices      D has arrived
29. Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ during the coming holiday?  
A what will Tom to      B what did Tom to      C what Tom will to      D what Tom did
30. The old lady really thanks the nurse \_\_\_\_\_ after her very carefully.  
A who look      B that looks      C looks      D that looking

五、完形填空 (共 12 分, 每小题 1 分)

阅读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

Sudha Chandran, a classical dancer from India, had to have her right leg cut after a car accident. She was also cut off on career (事业) road.

Though the accident brought her bright career to a 31 she didn't give up. In the 31 months that followed, Sudha met a doctor who developed an artificial (人造的) 32 made from rubber filled with sponge (海绵). So 33 she wanted to go back to \_\_\_\_\_ after she had been fitted with an artificial leg. Sudha knew that she believed in 34 and could realize her dream, 35 she began her courageous journey back to the world of dancing — 36 to balance, bend, stretch, walk, turn,

twist and twirl.

After every public recital (个人表演), she 37 ask her dad about her performance. "You still e a long way to go" was the answer she used to get 38. In January 1984, Sudha made a historic 39 by giving a public recital in Bombay. She performed in such a great manner that it moved everyone to tears and this performance pushed her to the number one position gain. That evening when she asked her dad the 40 question, he didn't say anything. He just touched her feet as a praise.

Sudha's comeback was so moving that a film producer decided to make the story into a hit film.

When someone asked Sudha how she had 41 to dance again, she said quite simply, "YOU DON'T NEED FEET TO DANCE." 42 is impossible in this world. If you have the will to win, you can achieve anything.

- 31A. top                      B. height                      C. point                      D. stop  
 32A. flower                      B. leg                      C. gift                      D. box  
 33A. strangely                      B. gradually                      C. heavily                      D. strongly  
 34A. the doctor                      B. the stage                      C. herself                      D. her dad  
 35A. however                      B. even                      C. since                      D. so  
 36A. starting                      B. remembering                      C. wanting                      D. learning  
 37A. could                      B. would                      C. should                      D. might  
 38A. in return                      B. in turn                      C. in surprise                      D. in anger  
 39A. change                      B. movement                      C. comeback                      D. promise  
 40A. usual                      B. new                      C. normal                      D. interesting  
 41A. tried                      B. managed                      C. thought                      D. imagined  
 42A. Nothing                      B. Anything                      C. Something                      D. Everything

阅读理解(共 38 分)

六、阅读短文选择最佳选项 (共 24 分, 每小题 2 分)

根据所给材料的信息或短文内容, 从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

A

JOB APPLICATION FORM	
Your name:	Julia Morley
Address:	18 Jackson Street, Elisabeth, Arizona 85376
Phone number:	(623)555-1212
E-mail address:	Jmorley@gpu.net
High School	Robert Morris High School
Key courses	Computer 3 years; Math 4 years; Chemistry 2 years
Language	Japanese, 3 years (reading, writing, speaking); French, 2 years (reading, writing)
Experience	Delivering milk; taking food orders at Brown's

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Interests	I like travelling and playing football after school.
	I often play football with my friends and I usually travel on my holidays.
	I enjoying working with people and helping them.

43 Julia Morley is trying to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. find a job    B. learn English    C. travel around    D. deliver milk

44 How many foreign languages did Julia learn?

A. One    B. Two    C. Three    D. Four

45 Julia is interested in \_\_\_\_\_.

A. reading and writing    B. delivering milk and taking food orders  
C. learning language    D. traveling and playing football

B

People are busy working every day, so they do not have enough time to do exercise. People are busy working every day, so they do not have enough time to do exercises. As a result, many people become too fat or too thin. To keep our bodies healthy, we have to do exercises every day.

There are many kinds of exercises. Bending (弯腰) and stretching (伸展) helps us move easily. Before we play ball games or swim, it is better for us to do bending and stretching exercises first. This kind of exercise is sometimes called warm-up exercise. Running is also a good exercise.

If we cannot run fast, we can Jog. Jogging means running slowly. Again, before we run or jog, we must do warm-up exercises. Also, we should not run or jog in busy streets. The air there is often dirty. Some people like weight lifting because it can make their bodies strong. Also, we need to do some warm-up exercises before weight lifting.

46. \_\_\_\_\_ is called warm-up exercise.

A. Playing ball games    B. Swimming  
C. Bending and stretching    D. Weight lining

47. Why do some people like weight lifting?

A. Because it can make them thin.    B. Because it can make their bodies strong  
C. Because it can make them work well.    D. Because they don't like other exercises.

