

2022 北京丰台初二（上）期末

英 语

2022.01

考 生 须 知	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. 本试卷共 10 页，共六道大题，41 道小题。满分 60 分。考试时间 90 分钟。2. 在试卷和答题卡上认真填写学校名称、姓名和考号。3. 试题答案一律填涂或书写在答题卡上，在试卷上作答无效。4. 在答题卡上，选择题用 2B 铅笔作答，其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。5. 考试结束，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。
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知识运用 (共 14 分)

一、 单项填空 (共 6 分，每小题 0.5 分)

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. This is my sister. _____ name is Grace.

- A. My B. Its C. Her D. His

2. Cambridge is a beautiful city _____ the east of England.

- A. On B. at C. in D. to

3. — _____ did you travel to Shanghai?

— By train.

- A. What B. How C. Why D. When

4. Bring a coat _____ it will soon become cold.

- A. Because B. so C. but D. and

5. — Must I bring the dictionary to school?

— No, you _____.

- A. can't B. needn't C. shouldn't D. mustn't

6. Tony is _____ of the three boys. He can carry this big box.

- A. strong B. stronger C. strongest D. the strongest

7. Football is _____ than basketball in many countries.

- A. Popular B. more popular C. most popular D. the most popular

8. Betty usually _____ housework to help her mother, but her elder brother doesn't.

- A. Does B. do C. did D. is doing

9. — What were you doing at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon? — We _____ a tea party.

- A. Have B. had C. will have D. were having

10. My father and I _____ a table tennis game on TV last night.

- A. Watched B. watches C. will watch D. watch

11. If you want to visit Beijing Winter Olympic Park, I _____ a ticket for you tomorrow.

- A. Book B. books C. booked D. will book

12. My parents asked me _____ my sister with her schoolwork.

- A. help B. helping C. to help D. helped

二、完形填空（共 8 分，每小题 1 分）

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

Sand and Stone



Two friends, Ahmad and Ismail, were walking across the desert. The journey was long, and they were very tired from walking in the hot, hot sun. Ismail wanted to 13, but Ahmad was not ready for it. “We have a long way to go,” he said, “We must walk a few more kilometres before we can stop.”

They began to argue (争吵). Ahmad became so angry that he hit Ismail. Ismail fell to his knees in the sand. He was 14 and angry. With his finger, he wrote in the 15, “Here, my friend hit me.”

The friends went on their journey across the desert. Not a word was spoken between them. After a long time, they came to an oasis (绿洲) with palm trees and a pool of water. Excited, Ismail ran toward the cool water. But, as he came near the water, he 16 that he couldn't run any more.

The sand was wet. He was pulled down into it, and he couldn't climb out. He sank (下沉) further and further into the sand, and he became very 17. He shouted to Ahmad, “Help me! Help me!” Ahmad ran forward and reached across the dangerous sand. He took his friend's arm and pulled him to safety.

Then Ismail took out his 18 and on a stone near them, he carved (刻下) these words: “Here, my friend helped me.” “But why,” said Ahmad, “did you write in the sand when I hit you? But when I helped you, you carved the words in the stone?” “Ah,” said Ismail, “When you hit me, I wrote it in the sand because soon the 19 will blow the words away and I won't remember it any more. But when you helped me, I carved the words in the stone because I'll never 20 that.”

13. A. go B. run C. rest D. cry
14. A. sad B. pleased C. nervous D. excited
15. A. sky B. hand C. letter D. sand
16. A. saw B. found C. heard D. decided
17. A. afraid B. calm C. brave D. unhappy
18. A. map B. pen C. bottle D. knife
19. A. rain B. wind C. sun D. cloud
20. A. save B. correct C. forget D. remember


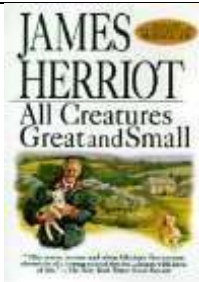

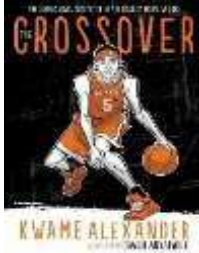
阅读理解 (共 32 分)

三、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。(共 22 分，每小题 2 分)

A

Enjoy a Great World of Books

Are you always busy with your studies and forget to read a story? April 2 is the perfect time for you to enjoy your favorite book. It is International Children's Book Day. Here are some of the best books for you.

