



知识运用 (共 18 分)

四、单项选择 (共 5 分, 每小题 0.5 分)

从下面所给的 ABCD 四个选项中, 选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

18. Peter likes sports and soccer is _____ favorite.
 A. she B. him C. her D. his
19. My dad usually goes to work at 7:30 _____ the morning.
 A. in B. on C. at D. for
20. People cut down many trees, _____ a lot of animals are losing their homes.
 A. but B. or C. so D. because
21. — _____ is it from your home to the cinema?
 — It's about 3 kilometers.
 A. How long B. How far C. How often D. How many
22. — Can I go out and play basketball for a while?
 — I'm afraid you _____. Work must come first.
 A. needn't B. mustn't C. shouldn't D. can't
23. My Chinese teacher always tells us _____ stories and we laugh a lot.
 A. interesting B. scary C. easy D. boring
24. My best friend _____ eats breakfast because he always gets up late.
 A. never B. always C. often D. usually
25. Listen! The boy _____ online class in the next room.
 A. having B. had C. is having D. has
26. My sister _____ in the park every morning. She likes the clean air there.
 A. is exercising B. exercised C. exercises D. exercise
27. — Let's see the pandas first.
 — _____.
 A. Thank you B. Good luck C. You're welcome D. That sounds good

五、完形填空 (共 13 分, 每小题 1 分)

阅读下面的短文, 然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

A

How do you get to school? Do you walk or 28 a bike? Do you go by bus or by train? For many students, it is easy to get to school. But for the students in one small village in China, it is 29. There is a very big river between their school and the village. There is no bridge and the river 30 too quickly for boats. So these students go on a ropeway to cross the river to school.

One 11-year-old boy, Liangliang, crosses the river every school day. But he is not afraid because he loves school. "I love to play with my classmates. And I love my 31. He's like a father to me.

Many of the students and villagers never leave the village. It is their dream to have a 32. Can their dream come true?



- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 28. A. take | B. ride | C. drive | D. push |
| 29. A. excited | B. interesting | C. boring | D. difficult |
| 30. A. runs | B. jumps | C. walks | D. flies |
| 31. A. friend | B. student | C. teacher | D. brother |
| 32. A. boat | B. bridge | C. television | D. phone |

B



Well, that was bad, I thought as I took off my ballet shoes.

I had just finished my dance class, and it was 33. I always got the wrong steps, but all the others seemed to do these steps easily. I got the message: I had no gift and there was no need to push myself so hard

Just then, my big sister Julissa arrived. She took one look at me and asked, "What's wrong, Lakeisha?"

"Nothing," I said 34. Just maybe I shouldn't be taking dance classes."

Julissa shook her head and said, "Let's get out of here." I went out of the door with her.

We stopped at a store and Julissa bought me my favorite 35. "Listen, sis," she said, "not every day is a great one and not everything is going to work out as you want. The most important is to keep 36. I believe you can find your own dancing style."

We finished our drinks and 37 to the subway. On the platform, a few dancers were jumping and tapping happily. Many people stopped to watch. Then the dancers began showing off hip hop moves. One of them threw his hat onto my head. Without thinking, I quickly pulled the hat off, 38 it inside out, and threw it right back at him.

"You have some moves, kid" the dancer said as I just made a graceful(优雅的) turn. I looked over and there was my sister. Her smile was as big as a subway platform.

When we arrived home, Julissa gave me a 39 and said, "Never forget everyone has off days! Just believe yourself. You can finally get through at some point."

"Guess that's true," I replied. "But not everyone is 40 enough to have a great sister to help them!"

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| 33. A. exciting | B. terrible | C. interesting | D. dangerous |
| 34. A. warmly | B. happily | C. quietly | D. proudly |
| 35. A. drink | B. snack | C. fruit | D. candy |
| 36. A. changing | B. watching | C. asking | D. trying |
| 37. A. returned | B. headed | C. jumped | D. drove |
| 38. A. gave | B. kicked | C. take | D. turned |
| 39. A. hug | B. face | C. mouth | D. hand |
| 40. A. thankful | B. kind | C. lucky | D. special |







阅读理解(共 36 分)

六、阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。(共 26 分, 每小题 2 分)

A

Welcome to San Diego Zoo!

If you are an animal lover, San Diego Zoo is a wonderful place for you. Here you can see different kinds of amazing animals.

