

# 2022 北京大兴初三（上）期末

## 英 语

考 生 须 知	1. 本试卷共 9 页，共两部分，共 39 题，满分 60 分，考试时间 90 分钟。 2. 在试卷和草稿纸上准确填写姓名、准考证号、考场号和座位号。 3. 试题答案一律填涂或书写在答题卡上，在试卷上作答无效。 4. 在答题卡上，选择题用 2B 铅笔作答，其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。 5. 考试结束，请将本试卷、答题卡和草稿纸一并交回。
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### 第一部分

本部分共 33 题，共 40 分。在每题列出的四个选项中，选出最符合题目要求的一项。

#### 一、单项填空（每题 0.5 分，共 6 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1.—Welcome to \_\_\_\_\_ school!

—Thank you. Your school is very beautiful.

A. your                      B. their                      C. his                      D. our

2.Yesterday I called him \_\_\_\_\_ 8:30, but nobody answered.

A. by                      B. at                      C. in                      D. on

3.He ran as fast as possible, \_\_\_\_\_ he didn't get there on time.

A. And                      B. but                      C. or                      D. so

4.—May I use your computer for games, Mum?

—No. You \_\_\_\_\_ finish your homework first.

A. must                      B. can                      C. would                      D. will

5.—\_will you have the meeting?

—Tomorrow morning.

A. When                      B. Why                      C. What                      D. Where

6.Beijing is one of \_\_\_\_\_ cities in our country.

A. large                      B. larger                      C. largest                      D. the largest

7.If it \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow I won't go to the park.

A. rain                      B. rains                      C. will rain                      D. rained

8.—What were you doing when the fire broke out?

—I \_\_\_\_\_ my homework.

A. do                      B. am doing                      C. was doing                      D. did

9.Mr. White \_\_\_\_\_ us English for 3 years since he came here.

A. is teaching                      B. taught                      C. teaches                      D. has taught

10.—Mom, where is Dad?

—He \_\_\_\_\_ newspapers in the study.



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A. reads                      B. read                      C. is reading                      D. was reading

11.— Nowadays, phones\_\_in many ways.

— Yes, they are the most useful inventions in the world.

A. use                      B. were used                      C. are used                      D. will use

12.—Excuse me, could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_tomorrow?

—Well, it will start at 7:30.

A. when the meeting will start                      B. when will the meeting start  
C. when did the meeting start                      D. when the meeting started



## 二、完形填空（每题 1 分，共 8 分）

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

### The Price of a Miracle

Tess was an eight-year-old girl when she heard her Mom and Dad talking about her little brother, Andrew. All she knew was that he was very sick and they were completely out of money.

Only a very expensive operation could save him now and it was looking like there was no-one to\_13\_ them the money. She heard her Dad say to her Mom, “Only a miracle(奇迹) can save him now.” So she decided to do something for her brother by herself.

Back to her bedroom, Tess pulled out a glass jar, took all the coins out on the floor and counted them carefully. No chance here for mistakes. With the jar in her hands, she went out the back door\_14\_ and walked a long way to a drug store.

Tess waited patiently for the pharmacist to give her some \_\_\_\_\_15\_\_\_\_\_ but he was too entirely talking to a well-dressed man.

Finally the pharmacist\_\_\_\_\_17\_\_\_\_\_ Tess. “And what do you want?” the pharmacist asked. “I’m talking to my brother whom I haven’t seen for ages,” he explained. “Well, I want to talk to you about my brother.” Tess answered back. “He’s really, really sick... and I want to buy a miracle.”

“I beg your pardon?” said the pharmacist. “His name is Andrew and he is badly ill and my Dad says only a miracle can save him now.” Tess explained, “So how much does a miracle\_17\_?” Hearing this, the pharmacist was too confused to say a word.

The pharmacist’s brother stooped(弯腰) down and asked the little girl, “What kind of a miracle does your brother need?” “I don’t know,” Tess replied with tears in her eyes. “I just know he needs an operation. But my Dad can’t pay for it, so I want to use my \_\_\_\_\_18\_\_\_\_\_.”

