



英语试卷

姓名 _____ 学校 _____ 准考证号

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考生须知	<p>1. 本试卷共 10 页，共五道大题，39 道小题，满分 60 分，考试时间 90 分钟。</p> <p>2. 在试卷和答题卡上准确填写姓名、学校、准考证号。</p> <p>3. 试题答案一律填涂或书写在答题卡上，在试卷上作答无效。</p> <p>4. 在答题卡上，选择题用 2B 铅笔作答，其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。</p> <p>5. 考试结束，请将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。</p>
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知识运用（共 14 分）

一、单项填空（共 6 分，每小题 0.5 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

- Are these books _____, Dad?
— Yes. I'm looking for them. Thank you.
A. yours B. his C. hers D. theirs
- J.K. Rowling's *Harry Potter* series was completed _____ 2007.
A. for B. in C. with D. from
- _____ did Yao Ming win his teammates' respect?
— By his personality and hard work.
A. When B. Where C. How D. Why
- Tom, where is Ben?
— Look, he _____ the fence for me in the garden.
A. painted B. paints C. will paint D. is painting
- I think dogs are our friends. They _____ look after our home.
A. can B. might C. must D. need
- As a book lover, which do you like _____, e-books or paper books?
— Both give me the pleasure of reading.
A. well B. better C. best D. the best
- Matthew Cuthbert was a quiet man _____ didn't speak much.
A. which B. who C. that D. whom
- How do astronauts drink in space?
— They use special bags for drinks _____ the drink stay inside.
A. so...that B. because C. so that D. since



9. Steve Jobs _____ many digital products. He died in 2011.
A. invents B. will invent C. was inventing D. invented
10. My neighbor Ms Li _____ piano lessons to children for three years.
A. teaches B. taught C. has taught D. will teach
11. Since many of da Vinci's inventions were far ahead of their time, they _____ hundreds of years later.
A. were tested B. was tested C. is tested D. will be tested
12. — Jenny, could you tell me _____ London?
— Sure. Next Sunday.
A. when Mr. Smith left B. when will Mr. Smith leave
C. when did Mr. Smith leave D. when Mr. Smith will leave

二、完形填空（共 8 分，每小题 1 分）

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

Believe in yourself

Dad was not only my best friend, but also my compass (指南针). While he was alive, he 13 me with his actions and advice. He taught me one important lesson: "Believe in yourself."

If there was one phrase my dad never liked to hear, it was "I can't." At that time, he took two jobs to 14 his large family, but he never complained.

When I was in high school, I had a 15 time with math. My math teacher tried to help me, but I was still poor in math. So my math teacher suggested I meet with him at 7:00 each morning before school for extra help.

I told Dad, "That's 16 ! I'm tired! I can't do that!" He replied, "You're doing it. I'll send you to school."

Every morning at 6:45, we'd leave the 17 . Although working 12 hours every day, Dad never missed driving me to school.

After months of learning, I was facing the final exam. I was so nervous. On the day of the final, my dad hugged me and said, "Luke, 18 yourself. You can do it." His words made me realize I needed to trust in my ability and in the hours of work I'd put in. When I got my grade 19 , the first person I called was my father. He cried, "Yes! You deserved (该奖[罚]的, 理所当然的) it!"

Even now, whenever I worry that a task is too much for me, I think back to that 20 . No matter how hard something is, if you're willing to work, you can succeed. I'm forever thankful to Dad for that lesson.




- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 13. A. raised | B. forced | C. guided | D. benefited |
| 14. A. support | B. celebrate | C. treasure | D. provide |
| 15. A. final | B. creative | C. silent | D. terrible |
| 16. A. wonderful | B. crazy | C. expensive | D. necessary |
| 17. A. house | B. school | C. office | D. farm |
| 18. A. jot down | B. deal with | C. believe in | D. look after |
| 19. A. honestly | B. shyly | C. carelessly | D. proudly |
| 20. A. action | B. exam | C. help | D. class |

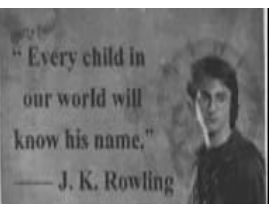
阅读理解 (共 36 分)

三、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。(共 26 分，每小题 2 分)

A




<http://ourtopic.com/nature/season/favouriteseason/>



We all know that his name is **Harry Potter**. And we all know that *Harry Potter* written by J.K. Rowling. I began to read the books when I was 12. It has influenced my life a lot. Here are some fans' stories about the influence of the books on them.