48. From the passage, we know \_\_\_\_\_.

- A jogging means running quickly
- B weight lifting can help us move easily
- C busy streets are not good places for running
- D three kinds of exercises are mentioned

C

To master a language one must be able to speak and understand the spoken language as well as to read and write. Lenin and his wife Krupskaya translated a long English book into Russian. But when they went to England in 1902, English people couldn't understand a word they said and they couldn't understand what was said to them. These days more and more foreigners are coming to China and more Chinese are going out to foreign countries to work or study. So the spoken language is becoming more and more important.

Speaking, of course, can't go without listening. If you want to pronounce a word correctly, first you must hear it correctly. The sounds of the Chinese and English languages are not exactly the same. If you don't listen carefully, you'll find it difficult or even impossible to understand the native speakers.

Well, what about writing? Like speaking, it's to exchange ideas. People generally use shorter words and shorter sentences in their writing. The important thing is to make your idea clear in your head and then to write it in clear lively language.

Chinese students read far too slowly. If you read fast, you understand better. If you read too slowly, by the time you have reached the end of a page you have forgotten what the beginning is about. When you meet with new words, don't look them up in the dictionary. Guess the meaning from the context. You may not guess quite correctly the first time, but as new words come up again and again in different contexts, their meaning will become clearer and clearer. If you look up every word, you'll never finish a book.

Students of a foreign language need a particular knowledge, the knowledge of the life, history and geography of the people whose language they are studying. They should study these subjects in the foreign language, not only in translation. In this way one can kill two birds with one stone: learn a foreign language and get some knowledge of the foreign country at the same time.

49. How many points are there in the passage?

- A Two
- B Three
- C Four
- D Five

50. In the fourth paragraph the writer gave some advice on \_\_\_\_\_.

- A how to improve reading faster
- B how to guess the meaning from the context
- C how to look up new words in the dictionary
- D how to grasp the general meaning of a passage.

51. What does the underlined sentence in the last Paragraph mean?

- A To get some particular knowledge.
- B To get more than what one pays.
- C The birds can learn a foreign language.
- D The stone is big enough to kill the birds.



D

Once there was a little girl who lived in a small, very simple, poor house on a hill. From there she could see across the valley to a wonderful house high on the hill on the other side. This house had golden windows, so golden and shining that the little girl would dream of how magic it would be to grow up and live in a house with golden windows instead of an ordinary house like hers. She wanted to live in such a golden house and dreamed all day about how wonderful and exciting it must feel to live there

When she got to an age and got enough skill and sensibility to go outside, she asked her mother if she could go for a ride outside the gate and down the lane. After pleading with her, her mother finally allowed her to go, insisting that she should keep close to the house and not wander too far. The day was beautiful and the little girl knew exactly where she was heading! Down the lane and across the valley, she got to the gate of the golden house across on the other hill.

As she arrived, she focused on the path that led to the house and then on the house itself. She was so disappointed as she realized all the windows were ordinary and rather dirty, reflecting(反映出) nothing other than the sad neglect of the house that was derelict(废弃的).

So sad she didn't go any further and turned, and heart broken. As she glanced up she saw a sight to amaze her. There across the way on her side of the valley was a little house and its windows glistened golden as the sun shone on her little home.

She realized that she had been living in her golden house and all the love and care she found there was what made her home the "golden house". Everything she dreamed was right there in front of her nose!

1. Which sentence is True according to the passage?

- A. The girl's mother finally allowed her to go to the golden house alone.
- B. The golden house was on the hill where the girl lived.
- C. What disappointed the little girl was that the house was locked.
- D. Actually, the windows of the golden house were common and covered with dirt.

2. What can we infer from the passage?

- A. The girl didn't love or care for her parents
- B. The girl had no idea where she was heading after leaving home
- C. The mother thought that she needn't keep an eye on her daughter
- D. The girl made up her mind to go to the golden house at the beginning

3. The passage is intended to tell us that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. not all dreams will come true
- B. girls often have amazing imagination
- C. what we dream of may be just around us
- D. nothing is impossible to a willing heart

七、阅读短文还原句子（共4分，每小题1分）

阅读短文，根据上下文意思，将方框中的句子还原到短文中适当位置，使其通顺完整，并在答题卡上将其字母代号涂黑。其中有一句不选，如选择E，请在答题卡上同时填涂AB。

This is a taxi driver and he works in London. He has been a taxi driver for nearly ten years. Most London taxi drivers have their own taxis. He likes his job. 55 He can meet a lot of people. He always works at night, because there is too much traffic during the day. He lives twenty miles outside London. He goes to work at 5:30 in the afternoon. 56

Some very strange things happened late at night. One day he was taking a woman home from a party. She had her little dog with her. When they got to her house, she found that she had lost her key. 57 The taxi driver waited in the car with the dog. He waited and waited. After half an hour of ringing the bell, he decided to find out what was going on. He tied the dog to a tree and started to climb in through the window. The next thing he knew was that the police came. 58 Luckily the woman came downstairs. She must have gone to sleep and forgotten about the driver and the dog!