“How much do you have?” asked the man. “One dollar and eleven cents.” Tess answered.

“A dollar and eleven cents — the\_\_\_\_\_19\_\_\_\_\_price of a miracle for your little brother.” Then he said, “Take me to where you live. Let’s see if I have the kind of miracle you need.”

That well-dressed man was a famous doctor. The operation was \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_\_ with the “miracle” and it wasn’t long until Andrew was home again and doing well.



13. A. throw                      B. lend                      C. show                      D. throw  
 14. A. widely                      B. wisely                      C. secretly                      D. happily  
 15. A. praise                      B. attention                      C. care                      D. support  
 16. A. noticed                      B. found                      C. chose                      D. helped  
 17. A. change                      B. produce                      C. increase                      D. cost  
 18. A. money                      B. skills                      C. mind                      D. hand  
 19. A. low                      B. high                      C. exact                      D. perfect  
 20. A. invented                      B. stolen                      C. prevented                      D. completed






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三、阅读理解（每题 2 分，共 26 分）

阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

A

Different Choices for Your National Holidays	
Cruising the Yangtze River 	The Yangtze River cruise is the most popular cruise in China with beautiful natural scenery(风景) and places of cultural interest along the way. The ship frequently stops so that you can have a short break and explore the attractions along the river banks. The Yangtze River in October is painted with bright fall colors and the weather is quite comfortable. It will be a pleasant time to stand on the deck(甲板) and enjoy the scenery.
Traveling the Silk Road 	Traveling China's Silk Road is a journey into China's ancient history and culture. You can experience different things: Eastern and Central Asian culture, natural and man-made wonders, dry desert and Alpine mountain scenery. The best time to travel to the Silk Road is from May to October. Weather conditions are pleasant from late spring to early autumn and the scenery is amazing.
Viewing the Qinghai Lake 	Qinghai Lake is in the northwest of China. Although autumn is not the best time to visit the lake, the season offers a different kind of beauty. The lake is quieter and more peaceful in autumn when it is decorated with yellow grasslands and snow-capped mountains. Standing on the banks, you can have a wide view of the scenery and you can also enjoy the natural beauty. This huge lake and quiet environment will make you feel peaceful.

21. The Yangtze River cruise is \_\_\_\_\_ one in China.  
 A. the most expensive                      B. the most dangerous  
 C. the most popular                      D. the most boring
22. When is the best time to travel the Silk Road?  
 A. From April to October.                      B. From May to October  
 C. From May to December                      D. All year round

23. According to the passage, the scenery of Qinghai Lake may make you feel

- \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. noisy                      B. bored                      C. excited                      D. peaceful

**B**

Karie checked the words carefully on her spelling test. If she got 100 percent today, she'd win her class's Spelling Challenge and a new dictionary. Plus, Ms. Green had promised to do a handstand if anyone got a perfect score. Three more words to go. N-i-c-e-l-y. Q-u-i-c-k-l-y. H-o-n-e-s-t-y. Wait! She'd spelled *honesty*, not *honestly*! She deleted the t-y and wrote l-y before handing in her paper.

After break, Ms. Green walked to the front of the room and cleared her throat. Then, as if she were an Olympic gymnast, Ms. Green's feet flipped into the air. "Congratulations, Karie! You did it!" she announced while upside down. The whole class cheered! Ms. Green presented Karie with her prize. Karie smiled happily for her perfect in spelling.



After school, Karie rushed in to her home. "Everything's PERFECT!" She shouted, showing Mom her spelling test and prize. Karie picked up her cat. "Can you spell *nicely*, Casper? And *quickly* and *honestly*, and ..." Karie's stomach tumbled (坍塌) to the floor. *Honesty*? H-O-N-E-S-L-Y!

