



门头沟区 2021 届初三年级一模考试
英语试卷

2021.4

考
生
须
知

1. 本试卷共 10 页，共五道大题，39 道小题，满分 60 分，考试时间 90 分钟。
2. 在试卷和答题卡上准确填写姓名、准考证号、考场号和座位号。
3. 试题答案一律填涂或书写在答题卡上，在试卷上作答无效。
4. 在答题卡上，选择题用 2B 铅笔作答，其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。
5. 考试结束，请将本试卷、答案卡和草稿纸一并交回。

知识运用（共 14 分）

一、单项填空（共 6 分，每小题 0.5 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. My brother likes sports, and _____ does sports every day.
A. he B. she C. we D. they
2. I climbed Mount Miaofeng _____ my classmates last weekend.
A. in B. with C. of D. to
3. Miss Li helps us a lot _____ we all like her.
A. for B. but C. and D. or
4. — _____ you skate, Peter?
— Yes, I can. I'm preparing for the 24th Winter Olympics.
A. Must B. Can C. Should D. Need
5. — Hi, Tom, _____ did you start learning Chinese?
— Three years ago.
A. when B. where C. how D. why
6. My cousin helps his parents a lot, though he is _____ child in his family.
A. young B. younger C. youngest D. the youngest
7. As a famous Beijing Opera artist, Wang Peiyu _____ on TV and Internet shows since 2017.
A. appears B. appeared C. has appeared D. will appear
8. Usually the students in our class _____ for information in many ways.



A. search B. have searched C. are searching D. will search

9. Kelly _____ for her sister when her father got home this evening.

A. reads B. will read C. read D. was reading

10. — Mr. Jackson, I _____ you my project as soon as I finish it.

— OK, thank you!

A. send B. sent C. will send D. am sending

11. International Nurses Day _____ by more and more people in 2020.

A. celebrates B. celebrated C. is celebrated D. was celebrated

12. — David, could you tell me _____?

— Sure. She is teaching my little sister how to wash hands.

A. what does your mother do B. what your mother does
C. what is your mother doing D. what your mother is doing

二、完形填空（共 8 分，每小题 1 分）

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

Left-Field Leah

Leah Patt had never liked sports. She feared gym class and spent most of her time reading a book. The only reason Leah tried out for the softball league was that Anna Meese was trying out. Leah and Anna did everything together, so if Anna wanted to play, Leah did too.

At first, joining the Blue Sox didn't 13 Leah's feelings about sports. She went to the practices every week, but she didn't take them seriously. No matter how 14 she played, Leah didn't get discouraged. She didn't want to become a star player. She was just there to have fun with Anna.

Before the season's first game, Coach Meese read the list of players and their positions, but Leah's name hadn't been called.

"Leah," Coach Meese finally said. "You're starting off on the bench, but I'll put you into the game if I get a chance."

Nodding agreeably, Leah reminded herself to bring a 15 to the games.

In the season's games, Leah even got to play in three of the games the Blue Sox won. However, Leah never got a hit and never made a good play in the outfield but she didn't care. Leah 16 being on the winning team, even if she didn't contribute to the win. More importantly, she 17 Anna.

The Blue Sox were ready to play their last game of the season, against the Sun Rays. If they won, the Blue Sox would be the league champions. The girls' hopeful excitement grew as they did their pregame warm-ups. For the first time all season, even Leah started to have the 18 to win. When the game started, she sat on the bench and watched the action — instead of reading a book.

What a game it was! Then something 19 happened. As Anna jogged to left field, she tripped over a bat and she twisted (扭伤) her ankle. Coach Meese told Leah to take Anna's place.

Leah saw Anna's looking and took a deep breath. She went to the field. *Crack!* The ball sailed into left field, straight toward Leah. She reached her glove into the air and 20 on the ball. *Thump!* It was the sound of the ball landing in Leah's glove. Then a much louder sound – the cheers and whoops of the Blue Sox, the winner – filled the air.