Alan / UK
👍 Share (13)
🏠 Support (16)



Like Harry, I'd lost my mother. *Harry Potter* helped me face it.

My mother had been dead by the time I read *Harry Potter*. Though I was an 11-year-old girl, I understood a little of how Harry felt, I remember staying up to read it through the night and ending up crying as Lily Potter, Harry's mother, said to him—"You've been so brave." Those are the kind of words you want to hear when you've lost a parent. They hit your heart sometimes, in the most beautiful way. I think I can be a lot stronger than before.

Sara / Canada
👍 Share (10)
🏠 Support (21)



Richard/ UK

I didn't want to read, until my friends told me about a wizard (魔法师) called Harry. I didn't like reading until I heard a lot of my friends reading *Harry Potter*. I read it from the first page to the last page at the age of 14. As Harry, Hermione and Ron grew up, I grew up, too. *Harry Potter* showed me that reading could be enjoyable. It changed my life because it led me to love reading.

Share (4)

Support (7)



Jessica/ Germany

I was lonely, and *Harry Potter* helped me get better.

When I was 16, my family moved away to a foreign country. I lived with my uncle and his family. At that time, I was lonely. Times were grey, but *Harry Potter* always gave me something to look forward to. The books helped me understand that I could talk to my friends, depend on them. And the books have taught us to care about others. Thanks to J.K. Rowling. How I wish to get her autograph (亲笔签名).

Share (8)

Support (15)

21. When did Sara begin to read *Harry Potter*?
 - A. At the age of 11.
 - B. At the age of 12.
 - C. At the age of 14.
 - D. At the age of 16.
22. Who will probably ask for J. K. Rowling's autograph according to the passage?
 - A. Alan.
 - B. Jessica.
 - C. Sara.
 - D. Richard.
23. What is the best title for the passage?
 - A. How to Read *Harry Potter*
 - B. Every Child Knows *Harry Potter*
 - C. Reading *Harry Potter* Is Enjoyable
 - D. How *Harry Potter* Changed My Life

B

Living alone

I saved the grain (谷物) carefully and finally had enough to plant. I built a wall around my garden to keep the wild goats away.

Then when my crop (庄稼) bore its fruit, the birds discovered it. The birds were not afraid of my dog at all. I shot them but as soon as I walked away, they returned. At last, I killed some birds and hung them among the crop, hoping they would serve as the scarecrows (稻草人), which turned out to be successful. By harvest time, I had nearly two bushels of rice and two and a half bushels of wheat.



With my new grain to store, I found **a new problem**. The fine grain ran through my baskets. It took me nearly two months to form and dry two ugly pots — one for rice and one for wheat.

Next I formed a clay oven and made some other tools from hard wood and cloth to bake bread. I made and baked bread in my oven. I spent the third year on the island in farming and baking.

Soon after that, I began to think of my days sailing in a tidy boat with Xury. I wished to have a boat and explore the island by sea. I tried to turn over the ship's boat that I had seen washed up, but failed. I was still determined (坚决的) to have a boat. So I chose a strong tree and spent weeks cutting it down. Then it took me months to turn it from tree to boat.

When it was time to launch, I realized I had made my boat too far from the nearest stream. The boat was far too heavy for me to move. I tried bringing the water to the boat instead of the boat to the water. I soon saw it would take me twenty years of constant (恒久的; 继续不断的) labor.

I celebrated my fourth year on the island with two boats, but I was no closer to a sea journey.

— Taken from *The Adventures of Robinson Crusoe*

24. Paragraph 2 mainly tells us _____ .
- A. how much rice and wheat I harvested
 - B. how I protected my crop from the birds
 - C. how many tools which I made to bake bread
 - D. how I kept the wild goats away from my crop
25. What does “a new problem” in Paragraph 3 refer to?
- A. How to plant crop.
 - B. How to make the ship's boat.
 - C. How to store grain.
 - D. How to bring the boat into the river.
26. What can we infer from the passage?
- A. The writer managed to turn over the ships boat.
 - B. The writer spent months bringing the boat to the nearest stream.
 - C. The writer spent the third year on the island in farming and baking.
 - D. The writer tried to solve the problems with his courage and wisdom.