After that, Karie stepped down the hall and fell onto her bed. How could she tell the class she hadn't earned the prize after all? That Ms. Green did the handstand for nothing? Karie pulled out the test paper. It wasn't her fault that Ms. Green had given her the prize. Shouldn't Ms. Green have been more careful when grading her test? If, no one would ever know.

The next morning, Karie's hands shook. She gave her teacher the spelling paper and the dictionary. "I can't keep this. I misspelled *honestly* and you didn't catch it." "I see." For a moment, Ms. Green picked up the pen. She crossed out the word "*perfect*" and wrote "*honest*" before handing the dictionary back to Karie. "I get to keep this? Honestly?" "For honestly, no." Ms. Green smiled, "But for honesty, yes."

24. Karie took part in \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a speaking test                      B. a Spelling Challenge  
C. a handstand test                      D. an Olympic event

25. At home, after Karie noticed her mistake, she \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. felt very upset  
B. felt very happy secretly  
C. put the missing t back in  
D. deleted the t-y and wrote l-y

26. Why did Ms. Green give the prize back to Karie?

- A. Because Karie told the truth.  
B. Because Karie got 100 percent.  
C. Because Ms. Green was not careful.  
D. Because Ms. Green crossed out the word "perfect".



## C

### Why do we celebrate festivals?

It is human nature to love celebrations. Some festivals have been celebrated for centuries or thousands of years. So, what are the reasons behind all these celebrations?

#### Festival is a Part of Culture

Some festivals are celebrated in memory of an important person or an important event, such as the Dragon Boat Festival in China and the Independence Day in the U.S. Some festivals are celebrated to welcome new life, such as the Spring Festival in China and Easter(复活节) in western countries. All these festivals are of great importance and have become necessary parts of the country's culture.

#### Festival is a Part of Social and Economic Life

People also celebrate festivals for social and economic(经济) reasons. Festivals can bring freshness to life and they can also help us reduce boredom. The celebrations of a national festival are also good chances to make people feel closer and become more united. Besides, a country's economy may get active because of the celebration of some festivals.

#### Festival Can be Scientific

Festivals can also be celebrated for scientific reasons. But how and why a celebration can be scientific? The reason is psychological(心理的). Have you heard about Placebo Effects(安慰剂效应)? Just imagine that there would be a celebration of an event, a patient may start feeling better because of the event. And these feelings can work as medicine and the patient may get well without any treatment. Sometimes a person gets well from a serious illness just by thinking he should remain alive so that his family members could celebrate festivals together. So festivals can sometimes work as a reason for living.



History repeats. But can we stop repeating the mistakes of history? Yes, we can do so by celebrating festivals. When we celebrate festivals, we also remember the historical events related to them. Science has affected the history of the world by creating new inventions and new technology to celebrate the festivals but it has also caused disasters(灾难). The celebration of Diwali in India with fireworks is a festival but the atomic bombs during the war is a disaster. National festivals like Independence Day, remind us of the history of the nation and the efforts that the country had made for freedom.

27. According to the passage, Mid-Autumn Festival is probably \_\_\_\_\_.

Atomic bomb

- A. a part of social life  
B. a part of economic life  
C. a part of scientific life  
D. a part of historical life

28. Which of the following would be the best heading for Paragraph 5?

- A. Festivals Can Affect History  
B. Festivals Can Remind Us of History  
C. Festivals Can be Disasters in the History  
D. Festivals Can Repeat Mistakes in the History

29. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Festivals can help history to repeat.  
B. Festivals are the most important events in the world.  
C. The Dragon Boat Festival is celebrated for economic reasons.  
D. Festival celebrations can sometimes benefit the economy of a country.



## D

### Great BDIA—Beijing Daxing International Airport

Have you ever taken a flight from Beijing Daxing International Airport (BDIA)? It drew attention not just for convenient and environmentally friendly design, but also for its many high-tech facilities(设施) and services.