13. A. change B. show C. control D. hurt
14. A. carefully B. happily C. badly D. calmly
15. A. ball B. book C. star D. glove
16. A. suggested B. enjoyed C. stopped D. minded
17. A. respected B. admired C. influenced D. supported
18. A. skill B. will C. courage D. chance
19. A. important B. helpful C. fearful D. awful
20. A. stood B. knocked C. focused D. depended

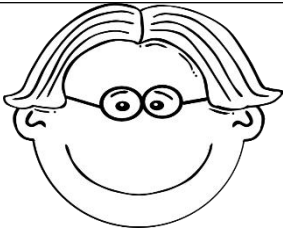



阅读理解 (共 36 分)

三、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。(共 26 分，每小题 2 分)

A

https://edition.cnn.com/us/cnn-idols/index.htm	
My Idols (偶像)	
<p>Li Ming, China</p>	<p>Posted 3 / 15 / 21 4:53PM</p> <p>My idol is Zhong Nanshan. He is a Chinese medical expert. During the SARS in 2003, Zhong Nanshan helped the country control the disease and around 18 years later, he fought against the COVID-19. Zhong and his team helped our country control the COVID-19 rapidly. The 85-year-old elderly got the Medal of the Republic in August, 2020, the country's highest honor, because of his great contributions to the nation's development.</p>
	<p>Posted 3 / 15 / 21 6:25PM</p> <p>My idol is Christina Li and she started her free, week-long classes to teach girls to build robots. Through Hello World, her computer science camp is organized for middle school girls every year. Today, each camp hosts about 30 girls, in the hopes of bridging the gender (性别) gap that exists in STEM fields (science, technology, engineering and math).</p>
<p>Kathy, Australia</p>	

 <p>Ben, the USA</p>	<p>Posted 3 / 16 / 21 5:20PM</p> <p>My idol is Sidney Keys. He has a deep love of reading, but he had a difficult time finding many books with characters he could relate to as an African-American. To share his passion for reading with his partners, Sidney created <i>Books n Bros</i>, a club for boys between the ages of 8 and 12 that focuses on African-American literature and culture. He is making a positive influence in his community and all the boys are having such a good time in his book club.</p>
 <p>Lisa, England</p>	<p>Posted 3 / 16 / 21 7:46PM</p> <p>Ryan is my idol. His dad took him along on a trip to his local recycling center. They collected cans and bottles for money to keep them from polluting our oceans. With the help of family, friends and the wider community, 8-year-old Ryan has recycled more than 275,000 cans and bottles. Through Ryan's Recycling, he is also helping clean up the beaches and spread his message of protecting the planet.</p>

21. Li Ming's idol is _____.

- A. Zhong Nanshan B. Christina Li C. Sidney Keys D. Ryan

22. Christina Li started her free, week-long classes to _____.

- A. fight against the COVID-19 B. teach girls to build robots
 B. share her passion for reading D. help clean up area beaches

23. How many cans and bottles has Ryan recycled?

- A. 2003. B. 30. C. 12. D. 275,000.



B

Believe in Yourself

Anita was an active girl who grew up in the eastern of Nepal. Her parents were shepherds. It was that point of the year when the sky was blue, the sun smiled upon the village and so the stars in the dark never looked brighter before. Anita found a lot of tourists visit her village. Watching people all over the world visit her village made Anita curious. "What are these people doing here, father?" asked Anita. Anita's father laughed and said, "Darling, they have all come to climb those mountains."

Amazed at their courage, Anita said, "Really, father? Is it possible to climb to the top?"

"Of course dear," replied her father, "Many people do it."

"Someday, I will be able to climb to the highest of these mountains." said Anita with a burning dream brewing (酝酿) in her eyes. But life had other plans for her. Anita had a terrible accident when she was thirteen. Unluckily, she lost one leg. Clouds of hopelessness darkened her happy world.

"I will never be ready to climb those mountains!" cried Anita.