	<p><i>The Giving Tree</i> by Shel Silverstein, US</p> <p>It is a tale (故事) about a young boy and a tree. The tree gives the boy everything he wants: branches to swing on, shade to sit in and apples to eat. At last, the tree lets the boy cut it down so the boy can build a boat to sail away. The tree is happy to give.</p>
	<p><i>All Creatures Great and Small</i> by James Herriot, UK</p> <p>For people living in big cities, a busy lifestyle can easily make them forget small beauties and touching moments. In the book, James tells us his experience as a vet in the English countryside. He shows us the wonderful relationship (关系) between man and animal with his loving eyes.</p>
	<p><i>The Forbidden Library</i> by Django Wexler, US</p> <p>Alice loves reading books in a huge library. But instead of simply reading them, she often finds herself suddenly inside the story. One day, she meets a boy, Isaac, who is secretly living in the library. Lots of adventures are waiting for Alice and Isaac! How interesting!</p>
	<p><i>The Crossover</i> by Kwame Alexander, US</p> <p>Twins (双胞胎) Josh and Jordan are junior high basketball stars. They live happily with their family. But as they grow older, they begin to move apart from each other. The book tells us growing is both sweet and painful, but the love of a family makes us grow up finally.</p>

21. _____ is about a young boy and a tree.

- A. *The Giving Tree* B. *All Creatures Great and Small*
C. *The Forbidden Library* D. *The Crossover*

22. _____ shows us the wonderful relationship between man and animal.

- A. Shel Silverstein B. James Herriot
C. Django Wexler D. Kwame Alexander

23. According to the passage, _____ makes us grow up finally.

- A. The happiness to give B. The love to animals
C. The adventures in life D. The love of a family

B

Late

Martin is in a hurry. He is late for work again.

Martin's boss doesn't like it when he is late. Martin was late last week. His

boss told him not to be late again. He really wasn't joking either. He was serious. "I mean it." Martin remembers him saying.

Martin thinks he might lose his job if he is late again.

The time is now 7:15 am. Martin needs to be at work by 7:30. It takes him 22 minutes to drive to work.

"Things don't look good." he says to himself.

Martin runs out of the house. He jumps in his car. He puts the car in reverse (倒退) and backs up without looking.

BOOM! There is a sound like someone hitting a drum. Martin's car stops. He has hit the car parked behind him.

"Oh, no!" Martin shouts. He is angry now.

Martin looks at his watch. It is 7:18. He needs to get to work. He looks around. There is no one on the street. There is no one nearby. He looks in the parked car. It is empty. Martin drives off quickly. He gets to work 10 minutes late.

Martin's boss is not around. "Thank goodness," he says to himself.

He stops worrying. He sits at his desk to work.

During lunch, Martin goes out to the parking lot. He looks at his car. There is a big dent (凹痕) in the back. Then he thinks about the other car—the car he hit this morning. "I know that car is damaged (被损坏的) too." he thinks.

He feels sorry.

"That was not right." Martin says to himself.

He will see if the car is still outside his house when he gets off work.

Whatever, he will make up for it. "A man should always be responsible (负责的) for whatever mistakes he makes."

He says to himself.

24. What does Martin think will happen if he is late for work again?

- A. He will lose some money. B. He will lose his job.
C. He will buy a new watch. D. He will buy a new car.

25. Why does Martin look around after he has hit the car?

- A. He needs some help from others.
B. He needs to check his work time.
C. He wants a free ride to get to work.
D. He wants to check if anyone sees him.

26. When does Martin get to work at last?

- A. At 7:28. B. At 7:37. C. At 7:40. D. At 7:52.

27. What can we learn from this story?

- A. We should try not to hit others' cars.
B. We should always go to work on time.
C. We should not be in a hurry and keep calm.
D. We should take the responsibility for our mistakes.

C

Polar Bears Could Die Out by the End of the Century



The heating of Earth is pushing the number of polar bears to get smaller and smaller. According to a new study, they could die out in fewer than 100 years.

Polar bears are animals which live by eating sea seals in the Arctic Ocean. As more and more sea ice melts (融

化), their living places become to **shrink**. The loss (丧失) of sea ice began to be paid more attention at the end of

the 1970s. Since then, sea ice that lasts for more than a year in the Arctic has

Studies have long shown that the growing loss of sea ice will lead to a dangerous situation for polar bears, but the new research shown in Nature Climate Change has given us a clear dying out timeline. Polar bears will be unable to live because

of the climate (气候) change over the next several decades (十年). The scientists believe they will completely die out by 2100.

