

北京市平谷区 2020 年中考统一练习(一)

英语试卷

2020.5



注意事项

1. 本试卷共 8 页,共五道大题,39 道小题,满分 60 分。考试时间 90 分钟。
2. 在试卷和答题卡上准确填写学校名称、班级、姓名和考号。
3. 试题答案一律填涂或书写在答题卡上,在试卷上作答无效。
4. 在答题卡上,选择题用 2B 铅笔作答,其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。
5. 考试结束,请将答题卡交回。

知识运用(共 14 分)

一、单项填空(共 6 分,每小题 0.5 分)

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. Mrs. Wang is our Chinese teacher. \_\_\_\_\_ is very kind to us.  
A. She                      B. Her                      C. He                      D. His
2. My grandparents will come to live with us \_\_\_\_\_ June 15.  
A. at                      B. in                      C. on                      D. from
3. — \_\_\_\_\_ look after our health in our daily life?  
— Doctors and nurses.  
A. What                      B. Why                      C. Who                      D. How
4. — Tom, \_\_\_\_\_ you help me take out the trash?  
— Yes, I can.  
A. can                      B. may                      C. need                      D. must
5. Cover your mouth when you sneeze, \_\_\_\_\_ the germs may spread to others.  
A. or                      B. but                      C. and                      D. so
6. Which sport is \_\_\_\_\_, football, basketball or volleyball?  
A. interesting                      B. more interesting                      C. most interesting                      D. the most interesting
7. My sister \_\_\_\_\_ a good habit. She often washes her hands before eating.  
A. have                      B. had                      C. has                      D. has had
8. I \_\_\_\_\_ the Palace Museum with my friend next Sunday.  
A. visit                      B. will visit                      C. visited                      D. have visited
9. Mary is my best friend. We \_\_\_\_\_ each other for nearly 10 years.  
A. have known                      B. knew                      C. know                      D. will know
10. If you \_\_\_\_\_ to Beijing from other countries, you must stay at home for at least 14 days.  
A. returned                      B. returns                      C. return                      D. will return

11. The fire in Yu Zishan \_\_\_\_\_ by brave firefighters in March.  
A. put out                      B. will put out                      C. will be put out                      D. was put out
12. — Mary, can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ the dictionary?  
— Oh, yes. I bought it in Xin Hua bookstore.  
A. where did you buy                      B. where you bought  
C. where will you buy                      D. where you will buy

二、完形填空(共 8 分,每小题 1 分)

阅读下面的短文,掌握其大意,然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择最佳选项。

From Disappointment to Purpose

I'm known for my determination. If I want something, I go for it. I refuse to give up until I succeed. Over the years this attitude has worked well for me and helped me achieve my goals.

But this year everything 13. I had set my sights on a summer job that I was determined to get at the Water Zone, because the employees there could go on the water rides after their work and get free food at the snack bar. It was the perfect job to have on hot summer vacations. So just as I had achieved every goal in the past, I set out to 14 the job. I completed the application in my neatest handwriting and carefully prepared for my 15. I was certain that nothing could keep me from my dream job.

But after my interview, the manager of the Water Zone told me that he could hire only those with experience in water safety. I was 16. I felt like a failure.

On the last weekend before school ended, my teacher, Mrs. Keller, asked me whether I would be interested in the kids' summer day camp. I decided that I had nothing to 17, so I called the manager and scheduled an interview. She was impressed by my babysitting experience and employed me. In less than a week, I had 18 forgotten about wanting to work at the water park. Each time I comforted a little boy who missed his mother or a little girl who needed to help tying her shoes, I felt I was doing something significant. I realized that I had discovered my life's 19: to work with children. I now have a new goal. I'm going to study to become an elementary school teacher.

Sometimes in life we don't get exactly what we want. It's natural to feel 20. I sure did. But I also learned an important lesson. Occasionally, when we don't get what we want, something even better is waiting for us around the corner!

13. A. proved                      B. appeared                      C. changed                      D. happened
14. A. land                      B. stop                      C. find                      D. keep
15. A. meeting                      B. speech                      C. entering                      D. interview
16. A. praised                      B. punished                      C. cheated                      D. refused
17. A. save                      B. learn                      C. lose                      D. regret
18. A. completely                      B. naturally                      C. quickly                      D. clearly
19. A. track                      B. secret                      C. future                      D. purpose
20. A. satisfied                      B. nervous                      C. disappointed                      D. interested



## 阅读理解(共 36 分)

三、阅读下列短文,根据短文内容,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择最佳选项。(共 26 分,每小题 2 分)