Her father loved her dearly. He couldn't see his little girl in pain. He was extremely sad. But he did not lose heart. He thought over and over and he couldn't sleep well. Finally, he had a good idea.

One day Anita's father built her a wooden leg, which she could wear and walk. "Never say 'never'. Start climbing the mountains." said the determined father.

Anita was beside herself with joy. She wore the wooden leg and walked, and fell. Stood up, and tried to run, and fell again. The whole village laughed at the daddy and daughter's foolishness. But nothing pulled them down. Both the father and daughter were determined to win against all the odds. They kept practising.

After five years, Anita made it to the highest of the mountains. And she made her father very proud of her, along with her country.

24. What made Anita curious?

- A. Burning dream brewing in her eyes.
- B. Watching the stars look brighter before.
- C. Watching people all over the world visit her village.
- D. Being able to climb to the highest of the mountains.

25. Anita _____ when she was thirteen.

- A. had a terrible accident and lost a leg
- B. saw many people climb to the top
- C. was ready to climb those mountains
- D. wore the wooden leg and walked

26. With her father's help, Anita _____.

- A. beat all the foolish people
- B. had a good idea to realize her dream
- C. tried to make her country powerful
- D. climbed to the highest of the mountains



C

My friend, Robert, has a twin sister named Amanda. Though they get along well, there are some things about Amanda and her friends that puzzle Robert. He can't understand how girls can talk for so long. For example, sometimes when he leaves home to play football, Amanda and her friend, Sharon, are sitting on the sofa, talking. When he comes back three and a half hours later, they're still sitting on the sofa, continuing the same conversation on the same topic. One day Robert was so curious that he asked Amanda what they talked about, but she replied, "We're best friends. We talk about almost everything – film stars, pop songs, recipes, everything!"

Boys and girls have different attitudes towards friendship. Friendships between girls are usually based on shared feelings and support, but friendships between boys are based on shared activities or interests. A boy is likely to be careful about sharing his feelings with his close friends. A girl's closest friend, however, might be eager to tell her about something that has happened in her life.

Many studies worldwide show that girls have more friendships than boys. In fact, many teenage boys cannot name a single best friend. When asked, they **hesitate** before answering, "My best friend? I can't think about that. I am busy with my homework, and I have so many different friends that it is hard to choose just one best friend."

Girls who have been asked can usually answer the question without pausing, “A best friend? Of course. We have a lot to share with each other. We do a lot of things together such as talking and shopping.”

We have to realize: boys share activities, while girls share feelings. The qualities that boys and girls consider important in a friend seem to be the same, regardless of (无论) the basis of these friendships. The important thing to remember is that both of them are friendships. We all need friends in our lives.

27. Robert wonders _____.

- A. why Amanda and her friend talk so long
- B. why girls answer the question with pausing
- C. what attitudes girls have towards friendship
- D. what Amanda and her friend were curious about

28. The word “hesitate” in Paragraph 3 probably means “_____”.

- A. are slow to speak
- B. are shy to speak in public
- C. share feelings secretly
- D. are eager to tell the answers

29. What do you know about friendships from the passage?

- A. Boys and girls both make sure what friendships are.
- B. Friendships are the most important among girls and boys.
- C. Girls like to share their attitudes to friendships with friends.
- D. Boys and girls have the same idea on the qualities in a friend.

30. Which is the best title for the passage?

- A. Teenagers’ Friendships
- B. Different Attitudes towards Friendships
- C. The Qualities of Friendships
- D. Everybody Needs Friendships