The new airport, designed by the famous Iraqi-British architect (建筑师) Zaha Hadid, The Daxing airport's technology centers on passengers' safety and convenience. The airport was designed in a special way that makes it look like a starfish. This kind of design also helps to shorten the walking distance for passengers.

The airport has also been designed to be environmentally friendly. It uses natural light during the day. Thanks in part to 8,000 rooftop windows, the sunlight can shine directly into the building.

There are less than 10,000 lights in the terminal. The brightness of the lights can be changed according to the temperature inside and how many people are in the building. The lights use 70 percent less power than the lights of the Beijing Capital International Airport, which uses more than 20,000 lights. This can save about 8,850 tons of coal and reduce carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions (排放) by 22,000 tons a year, China Daily reported.

The airport has many new technologies that make it smarter and more **efficient**. It is the world's first airport with a double-deck departure and arrival (双进双出) design for its building. "Passengers use much less time than they do in any other large airport of the same size in the world," Guo Yanchi, the leading engineer in charge of building, told China Daily.

According to the Civil Aviation Administration of China,

86 percent of check-ins can be done through self-service check-in kiosks and 76 percent of luggage can be checked automatically (自动地) with the help of self-service bag-drop machines. Other technologies, such as a facial recognition system, allow passengers to have a quicker check-in and boarding process.

30. The airport will also use a robot-operated parking system. Drivers just need to park their cars in given areas. Robots will then carry them to an empty space. When collecting their cars, drivers simply need to scan (扫描) a parking ticket to find out where to collect their cars.

31. Why do we say BDIA's design is friendly to our environment?

- A. The building of the airport doesn't cost too much.
- B. It can save energy and reduce carbon dioxide emissions.
- C. The design helps to shorten the walking distance for passengers.
- D. It was designed by legendary Iraqi-British architect Zaha Hadid.

32. The underlined word "**efficient**" in paragraph 5 probably means "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. modern
- B. creative
- C. time-saving
- D. energy-saving

33. What do we know from the last two paragraphs?

- A. Robots will help passengers board.
- B. Passengers won't need to check in in person.
- C. Passengers will spend less time boarding at BDIA.
- D. Machines will probably replace human workers at the airport.

34. The passage mainly tells us \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. how the Iraqi-British architect designed BDIA
- B. why BDIA is designed into the shape of a starfish
- C. how high technology helps BDIA to be environmental friendly
- D. that high technology has made BDIA the first class airport in the world



## 第二部分

本部分共 6 题，共 20 分。根据题目要求，完成相应任务。

### 四、阅读表达（每题 2 分，共 10 分）

阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

#### Global Warming

Satter lives in Bonnotola (BT) in southwestern Bangladesh(孟加拉国). The small seaside village was once home to 2,000 people. Most of them were farmers, like Satter. But rising seas poisoned(毒化) the soil with salt water. Two major storms in the last two years destroyed the mud barriers(土坝) that protected the village from the sea. Today, only 480 people remain.

"The effects of global warming are destroying parts of Bangladesh," said Mohammad who is the head of the research center PRD.

Salt in soil has increased by 26 percent over the past 35 years. In 1973, 833,000 hectares of land were poisoned by sea water. Areas of fresh water were also poisoned. This grew to 1.02 million hectares in 2000, and 1.056 million hectares in 2009, reports Bangladesh's SRDI.

At BT village, the women walk up to 4 kilometers to a well to collect water for cooking and drinking every day. Wells in the area only have fresh water in the months after yearly heavy rains. In the summer, fresh water is difficult to find, said one of the women, Halder.

The villages lie in Bangladesh's southwestern Shyamnagar area. The area is home to 400,000 people. Officials say the government does not have the money to build desalination factories. "The area needs maybe 500 desalination factories. But we've only got 50," said Alamgir head of a local organization.

The United Nations made a report that warned global warming would get worse in the coming years even if humans immediately stopped producing carbon gas.

After the UN report, the question remains: Will world leaders choose to protect the environment?