### A

#### Famous Stadiums in the World

	<p><b>Camp Nou</b> Camp Nou is a football stadium in Barcelona, Spain. It is the largest stadium in Europe and the tenth largest in the world. Many international matches are played there. There is a museum in the stadium — the FC Barcelona Museum. It is considered the best football museum in the world. There are multi-media displays(多媒体展示) about the Barcelona Club and its history as well as a fantastic view of the stadium. Camp Nou is also a place where you can enjoy major concerts and other non-football events.</p>
	<p><b>Beijing National Stadium</b> Beijing National Stadium, also called the Bird's Nest, is located in China. It was designed for use during the 2008 Summer Olympics and Paralympics. It is the world's largest steel structure(钢结构). The stadium has recently been transformed(改造) so that it can be used for winter sports.</p>
	<p><b>Maracana Stadium</b> Maracana Stadium is an open-air stadium in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. It was opened in 1950 for the FIFA World Cup. Since then, it has mainly been used for football matches between the major football clubs in Rio de Janeiro. It is the largest stadium in South America.</p>
	<p><b>Wembley Stadium</b> Wembley Stadium is located in Wembley Park in London, England. The England national football team play most of their home matches there. The stadium is also used for other sporting events. It is the second largest stadium in Europe (after Camp Nou) and one of the largest and the tallest in the world, with every seat under a roof. It was very expensive to build.</p>

21. Where is the Camp Nou?  
A. In China.                      B. In Brazil.                      C. In England.                      D. In Spain.
22. Which stadium has been changed for winter sports recently?  
A. Camp Nou.                      B. Beijing National Stadium.  
C. Maracana Stadium.                      D. Wembley Stadium.
23. What was Maracana Stadium opened for in 1950?  
A. The Olympics.                      B. Major concerts.  
C. Multi-media displays.                      D. The FIFA World Cup.

### B

Two good friends, Sam and Jason, had a car accident on their way home one snowy night. The next morning, Sam woke up blind. His legs were broken. The doctor, Mr Lee, was standing by his bed, looking at him worriedly. When he saw Sam awake, he asked, "How are you feeling, Sam?" Sam smiled and said, "Not bad, Doctor. Thank you very much for doing the special operation(手术)." Mr Lee was moved by Sam. When he was leaving, Sam said, "Please don't tell Jason about it." "Well ... Well ... OK," Mr Lee replied.

Months later when Jason's wounds healed(愈合), Sam was still very sick. He couldn't see or walk. He could do nothing but stay in his wheelchair all day long. At first, Jason stayed with him for a few days. But days later, Jason thought it boring to spend time with a disabled man like Sam. So he went to see Sam less and less. He made new friends. From then on, he didn't go to visit Sam any more. Sam didn't have any family or friends except Jason. He felt very sad.

Things went from bad to worse. Sam died a year later. When Jason came, Mr Lee gave him a letter from Sam. In the letter Sam said, "Dear Jason, I am disabled. But I want you to be a healthy man. So I gave my eyes to you so that you can enjoy life as a healthy man. Now you have new friends. I'm glad to see that you are as healthy and happy as usual. I'm glad you live a happy life. You are always my best friend ... Sam." When he finished reading the letter, Mr Lee said, "I have promised that I will keep this a secret until Sam is gone. Now you know it."

Jason stood there like a stone. Tears ran down his face.

24. The car accident happened \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. on one snowy morning                      B. when it snowed one night  
C. on their way to school                      D. when they went to work
25. Sam thanked Mr Lee mainly because Mr Lee \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. saved his friend Jason's life                      B. was very kind and friendly to him  
C. came to see him early in the morning                      D. did the operation according to his wish
26. From the story, we can conclude that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Sam played a joke on Jason  
B. Sam always told lies to his friends  
C. Sam thought friendship was important  
D. Sam regretted doing the operation in the end



C

When you are sitting in class, have you ever drawn pictures in the margins(页边的空白处) of your notebooks? If so, you are doodling. Many people think of doodling as a distraction(分心) from more important things. But it might be just the opposite. Doodling might help one focus on work.



One study shows that doodling may help you remember things you hear. In 2009 researchers asked two groups of people to listen to a phone message. One group was encouraged to doodle, but the other was not. Neither group knew that it would be asked to remember information from the message. But the group that doodled remembered 29% more.

Other people have suggested other uses for doodling. Jesse Prinz, a professor who studies doodling, says it can help you think creatively. Walking away from a problem to draw might actually help you solve it. When you come back, you'll have a fresh perspective(观点) and figure out an answer more quickly.

An author named Sunni Brown wrote a book on doodling. She argues that doodling is a tool that can help people think. She admits that people see doodling as doing nothing, but she wants to change that. In fact, she runs a business that helps companies improve organization and planning through doodling.