	Do you love the cute pandas? Now the San Diego Zoo has two pandas from China: Xiao Liwu, seven years old; and his mother, Bai Yun. They have two black eyes on the white faces and they like eating bamboo. You can find them at Panda Trek, near the Panda Research Station.
	In the Zoo's Reptile Walk, you'll find the nine-year-old Chinese alligator! From nose to tail, belly to back, hard scales (鳞甲) protect this alligator. Do you know? The image of dragons in Chinese culture could come from the Chinese alligator.
 物种配图	The harpy eagle is legendary (传说的). Although few people have seen one in the wild, luckily, you can see one here at the Zoo! This dark grey bird which is ten years old has a very special look, with feathers on its head. The harpy eagle may not be the largest bird, but it is the heaviest and strongest.
	Jaguars are pretty cool cats! Jaguars can live in the rain forest. They can climb trees, and even swim in rivers. In fact, they usually live near water. They can also live on grasslands or deserts. There is one eight-year-old jaguar in the zoo. Try to find it!

41. How old is Xiao Liwu?
A. Seven years old. B. Eight years old. C. Nine years old. D. Ten years old.
42. The image of dragons in Chinese culture could come from _____.
A. the harpy eagle B. the giant panda C. the cool jaguar D. the Chinese alligator
43. What does the harpy eagle look like?
A. It has hard scales. B. It looks like a cat.
C. It has feathers on the head. D. It looks white and black.



B



briefcase

Two friends, Emily and Wendy, were having coffee in a cafe. There was a man sitting at a table near them. As he stood up to leave, his cell phone rang. He answered it and walked away.

Emily and Wendy found that he had left his briefcase. They looked at the briefcase for a little while and both jumped up from their chairs. Wendy ran after the man, shouting, "Hey, sir! Sir, you forgot your briefcase!"

Emily stood next to the briefcase and waited. She wanted to be sure that nothing happened to it before the man got back.

When the man heard Wendy, he stopped and ended the call. "My briefcase! I can't believe I forgot it! Thank you so much!"

They went back to his table. The man smiled at Emily. "Thank you so much," he said. "This briefcase is full of important documents and some photos of my family. I am so glad I did not lose them!"

Wendy and Emily smiled. They were also happy that the man did not lose his things.

"Let me pay for your coffee," the man said. "You have really saved me today!"

Wendy and Emily thanked him and refused. They were glad no one took his briefcase. No one wants to lose important things.

44. When the man left his briefcase, Emily_____.
- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| A.took the briefcase to the man | B.ran after the man and shouted |
| C.used her phone to call the man | D.stood next to the briefcase and waited |
45. What was in the man's briefcase?
- | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| A.Some books and photos. | B.A mobile phone and a wallet. |
| C.Some documents and photos. | D.A mobile phone and some documents. |
46. What did the man want to do to thank the two girls?
- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A.Pay for their coffee. | B.Give them some money. |
| C.Invite them to meet his family. | D.Show them some important things. |

C

Healthy eating is very important for our health. We should build healthy eating habits. We should eat different kinds of vegetables and fruits every day. Healthy eating doesn't just mean what you eat, but how you eat. Here is some advice on healthy eating.

Eat with others. It can help you to see others' eating habits. If you usually eat with your parents, you will find that the food you eat is more delicious.



Listen to your body. Ask yourself if you are really hungry. Have a glass of water to see if you are thirsty — sometimes you are just thirsty, you need no food. Stop eating before you feel full.

Eat breakfast. Breakfast is the most important meal of the day. After you don't eat for the past ten hours, your body needs food to get you going. You will be smarter after eating breakfast.

Eat healthy snacks like fruits, yogurt or cheese. We all need snacks sometimes. In fact, it's a good idea to eat two healthy snacks between your three meals. This doesn't mean that you can eat a bag of chips instead of a meal.

Don't eat dinner late. With our busy life, we always put off eating dinner until the last minute. Try to eat dinner at least 3 hours before you go to bed. This will give your body a chance to digest (消化) most of the food before you rest for the next 8 to 10 hours.

As you can see, having a healthy eating habit is important for everyone. Let's have a healthy eating habit and lead a happy life.

47. When we eat with others, we can _____.

- A. know what we can eat
- B. eat more snacks
- C. see others' eating habits
- D. eat more fruit and vegetables

48. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Snacks are bad for our health.
- B. Dinner is the most important meal of the day.
- C. Eating with our parents can make us smarter.
- D. We should have dinner at least 3 hours before going to bed.

49. The passage mainly tells us _____.

- A. where to eat
- B. how to eat
- C. why to eat
- D. when to eat

D

In many families, the oldest child is often expected (期待) to take care of younger ones, take on more housework, and tend to have more expectations placed on them. But why do older children seem to "always have to do everything"?