C

Every country has its heroes. The heroes are the people the nation and especially the young people admire. If you get a list of the heroes of a nation, it will tell you the potential (潜力) of that nation.

Today in America, if you ask the high school students to list their heroes, their choice would probably fall into three groups. The first group of heroes would be the rock stars —the people connected with rock music. There is no doubt that such people



do have talent but one wonders if one should hold up rock stars as a model. The rock stars too often are mixed with drugs and their personal life is not all that good. The rock stars are rich and wear the latest fashion styles. However, one should seek (寻觅) more in a hero than such things as money and good clothes.

A second type of hero for the American youth is the sports star. Again you have a person who has a great ability in one area---sports. However, too often the personal life of the sports star is a bit of a disorder. Too frequently (频繁) drugs and drinking are a part of life of the sports star.

A third type of hero is the TV or movie star. This person may have lots of acting talent and is quite handsome. However, the personal life of too many actors is quite sad and they should not be held up as a model of young people. Today, the rock star, the athlete, and the actor all have become the models of the youth in America. Really, do you hear a young person say that his hero is a doctor, a teacher, or a scientist? These people are not rich and do not wear fashionable clothes. However, they are talented people who work hard to make the world a better place for everyone.

What is really sad is that the young try to imitate their heroes. They like to wear the same clothes and follow their styles. If the heroes of today for the American young people are limited only to rock stars, athletes and actors, the future does not look too bright.

27. From the passage, we know that the heroes the American youth admire are those _____.
- A. who are perfect in all areas.
 - B. who are not bright but are good -looking.
 - C. who are rich but are strict with themselves.
 - D. who are talented in some area but lead an improper life.
28. According to the writer, people should admire those _____.
- A. who are rich and wear the latest fashion clothes
 - B. who work for the interests of the people
 - C. who can express people' s feelings
 - D. whose personal life is good
29. What is the writer's attitude towards American youth's admiration?
- A. He understands it.
 - B. He criticizes it.
 - C. He is angry about it.
 - D. He is uninterested in it.



D

Questions you should not ask a foreigner

After speaking to a number of foreigners, you might be forgiven for thinking that no question could be ruder than “How old are you?”

Yes, asking a person’s age will likely get you into trouble, especially if you ask a woman. However, money is just as difficult to ask about as age.

In western countries, a person’s salary (薪水) is as private as their age. US manners expert Thomas P. Farley explained why it is a taboo (禁忌). “So much of who we are is based on what we do professionally (专业地), and by extension (引申开来), what we earn,” he told Forbes magazine. “In American society, much of the respect we get from others is tied to what we earn. So the subject can be touchy.”



In western countries, it’s rude to ask a person’s salary. CFP

But maybe you are feeling brave and still want to try to find out how much your foreign friend earns. How can you ask the question tactfully?

Do not ask, “How much money do you make?” The most likely reply will be, “That’s none of your business.” You may then feel bad. Without knowing, you will have made a big cultural mistake. Get over it and try again another time.

Ask the person, “What do you do for a living?” or “What’s your job title?” Most people will be happy to give you an answer. After they tell you their job title, you can make a rough (粗略的) guess at their salary based on the average salary for someone who does that job.

Once you learn their job title, you could say: “That’s interesting. I’m thinking about a career in that line of work. Can you give me a rough idea of what the pay is like?” You have a better chance of getting information with a question like this than with a straight question.

Of course, there are people who choose to avoid answering the question and reply by saying, “Oh, I get by.” Some might jokingly reply, “Not nearly enough.” At this point, it’s best to change the subject. After all, money isn’t everything.

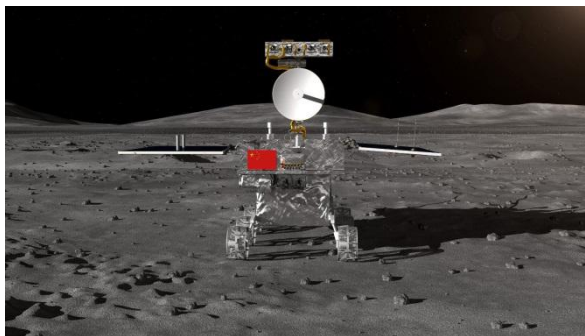
30. What does the article mainly talk about?
- A. How to deal with sensitive questions.
 - B. How to ask foreigners about their salary.
 - C. The skills of asking some unpleasant questions.
 - D. Private questions that foreigners don’t like to discuss.



