



# 2023 北京陈经纶中学初一（上）期中

## 英 语

时间： 90 分钟                      满分： 100 分

班级： \_\_\_\_\_ 姓名： \_\_\_\_\_ 学号： \_\_\_\_\_

### 听力理解部分

一、听后选择：本大题共 8 个小题，每小题 1 分，共 8 分。

听对话或独白，根据所听内容从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择 最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你有 5 秒钟的时间阅读每小题。听完后，你有 5 秒钟的时间作答。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 1 至第 2 小题。现在，你有 10 秒钟的时间阅读这两道小题。

1. What does Mary want to have for dinner today?

A. Rice.    B. Noodles.    C. Salad.

2. What do they go shopping for?

A. Tomatoes.    B. Potatoes.    C. Noodles.

听下面一段对话，回答第 3 至第 4 小题。现在，你有 10 秒钟的时间阅读这两道小题。

3. How many people are there in Tony's family?

A. 3      B. 13      C. 30

4. What is Tony's sister's name?

A. Lily    B. Lucy    C. Linda

听下面一段对话，回答第 5 至第 6 小题。现在，你有 10 秒钟的时间阅读这两道小题。

5. Where are Tony's mum's parents?

A. On the left.      B. On the right.      C. In the middle.

6. What does Tony's father do?

A. A manager of a hotel.    B. An English teacher.    C. A theatre manager.

听下面一段独白，回答第7至第8小题。现在，你有 10 秒钟的时间阅读这两道小题。

7. What can we know from the passage?

A. Lisa is thirteen years old.

B. John is in Class 6, Grade 7.

C. Lisa often has lunch with Linda at school.

8. What is the main idea of this passage?



- A. Something about Lisa's school.
- B. Something about Lisa's teacher.
- C. Something about Lisa and her friends.

二、听后回答：本大题共 5 个小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分。

听对话，根据所听内容回答问题。在听到提示后，你有 20 秒钟的时间将答案写在答题纸相应位置。每段对话你将听两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 9 小题。

How old is Betty?

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听下面一段对话，回答第 10 小题。

What is the weather like in London in spring?

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听下面一段对话，回答第 11 小题。

What day is it today?

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听下面一段对话，回答第 12 小题。

What's the dining hall in Betty's school like?

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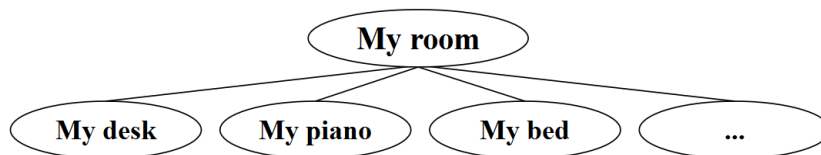
听下面一段对话，回答第 13 小题。

Why does Tom like maths?

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三、听后转写：本大题共 5 个小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分。

连续听两遍短文，根据所听内容和提示，按照题号将完整句转写在答题纸相应位置。现在，你有 1 分钟的时间浏览提示信息。



- 14. The desk is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 15. There are \_\_\_\_\_ on the desk.
- 16. I \_\_\_\_\_ so I play the piano every day.
- 17. My bed is not big but \_\_\_\_\_.
- 18. \_\_\_\_\_ China is above my bed.

选择题部分



四、找出每组词中划线部分发音不同的单词：本大题共8个小题，每小题0.5分，共4分。

- ( )19.A. cake    B. make    C. take    D. fat  
( )20.A. these    B. let    C. pet    D. lesson  
( )21.A. kite    B. sit    C. like    D. side  
( )22.A. love    B. home    C. some    D. come  
( )23.A. run    B. sun    C. use    D. but  
( )24.A. clean    B. meat    C. teacher    D. bread  
( )25.A. get    B. orange    C. grade    D. bag  
( )26.A. cloudy    B. about    C. soup    D. trousers

五、单项选择：本大题共10个小题，每小题0.5分，共5分。

- ( )27.Mr.Wang is our history teacher.\_\_\_\_\_ is very kind to us.  
A. It B. He C. She D. They
- ( )28.----Whose book is that? ----Oh, it's \_\_\_\_\_ book.  
A. I B. me C. my D. mine
- ( )29.John usually gets up at seven \_\_\_\_\_ the morning.  
A. on B. at C. in D. of
- ( )30.Tina can speak Chinese, \_\_\_\_\_ she can not write.  
A. so B. but C. or D. for
- ( )31.---- \_\_\_\_\_ is Sarah? Mr. Smith is looking for her everywhere.  
----I think she is in the reading room.  
A. When B. What C. Who D. Where
- ( )32.My classmates \_\_\_\_\_ very nice and we often have fun together.  
A. is B. am C. be D. are
- ( )33.---- \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of furniture in your house, Sarah?  
----Yes. I feel very comfortable in it.  
A. Are there B. Is there C. Have got D. Has got
- ( )34.----Have we got \_\_\_\_\_ chocolate? ----Yes, we have.  
A. any B. some C. a lot D. many
- ( )35.It's fine today. Let's \_\_\_\_\_ out to play.  
A. to go B. going C. go D. goes
- ( )36. ----Thank you for your help.  
----\_\_\_\_\_.



A. No, thanks B. Yes, please C. You're welcome D. Excuse me

六、完型填空：本大题共 8 个小题，每小题 1 分，共 8 分。

“What are you busy with yourself, mum?” the girl of just six years old asks her mother curiously (好奇地).

“Making dinner for the neighbor's (邻居的) aunt.”

“Why?”

“Because the other day, the aunt lost her dear 37 and she is so sad now. We must care about her these days.”

“Why does she need our 38?”

“Because the aunt cannot do what they liked to do with her daughter any more. She is so sad that she can't 39. My dear, can you help mother think of a good way to help the aunt?”