Parents give housework to the most capable (有能力的). Sometimes, parents need children to do some housework when they are busy. Because the oldest child is the most likely to be able to carry out the work, parents tend to give the housework to that child. It doesn't necessarily mean that younger children aren't as capable of doing housework. Sometimes, parents overlook younger children because they seem so young. However, it's important to ask yourself. "Are younger children now ready to take on more work?" "Can we hand out some of the housework to the younger ones?" Remember, many hands make light work.



Younger children look up to the oldest. Whether older children want them to or not, their younger siblings look up to them. This may put kind of pressure on the oldest to do things to help the younger children go on to look up to them. In this way, older children often jump in to help younger ones with math homework, reading, housework, etc. As a result, older children, not the younger ones, have more chances to be leaders.

Parents put pressure on the oldest to be an example. How many times do we hear a parent say to the younger ones, "If you just would do what your brother does..."? Saying this, a lot of parents put pressure on the oldest to work as an example to their younger siblings. This may help the older ones take on more responsibilities, but it can go too far. Some older children are likely to become people-pleasers. They tend to say "yes" to others just to please everyone but themselves.

So, be sure to spend time with your oldest child. While we're placing all those responsibilities on our oldest kids, we'd better remember that it's important to spend time with them. It's easy to become caught up in younger siblings' needs, but that doesn't mean our older kids don't need us! When you're working on the housework and responsibilities for the next week, make sure you spend some time with your oldest doing something fun.

50. Parents often give housework to the oldest because _____.
- A. they expect the oldest to be a leader in the future
 - B. only the oldest want to help when parents are busy
 - C. the younger ones are not ready to take responsibility
 - D. they believe in their ability more than the younger ones
51. What can we learn about the older children?
- A. Parents enjoy spending time with the older children.
 - B. Parents expect the older children to be good examples.
 - C. The older children look down on the younger ones
 - D. The older children don't like to please others.
52. What do the underlined words "many hands make light work" mean?
- A. Children can work together to make things easy.
 - B. Sometimes younger children are more capable.
 - C. Parents don't use their hands to do heavy work.
 - D. Older children do light work with their hands.
53. According to the passage, what does the writer want to tell us?
- A. Parents shouldn't ask older children to do much housework.
 - B. We should place more responsibilities on the older children.
 - C. Parents should care more about the older children.
 - D. High expectations are not good for the older children.



七、阅读短文并根据短文内容回答问题。(共 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

What is going to happen in the future? Will robots control (控制) our world? Will computers become smarter than us? Probably no. But scientists say that there is going to be a big change in 10-30 years from now, according to the BBC. Here are some new things in the future.

Bionic (仿生的) Eyes

They're no longer something only in a movie. Now we have them in real life. People who are blind would be able to see things clearly by wearing bionic eyes. A blind eye can't see things, but a bionic eye can use a machine to "see" the environment and send information to the mind.

Digital (数字的) Money

Now we can use Wechat Pay or Alipay (支付宝) to shop. That means we are already using digital money. People only need to take a phone wherever they go. Using these ways is much easier than looking for money in our pockets. However, some people don't like using it. They think it is not safe enough. In fact, it is not true at all. The truth is that digital money is even safer.

Self-driving (自动驾驶) Cars

There are special machines on the car. They can make the car follow the rules of the road and keep a safe space from other cars. This would make the road safer. You can even take a short rest when the car drives itself. In the future, self-driving cars would be used by many people.

- 54. Are bionic eyes only in a movie?
- 55. How many things does the writer introduce?
- 56. Why do some people not like using digital money?
- 57. What can special machines on the car do?
- 58. What is the passage mainly about?

书面表达 (共 20 分)

八、连词成句 (共 10 分, 每题 2 分)

59. guitar / play/ can / I / the

60. by / school / go / usually / bus / to/ I

61. rug / in / don't / hallways/ the

62. do / like / you / pandas / why

_____?

63. are / park / they / basketball / the / playing/ in



参考答案

题号	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
答案	D	A	C	B	D	A	A	C	C
题号	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
答案	D	B	D	A	C	B	B	C	A
题号	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
答案	D	B	D	A	C	A	D	C	D
题号	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
答案	C	A	C	D	B	D	B	A	C

54.No,they are not

55.3

56. They think it is not safe enough

57.They can make the car follow the rules of the road and keep a safe space from other cars.

58.Introduce come new things in the future.

59. I can play the guitar

60. I usually go to school by bus

61. Don't run in the hallways

62.Why do you like pandas

63.They are playing basketball in the park