Brown believes doodling is helpful because it includes many ways of learning. You learn in four ways: seeing, hearing, reading or writing, and through movement. The more ways you use, the better you learn. And when you doodle while listening to a lecture, you use all four.

You might think that being good at drawing is important for doodling. But if the point of doodling is to help you think, then it doesn't matter what the picture looks like. Even if you're not an artist, doodling can help you. So next time you need help focusing, pick up a pen and doodle away!

27. Which of the following is true?
- A. Jesse Prinz thinks doodling can help people remember better.
  - B. Brown believes doodling involves four ways of learning.
  - C. One study shows doodling is a distraction from more important things.
  - D. Many people think that doodling may be good for your learning and thinking.
28. According to the passage, when you have a problem, you might find a way to solve it by \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. having a conversation
  - B. watching a movie
  - C. drawing lines or shapes
  - D. wondering in the park
29. The writer probably agrees \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. doodling has drawn more attention
  - B. doodling needs good drawing skill
  - C. doodling develop one's patience
  - D. doodling helps one focus attention
30. What's the passage mainly about?
- A. The problems of doodling.
  - B. The causes of doodling.
  - C. The advantages of doodling.
  - D. The side effects of doodling.

D

Imagine there is a glass on a table in front of you. It has water in it but it is not full. How do you describe the glass? "Half full or half empty?"

If you say half full, you might be an optimist. If you say half empty, you might be the opposite — a pessimist.

Optimism and pessimism represent your general attitude toward certain situations or to life in general. And your attitude about life may be more important to living than you think.

A new study suggests that your level of optimism may affect your health. People who are optimistic may live longer than those who are pessimistic.

Researchers at Harvard University's School of Public Health in Boston did the study. They compared women with "a general expectation that good things will happen" to women who were less optimistic. They found that the optimists had a much lower risk of getting several deadly diseases, including cancer, heart disease and certain types of infection.

Eric Kim is one of the study leaders. He says there is increasing evidence that strengthening psychological(心理的) **resilience** may help prevent disease. Kim says that these new findings suggest that people should make efforts to increase their resilience and optimism. He says optimism is connected with healthier behaviors and healthier ways of dealing with difficulty. Optimists tend to take better care of themselves by exercising, eating healthy foods and getting enough sleep.

However, the researchers say that healthy behaviors of optimistic people only partly explain the connection with reduced risk of disease.

For the study, researchers looked at information gathered on 70,000 women in the Nurse's Health Study. This massive study began in 1975. It collects health information on those involved in the study every two years. The Harvard researchers looked at the level of optimism of the women, as well as other factors such as race, diet, physical activity level and overall health. They found the most optimistic women had nearly a 30 percent lower risk of dying from disease.

Kaitlin Hagan, another study leader, says earlier studies show that a person can use simple, low-cost methods to increase optimism. For example, thinking about and writing down the best possible outcomes for areas of their lives, like their careers or relationships.

Leslie Ralph, a clinical psychologist and counselor, has several ideas about how to increase optimism. She says each night you might plan to do two or three simple, enjoyable activities the next day, such as watching the sun rise, visiting a friend, dancing to a favorite song or reading a story with your child. And the counselor adds offering praise or support to someone can also improve your own outlook. A smile and "thank you" from another person may help you feel more optimistic.

31. What do we know from the passage?
- A. Relations lie among optimism, pessimism and a glass of water.
  - B. Good expectations increase risk of dying from disease.
  - C. An optimist is more likely to live healthily.
  - D. Supporting someone may receive praise of a pessimist.



32. What does the underlined word “resilience” mean in Paragraph 6?
- A. The ability to recover from difficulty or change.  
 B. A way of thinking and reacting to things.  
 C. Factors that influence one’s health.  
 D. The ability to experience the sense of touching body.
33. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?
- A. To Be Optimistic or Pessimistic  
 B. To Look on the Bright Side or the Opposite  
 C. Increasing Optimism Keeps You More Active  
 D. Looking on the Bright Side Might Help You Live Longer

四、阅读短文,根据短文内容回答问题。(共 10 分,每题 2 分)

Since 1989, Dave Thomas, who died at age 69, had been one of the most recognizable faces on TV. He appeared in more than 800 commercials(商业广告) for the hamburger chain named for his daughter. “As long as it works,” he said in 1991. “I’ll continue to do those commercials.”