31. By using Thomas P. Farley's words, the writer means to show that _____.
- A. in the US, salary is linked to ability
 - B. money plays an important role in social status
 - C. how much you earn often shows what kind of life you live
 - D. a person's profession often affects opinions about their salaries
32. The underlined word "tactfully" in Paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to "_____".
- A. directly
 - B. honestly
 - C. skillfully
 - D. clearly
33. We can learn from the last paragraph that _____.
- A. some people are glad to be asked about their earnings
 - B. you might not get a specific answer even with a tactful question
 - C. you should avoid asking about a person's salary in the first place
 - D. the writer suggests replying to a sensitive question in a humorous way

四、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。（共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

Return to the moon



It might not be long until humans uncover the secrets of the far side of the moon. China's Chang'e 4 robotic probe (探测器), which is set to become the first probe to land on the moon's far side, was launched

successfully on Dec 8, Xinhua reported.

The moon rotates (自转) at the same speed that it orbits (绕...运行) Earth. Therefore, the same side of the moon always faces Earth. The far side of the moon is the side that we cannot see. We don't know much about it so far.

However, the far side of the moon is an ideal (理想的) place for scientific research. It is exposed (暴露) to solar winds that may have formed unique minerals (矿物质) and other resources. And since the far side is less affected by Earth's gravity, scientists can make clearer observations of deep space from there, according to China Daily.



But it is hard to land on the far side of the moon. Spacecraft that land there cannot receive any radio signals from Earth. To solve this problem, China launched a relay satellite (中继卫星) called Queqiao into space in May. Through Queqiao, scientists can control and operate Chang'e 4 and make sure it will land in a specific area.

The probe's travel time is also important. Chang'e 4 is expected to land on the moon on Jan 2, China Daily reported. It will travel through space for more than 20 days before landing. This is longer than Chang'e 3, which was in space for about 12 days before landing.

The travel time was changed because scientists want Chang'e 4 to land on the moon when it is daytime. This way, the spacecraft's solar panels (太阳能板) can receive energy from the sun and allow the probe to start working. A single day on the moon is about 28 days on Earth. Therefore, Chang'e 4 will keep orbiting the moon before landing as it waits for daytime, according to Sun Zezhou, chief designer of Chang'e 4.

Did you know? Chang'e 4 is taking some plant seeds and eggs to the moon. It is hoped that Chang'e 4 will be able to do experiments with them. These will be the first biological experiments to take place on the moon.

34. Will Chang'e 4 be the first probe to land on the far side of the moon?
35. What does the far side of the moon refer to?
36. What research may scientists do on the far side of the moon?
37. How did Chinese scientists solve the problem of no signals?
38. Why do scientists want Chang'e 4 to land in daytime?



书面表达 (共 10 分)

五、文段表达 (10 分)

39. 从下面两个题目中任选一题，根据中文和英文提示，完成一篇不少于50词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

假如你是李华，你们学校将要举办一场关于文学作品的讲座，你打算邀请你们班交换生 Peter 参加。请用英语写一封电子邮件，告诉他讲座的时间和地点，以及需要做什么准备。

提示词语：lecture (讲座), invite, information, question, online

提示问题：● When and where will you have the lecture?

● What do you advise Peter to prepare for it?

<p><i>Dear Peter,</i></p> <p><i>How is it going?</i></p> <p><i>There'll be a lecture on Literature in our school. _____</i></p> <p>_____</p> <p><i>If there is anything that I can do, please let me know.</i></p> <p><i>Yours,</i></p> <p><i>Li Hua</i></p>
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题目②

“伟大时代呼唤伟大精神，崇高事业需要榜样引领”，榜样的力量是无穷的，榜样的精神感染着我们每一个人，它带给我们前进的动力。

某英文网站正在开展以“**My role model**”为主题的征文活动。假如你是李华，请用英语写一篇短文投稿，谈谈生活中你的榜样是谁？他/她具备怎样的品质？以及你要向他/她学习什么？

提示词语：traits (品质), hard-working, respect, learn from

提示问题：● Who is your role model?

● What traits does your role model have?

● What will you learn from him/her?

<p><i>My role model is</i></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>