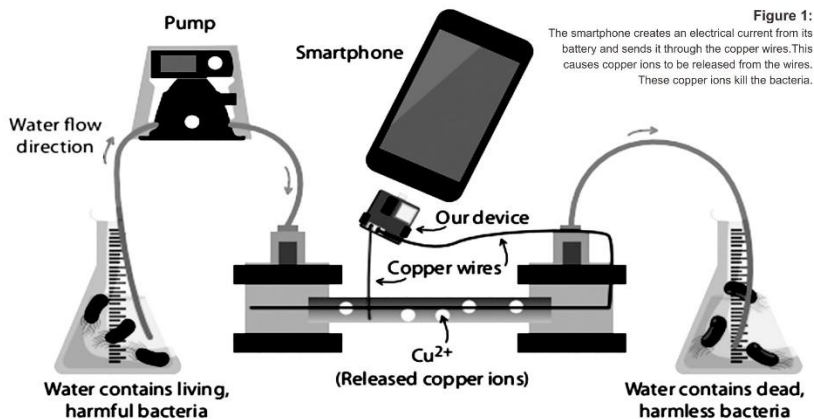
D

Everything in our body needs water to work! But sadly, not everyone has access to clean drinking water. In the US, for example, a lot of people living in the countryside get their water from wells and springs – and it can have bacteria in it.

If you drink water with bacteria in it, you might get very sick – some people even die. That’s why people living in the countryside need to clean their water before they drink it. There are a few quite efficient ways to do this. But all of them have at least one disadvantage. Iodine tablets (碘片) have negative side effects on your body if you use them for too long. Ultraviolet (紫外线的) lamps use a lot of energy and filtration (过滤) systems are expensive.

Therefore, we wanted to use a simple energy source. Everyone nowadays carries with them: a smartphone! What if we could clean water with such a common device? Wouldn’t that save a lot of trouble?

We designed a downloadable app and a cheap device that can be plugged into a smartphone to disinfect (杀毒) water (Figure. 1).



The method that our device uses is called electrochemical disinfection. It uses electric currents (电流) to produce substances that can kill bacteria. In our experiments, we used a smartphone to produce the electric current and copper (铜) wires as a source for the antibacterial substance. Copper ions (离子) are released from the copper wire. These copper ions kill bacteria.

Copper can also be dangerous for humans but only in much higher concentrate. We tried to find the perfect balance: where just enough copper ions are released to kill the bacteria, without reaching a harmful level for humans.

With our new device, we were able to kill almost all bacteria in the treated water. Although our device worked really well, we only tested it in a limited laboratory setting – so some things could be different in real life.

We were able to clean three liters (or 8 cups) of water by only using less than 1% of the phone's battery. However, the disinfection of these three liters took about five hours – which is too long.

Still, all of our tests suggest that it is possible to improve the speed of our device quite easily. When this is done, anyone with a smartphone can use our device to disinfect their drinking water.

Hopefully, our device will be ready for everyday use very soon!

31. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Copper ions can clean the water by killing bacteria.
- B. Everyone in the US can afford the filtration system.
- C. Cleaning water with phones uses less battery and time.
- D. It's safe to use iodine tablets to clean water for a long time.

32. The writer probably agrees that _____.

- A. the device will be put into use very soon
- B. it's safe to drink water with lots of copper ions
- C. it's easy to improve the speed of the smartphones
- D. the smartphones have been used to disinfect water widely

33. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. Why teenagers love using smartphones.
- B. Why smartphones benefit us in daily life.

- C. How you can use smartphone wisely in daily life.
- D. How your smartphone can make water safe to drink.

四、 阅读短文， 根据短文内容回答问题。（共 10 分， 每小题 2 分）

The Story of Braille

Usually, when we talk about reading, we think of using our eyes to see letters written in ink on paper. However, this is not always true. For example, blind people cannot see, but they can still read books.

The man who introduced blind people to reading was Louis Braille (1809-1852). Braille lost his eyesight at the age of three as a result of an injury. When he was ten, he went to a school for the blind in Paris. In those days, books for blind people used paper pressed against metal wire to form letters. Since the metal wire was heavy, each book weighed as much as 100 pounds. The whole system was not convenient for use. Indeed, the school library only had fourteen such books in it.