No matter what the world leaders do, there are a lot of ways individual(个体) people can make choices to protect the environment. People can change what they eat or travel without getting on an airplane, for example.

Benjamin Clarysse is a bio-engineer who works with a number of environmental groups in northern Belgium. He warns, political leaders still need to promise changes. They cannot just depend on citizens doing their part. "They cannot just say that everyone should just do a little bit of the work," Clarysse said. "Depending on just the goodwill of people won't get you there."



35. What destroyed the mud barriers from the Village BT?

36. Why do women walk up to a well at BT village every day?

37. How many desalination factories does Shyamnagar area have?

38. According to the passage, who are supposed to protect the environment?

39. How can we deal with global warming?



## 五、文段表达（10分）

40.从下面两个题目中任选一题，根据中文和英文提示，完成一篇不少于50词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

### 题目①

假如你是李华，一名北京的初三学生。你和你的英国网友 Jack 正通过电子邮件讨论这样一件事：你父母经常要求你做一些你不愿意做的事，你不知道如何应对。在邮件中，请你告诉 Jack，你和你父母之间有哪些问题，以及你的感受，并希望得到建议。

提示词语：**different opinions, unwilling, extra-lessons, directly**

提示问题：● What trouble do you have with your parents?

- How do you feel?

<p><i>Dear Jack,</i></p> <hr/> <p><i>Recently I'm having trouble with my parents.</i></p> <hr/> <hr/>
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### 题目②

健康是人们学习、工作和生活的基础。同学们在学习之余也不要忘记锻炼。假如你是初三学生李华，今天是你们的英文班会日。请你写一篇题为“My healthy life”的短文在班会上分享，谈谈你现在的学习状态是怎样的，同学们应该怎么样兼顾学习和锻炼。

提示词语：**busy, sleep, eye exercise, relax**

提示问题：● How is your study life this year? Please give an example.

- How can students balance study and exercise?

<p><i>My Healthy Life</i></p> <hr/> <p><i>We students of junior 3 are usually quite busy in study.</i></p> <hr/> <hr/>
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# 2022 北京大兴初三（上）期末英语

## 参考答案

### 第一部分

#### 一、单项填空

- |      |       |       |       |
|------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. D | 2. B  | 3. B  | 4. A  |
| 5. A | 6. D  | 7. B  | 8. C  |
| 9. D | 10. C | 11. C | 12. A |

#### 二、完形填空

- |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 13. B | 14. C | 15. B | 16. A |
| 17. D | 18. A | 19. C | 20. D |

#### 三、阅读理解

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 21. C | 22. B | 23. D | 24. B | 25. A |
| 26. A | 27. A | 28. B | 29. D | 30. B |
| 31. C | 32. C | 33. D |       |       |

### 第二部分

#### 四、阅读表达

34. Two major storms in the last two years destroyed the mud barriers that protected the village from the sea.  
/Two major storms in the last two years. / Two major storms/ Storms.

35. Because they want to collect water. /To collect water for cooking and drinking. / To collect water. / For water.

For cooking/drinking 1 分

36. They have 50 desalination factories. / Fifty. /50.

37. World leaders and individual people are supposed to protect the environment together. / Political leaders and citizens. / Every one.

38. We can change what we eat or travel. /We can go to school by bike. / We should use less plastic bags.

#### 五、文段表达

39. 参考范文:

#### 题目①

**One possible version:**

Dear Jack,

Recently I' m having trouble with my parents. They often force me to do something I don' t want to do. For example, they forced me to take may extra class lessons, like piano lessons. But in fact, I have little interest in it. I just don' t know how to talk with them. I don' t want to let them down. Can you help me to find a way to talk to them directly?

Yours,



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题目②



Li Hua

One possible version:

We students of Junior 3 are usually quite busy with study. We have to do much homework, so we always sleep quite late. But It's not good for our health. At school, we should do eye exercise every day, because it is good for our health. On weekends, we can go mountain climbing or go swimming with our friends. Only with a good health condition can we learn better.