- A. They thought he was a thief.
- B. So she climbed in through the windows.
- C. He washed his taxi after work every day.
- D. He thought that it's a nice job most of time.
- E. And he usually goes home between 2 and 3 in the morning.

八、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题（共10分，每小题2分）

Are your spending habits doing you more harm than good? Getting control of your daily money is an important part of personal financial management. These following steps will help you.

Track (追踪) your spending

How much money did you spend last month? Most people have no idea where most of their money goes, so finding out can be a life-changing experience. Try tracking your spending for one month. After you buy something, make a record of it. This will help you analyze (分析) it. You may be surprised at how much you are actually spending on something.

Making a budget (预算)

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After you've tracked your spending for a month, creating a useful budget will be easy. Start your budget by listing all of your spending such as food, clothes, entertainment, etc. Then use the information you've got from tracking your spending to decide how much you should budget for each area.

#### Stay on budget

Once you have created your budget, stick to it by using the envelope (信封) method. Prepare an envelope for each of your budget things. Then put your budget money into the envelopes so you can monitor our spending throughout the month. Using the envelope method helps you control your speaking.

#### Start an emergency fund (紧急情况基金)

Having an emergency fund gives you the ability to deal with unexpected things while letting you stay on budget. First, decide how much you will need. Experts (专家) often advise to have enough money to cover between three and six months of living spending. Then set up your emergency fund that will only be used for emergencies. Make saving for your emergency fund and other savings for part of your budget.

- 1 How many steps are mentioned to manage our money well?
2. When should we make a record of our spending?
3. How do we start a useful budget?
4. What is in the envelopes?
5. What does the writer want to tell us?

#### 书面表达

#### 九、完成句子

69. 最后一点, 但是同样重要, 英语是因特网上主要语言  
\_\_\_\_\_, English is the language of Internet.

70. 许多中国家长把他们的孩子送到中国语言学校的学习。  
Many Chinese parents \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese language school

71. 这份报纸比那份报纸贵两倍。  
This newspaper is twice \_\_\_\_\_ that one

72. 最重要的事情是保持冷静。  
This most important thing is \_\_\_\_\_

73. 英语越受欢迎, 学的人就越多。  
\_\_\_\_\_ English, \_\_\_\_\_ people learning.

#### 十、文段表达

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根据中文和英文提示，写一封意思连贯、符合逻辑、不少于 50 字的回信，信的开头和结尾已给出，其词数不计入所要完成的回信内。所给英文提示词语

提示词语：假如你叫李华，最近和美国朋友 Jim 通过邮件谈论各自的老师，他们了解对你影响最大的老师。请你根据他的问题回复邮件。

提示词语：influence(影响),good, kind,friendly,help,teach

### 书面表达

#### 九、根据中文意思完成句子

1. Justin 今天没有来上学，她怎么了？

Justin isn't at school today. \_\_\_\_\_ with her?

2. 我和妈妈都不喜欢红色，所以选择了蓝色。

\_\_\_\_\_ like red. So we chose the blue one.

3. 你做作业时最好不要看电视。

\_\_\_\_\_ while you're doing your homework.

4. 那时他太小了，不能独自到学校去。

He was so \_\_\_\_\_ go to school alone.

5. 玛丽不仅自己喜欢下棋，还花很多时间教别人如何下棋。

Mary \_\_\_\_\_ how to play chess.

#### 十、文段表达

近日 APEC 会议正在北京召开，为配合其间峰会的圆满完成，11 月 3 日至 12 日，北京机动车实行单双号限行措施。在京中央和国家以及北京市机关、事业单位和社会团体等 11 月 7 日至 12 日调休放假，届时我们也将放假共 6 天，请写一篇短文（不少于 50 词），简述你认为在这 6 天中你应该注意什么，你打算如何安排这段时间以及为什么这样安排的原因，内容提示：1. What do you should pay attention to during these 6 days?

2. How are you going to arrange this holiday?

3. Explain the reasons why arrange it like this?



## 四、选择填空

22-26 CDBBA 27-30 DACB

## 五、完形填空

31-35 BDAAC 36-40 DBACA 41-42 BA

## 六、阅读理解

43-45 ABD 46-48 CBC 49-51 DAB 52-54 DDC

## 七、还原句子

55-58 DEBA

## 八、阅表

- 1、four/4.
- 2、After we buy something.
- 3、By listing all of our spending.
- 4、The budget money.
- 5、Do some steps to get control our daily money.

## 九、完成句子

- 69、Last but not least
- 70、send their children to China to learn in
- 71、more expensive in
- 72、to keep calm
- 73、The more popular is; the more

## 书面表达

- 1、What's wrong
- 2、Neither my mother nor I
- 3、You'd better not watch TV
- 4、young that he couldn't
- 5、not only like playing chess on her own but also spends much time teaching others.