“What we’ve found out is that, first, it will be very difficult for cubs (幼崽) to be born and live. Even if cubs are born, the mother polar bears won’t have enough body fat (脂肪) to produce milk to bring them along through the ice-free season.” said Dr. Steven Amstrup, a scientist of Polar Bears International, to the BBC. “Any of us knows that we can’t go without food for a long time. That’s a natural need for all humans and animals.”

The research also shows that, even in a situation where many countries have done a lot of work to save polar bears, several populations (族群) of polar bears will die out. But Amstrup strongly believes that the animals can still do whatever they can do to live if the climate change does not go on getting worse.

“We must show how dangerous the situation is, because we have to do something now to stop the worst of future problems.” He said. “The way we’re on now is not good enough, but if society can do something together, we will have time to save polar bears. And if we do, we will do great good to other lives on

Earth, and to ourselves too.”

28. The word “**shrink**” in Paragraph 2 probably means “_____”.

A. get bigger B. get lighter C. get smaller D. get heavier

29. According to the passage, polar bears will probably die out because _____.

A. sea seals in the Arctic Ocean don’t have enough body fat.

B. sea ice becomes less because of the climate change.

C. the new research has given a dying out timeline.

D. fewer animal scientists pay attention to them.

30. What is Paragraph 4 mainly about?

A. Why cubs are hard to be born and live in ice-free season.

B. Why humans and animals can’t live through without food.

C. Why mother polar bears can’t produce enough milk for cubs.

D. Why Dr. Steven Amstrup does the research about polar bears.

31. What is Dr. Steven Amstrup’s opinion (观点) on what many countries have done?

A. What they have done works well, so polar bears will not die out.

B. What they have done doesn’t do any good, so they need to change.

C. What they have done is useful but not enough, so they need to do more.

D. What they have done makes things worse, so polar bears will die out soon.

四、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。(共 10 分，每小题 2 分)

Traveling to another country is exciting and fun. But if you don’t learn about local traditions, your trip may get into trouble. To help stop things like that, I list some cultural taboos (禁忌) in several countries. Let’s take a look and then you can have a great trip there.

Mexico

In Mexico, bringing an expensive gift to someone’s home is a no-no. It could be seen as a bribe (贿赂). For local people, some simple things like flowers are good gifts. But you shouldn’t take along red flowers, because in Mexican culture, they symbolize death and can be connected with witchcraft (巫术).

The US

Americans have a tradition of tipping (给小费). You can tip waiters, taxi drivers, hotel doormen...nearly anyone with a service job.

Pay attention when you talk with Americans. Questions like "How old are you?" may be common between friends. But as tourists in the US, it is not polite to ask people's age.

Britain

British people are known for queuing (排队). From the supermarket to the underground, queues are very common in Britain. Usually, it takes a British person six months of their life in queues. If you jump the queue in Britain, you may make them angry.

Japan

You should never wear shoes indoors in Japan. When visiting someone's home,

it is rude to enter with shoes on. Shoes should be taken off at the door and replaced with indoor slippers (拖鞋)

This is also the same when you try clothes on in a clothes shop. You should take off your shoes before going into the fitting room (试衣间). There are indoor shoes prepared for customers inside.

32. What are good gifts for local people in Mexico?
33. Why shouldn't tourists ask people's age in the US?
34. How long does it usually take a British person in queues?
35. What should you do before going into the fitting room in Japan?
36. What is the passage mainly about?

书面表达 (共 14 分)

五、完成句子 (共 4 分, 每小题 1 分)

根据中文提示完成下列英文句子, 每空一词。

37. 为什么不把你的想法记在笔记本上呢?

_____ write down your ideas in your notebook?

38. 北京以丰富的传统文化和小吃而闻名。

Beijing is _____ its rich traditional culture and snacks.

39. 请给我几个小时考虑一下这个计划好吗?

Would you please give me a few hours to _____ this plan?

40. 请不要拿走这本书, 你只能在图书馆看它。

Please don't _____ the book. You can only read it in the library.

六、文段表达 (10 分)

41. 根据中英文提示, 完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

假如你是李华, 你在《21 世纪学生英文报》看到初二学生张明提出的有关英语学习的困惑, 他总是忘记新学的单词, 并且很难理解篇幅较长的文章, 他对此很焦虑。请你针对他的问题, 提出恰当的建议, 并分享有效的英语学习方法。

提示词语: forget, spell, remember, understand, main idea

提示问题: ● What advice can you give to help him solve his problems?

● What other ways are useful for learning English?

Dear Zhang Ming,

I've read your questions about English learning in the newspaper. I'm writing to give you some help. _____.

_____.

If there is anything more that I can help with, please let me know.

*Yours,
Li Hua*