In 1821, a soldier visited the school and showed the students a system for passing messages at night during times of battle. His system used paper with small, raised dots that could be felt with the fingers. Each letter of the alphabet was represented by a different pattern which consisted of twelve dots. The soldiers would drag (缓慢地移动) their fingers over the raised dots to read the message.

While the students found the soldier's idea interesting, the system was too difficult to be of practical use. However, young Louis Braille took the idea and worked on it. At the age of fifteen, he created a system with patterns of six raised dots representing each letter. 'Braille', the system for reading used today by blind people around the world, was thus born.

The blind can easily recognize Braille with the fingers. They can also easily write in Braille with a special typewriter. Today, it is the most common system used by blind people for reading and writing, and nearly every language, including Chinese, has its own version of Braille for its people to use.

- 34. Who introduced blind people to reading?
- 35. When did a soldier visit the school and show the students a system?
- 36. How old was Louis Braille when he created a system?
- 37. Does the system 'Braille' include Chinese?
- 38. What can you learn from Louis Braille?

书面表达（共 10 分）



五、 文段表达（10 分）

- 39. 从下面两个题目中任选一题， 根据中文和英文提示， 完成一篇不少于50 词的文段写作。 文中已给出内容不计入总词数。 所给提示词语仅供选用。 请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

假如你是李华， 你们班的外籍学生 Peter 在同学们的帮助下， 获得了学校跳绳比赛(the rope skipping competition) 一等奖。 请你给他写一封电子邮件， 表达你对他的祝贺， 回忆他比赛前的刻苦训练， 以及你从他身上学到了什么。

提示词语： win, prize, work hard, keep, practise, give up

提示问题： ● Why do you congratulate Peter?

- What made him successful in the competition?

- What have you learned from him?

Dear Peter,

Congratulations! _____

Yours,

Li Hua

题目②

生命在于运动。“一身动，则一身强；一家动，则一家强。”经常锻炼的人，才会有健康的体魄和充沛的精力。

某英文网站正在开展以“我和家长一起锻炼”为主题的征文活动。假如你是李华，请你用英语写一篇短文投稿，谈谈你和家长经常一起做什么锻炼，以及这种锻炼给你们带来的好处。

提示词语：exercise, together, strong, relationship

提示问题：• What sports do you and your parent(s) often do together?

- What benefits have you got from doing so?

A person who takes exercise regularly will have a healthy body and be full of energy. _____



参考答案

知识运用 (共 14 分)



一、单项填空 (共 6 分, 每小题 0.5 分)

1. A 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. A
6. D 7. C 8. A 9. D 10. C
11. D 12. D

二、完形填空 (共 8 分, 每小题 1 分)

13. A 14. C 15. B 16. B 17. D 18. B 19. D 20. C

阅读理解 (共 36 分)

三、阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

(共 26 分, 每小题 2 分)

21. A 22. B 23. D
24. C 25. A 26. D
27. A 28. A 29. D 30. A
31. A 32. A 33. D

四、阅读短文, 根据短文内容回答问题。(共 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

34. Louis Braille.
35. In 1821.
36. At the age of fifteen./He was 15.
37. Yes/ Yes, it does.
38. He tried to solve the problem. He was good at thinking and practising...只要符合文章传达的思想, 均给分。

书面表达 (共 10 分)

五、书面表达 (共 15 分)

39.
文段表达评分标准:
第一档: (10-9 分)

完全符合题目要求, 内容完整、丰富、健康。使用多种句型结构和丰富的词汇。语言通顺, 语意连贯, 表达清楚, 具有逻辑性。

第二档: (8-6 分)

基本符合题目要求，内容基本完整。语法结构和词汇基本满足文章需要。语言基本通顺，语意基本连贯，表达基本清楚。虽然有少量语言错误，但不影响整体理解。

第三档：（5-3 分）

部分内容符合题目要求，内容不够完整。语法结构和词汇错误较多，语言不通顺，表达不够清楚，影响整体理解。

第四档：（2-0 分）

与题目有关的内容不多，只能简单拼凑提示词语，所写内容难以理解。