Even though he was successful, Thomas remained troubled by his childhood. “He still won’t let anyone see his feet, which are out of shape because he never had proper fitting shoes,” Wendy said in 1993. Born to a single mother, he was adopted(收养) as a baby by Rex and Auleva Thomas of Kalamazoo in Michigan. After Auleva died when he was 5, Thomas spent years on the road as Rex traveled around seeking construction work. “He fed me,” Thomas said, “and if I got out of line, he’d beat me.”

Moving out on his own at 15, Thomas worked, first as a waiter, in many restaurants. But he had something much better in mind. “I thought if I owned a restaurant,” he said, “I could eat for free.” When he was 24, meeting with Harland Sanders led Thomas to a career as the manager of a Kentucky Fried Chicken restaurant that made him a millionaire in 1968.

In 1969, after breaking with Sanders, Thomas started the first Wendy’s Old Fashioned hamburgers, in Columbus, Ohio, which set itself apart by serving made-to-order burgers. With 6,000 restaurants worldwide, the chain now makes \$6 billion a year in sales.

Although troubled by his own experience with adoption, Thomas, married since 1954 to Lorraine, 66, and with four grown kids besides Wendy, felt it could offer a future for other children. He started the Dave Thomas Foundation(基金会) for Adoption in 1992.

In 1993, Thomas, who had left school at 15, graduated from Coconut Creek High School in Florida. He even took Lorraine to the graduation dance party. The kids voted him Most Likely to Succeed.

“The Dave you saw on TV was the real Dave,” says friend Pat Williams, “He wasn’t a great actor or a great speaker. He was just Joe Everybody.”

34. When did Dave Thomas begin to do commercials for the hamburger chain?
35. Did Dave Thomas live a happy life or a hard life when he was young?
36. Who led Dave Thomas to success?
37. Where did Thomas start the first Wendy’s Old Fashioned hamburgers?
38. Why did he start the Dave Thomas Foundation for Adoption in 1992?

书面表达(共 10 分)

五、文段表达(共 10 分)

39. 从下面两个题目中任选一题,根据中文和英文提示,完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

假如你是李华,你们学校正在开展“守护健康”宣传活动,倡议大家制作以预防新冠病毒为主题的海报,你们班的交换生 Peter 给你发邮件询问相关事情。请用英语回复一封邮件,告诉他海报上交的时间,并分享你设计海报的一些想法。

提示词语: design, prevent COVID-19(新冠病毒), mask, wash hands, picture

提示问题: • When should you hand in the poster?

• What would you like to share with Peter about designing the poster?

Dear Peter,

I’m glad to receive your e-mail. \_\_\_\_\_

If there is anything more that I can help with, please let me know.

Yours,

Li Hua

题目②

自律,即自我约束,是自我提升的一种途径,有助于我们成长,促使我们不断前行。

某英文网站正在开展以“自律”为主题的征文活动。假如你是李华,请用英语写一篇短文投稿,谈谈因疫情你在家上网课时是如何进行自律的,以及这样做给你带来的好处。

提示词语: self-disciplined(自律的), listen carefully, finish homework, habit, improve

提示问题: • How did you do to be self-disciplined?

• What benefits have you got by doing so?

Self-discipline plays an important role in our life. \_\_\_\_\_

# 平谷区 2020 年中考英语一模答案



一、单项填空(共 6 分，每小题 0.5 分)

1---6 ACCAAD                      7---12 CBACDB

二、完形填空(共 8 分，每小题 1 分)

13---20 CADD    CADC

三、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。(共 26 分，每小题 2 分)

A 篇            D B D                      B 篇            BDC            C 篇            B C D C                      D  
                    篇            CAD

四、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。(共 10 分，每小题 2 分)

34. Since 1989.

35. A hard life.

36. Harland Sanders

37. In Columbus, Ohio,

38. He wanted to offer a future for other children.

五、文段表达(10 分)

题目①

Dear Peter,

I'm glad to receive your email. We need to hand in the poster by next Monday. Now, I'd like to share some ideas on how I will design my poster.

The main part is about some knowledge on how to prevent COVID-19. For example, we should wear masks when we must go out. We should wash our hands when we come back. We should open the windows for about half an hour every day.

To make my poster more attractive, I plan to draw some pictures to make others pay attention. Hope my ideas will be helpful.

If there is anything more that I can help with, please let me know.

Yours,

Li Hua

题目②

Self-discipline plays an important role in our life. To be self-disciplined, I started from doing simple things. For example, I tried to form the habits of getting up early and read English and Chinese. I made a plan to answer at least 10 questions every day.

Though it was hard for me at the beginning, I pushed myself forward. About two weeks later, I got into the habit.

By doing so, I have made much progress. I have caught the students who were better than me .I have known a lot of things that I didn't know before.



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