The girl thinks for a long time. Suddenly, she runs to the neighbor and 40 at the door. The neighbor opens the door. She looks sad and 41.

“What can I do for you?” asks the neighbor.

“My mother says you're very distressed (痛苦) for losing your daughter...” The girl open her hand and says, “This is for you. 42 it on your heart and then it won't hurt (疼) that much.” In her hand is a band-aid (创可贴)!

Tears (泪水) come down from the neighbor's 43. She hugs (拥抱) the girl and says, “Thank you, dear. This band-aid will be the best 44 in the world.”

- ( )37. A. son            B. mother            C. daughter
- ( )38. A. help            B. fruit            C. food
- ( )39. A. do homework    B. make dinner    C. do sports
- ( )40. **A. knocks**        **B. looks**            **C. laughs**
- ( )41. A. healthy        B. busy            C. worried
- ( )42. A. Buy            B. Get            C. Put
- ( )43. A. ears            B. eyes            C. mouth
- ( )44. A. medicine    B. present        C. toy

七、阅读理解：在每小题给出的四个选项中，有且只有一项是符合题目要求的。本大题共 10 个小题，每小题 2 分，共 20 分。

**A**

Laura and her parents Mr and Mrs Smith live in London. They have different pets and they love their pets.

Mr Smith	I like dogs. I have a dog. Its name is Rim. It isn't big but it's very beautiful. It's brown and
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	white. And it has long hair on its ears. It can walk on two legs.
Mrs Smith	My pet is a two-year-old cat. Its name is Bam. Bam is black. It's very friendly and it often plays with Rim. Sometimes they even sleep together. Milk is Bam's favourite.
Laura	My pet is a rabbit. It's my friend too. I call it Rick. It's one year old and it's very cute. It's white. Every evening it plays with Bam for half an hour. It likes eating carrots.

- ( ) 45. What colour is Rim?  
 A. White. B. Black. C. Brown and white. D. Black and brown.
- ( ) 46. Whose pet is Bam?  
 A. Laura's. B. Laura's mum's. C. Laura's dad's. D. Laura's friend's.
- ( ) 47. In the evening, Rick plays \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. with Rim B. with Laura C. for 30 minutes D. for 60 minutes

**B**

An old man walks into a clothes shop. He wants to buy a coat for himself. He asks the salesgirl(售货员) to show him a new coat, but the girl is still looking out of the window. The old man asks again, rising his voice a bit but the girl still doesn't answer. The old man becomes angry(生气) and goes up to her. He looks carefully at the girl and says to himself, "I'm too old to see well now. I can't even tell a plastic (塑料的) model(模型) from a real girl!" Hearing this, the salesgirl turns around and shouts at the old man. "What? You call me a plastic model?" The old man is greatly surprised(惊讶的). "Oh, dear me," he says. "The model can speak! It's so interesting! It must be a new kind of robot!"

- ( ) 48. Where is the old man?  
 A. He is at a clothes shop. B. He is at a hospital.  
 C. He is in his house. D. He is in a park.
- ( ) 49. The old man wants to buy \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. a robot. B. a pair of shoes.  
 C. some food. D. a coat.
- ( ) 50. Which of the following is WRONG(错误的)?  
 A. The salesgirl isn't a robot.  
 B. There is a salesgirl in the clothes shop.  
 C. The salesgirl talks to the old man at first.  
 D. The girl doesn't answer the old man at first.

**C**

As young students, you have many dreams. These dreams can be very big, such as winning



the Nobel Prize(诺贝尔奖). They can also be small. You may just want to become one of the ten best students in your class.

Once(一旦)you find a dream, what do you do with it? Do you try to make your dream real?

“Follow Your Heart” by Australian writer Andrew Matthews tells us that making our dreams real is life’s biggest challenge. You may think you are not very good at some school subjects, or that it is impossible for you to become a writer. These kinds of ideas stop you from getting your dream, the book says.

In fact, everyone can make his dream come true(成真). The first thing you must do is to remember what your dream is.

Don't let it leave your heart. Keep telling yourself what you want every day and your dream will come true faster because a big dream comes from many small dreams.

You must also never give up your dream. There will be difficulties on the road to your dreams. But the biggest difficulty comes from yourself. You need to decide( 决定) what is the most important. Studying instead of( 而不是)watching TV will help you to get better exam results(成绩), while saving five yuan instead of buying an ice cream means you can buy a new book.

As you get closer to your dream, it may change a little. This is **favorable** as you have the chance to learn something more useful and find new hobbies.

( ) 51. "Follow Your Heart" is the name of \_\_\_\_.

- A. a piece of news                      B. a book by Andrew Matthews  
C. the most important dream        D. a famous Australian writer

( ) 52. Which of the following is NOT TRUE?

- A. You must never give up your dreams.  
B. You must remember what your dream is.  
C. You must be good at all your school subjects.  
D. You must decide what is the most important for your dream.

( ) 53. The word “**favorable**” means \_\_\_\_.

- A. 有利的    B. 可放弃的    C. 令人消极的    D. 令人难过的

( ) 54. The best title ( 题目 ) for the passage is \_\_\_\_.

- A. An Australian Writer’s Dream  
B. Many Young Students’ Dream  
C. How to Be One of the Best Students  
D. How to Make Your Dream Real

八、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题：本大题共 5 个小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分。



The students of Class 1, Grade 7 are going hiking (徒步旅行) on their field trip. Hiking is good for people's health. Many hikers like to hike in the countryside (乡村), forests and mountains (高山).

Just walking for fun is the first kind of hiking. Many people like to hike in city parks or just on the sidewalks.

A hike can take a few hours or weeks. People just need clothes and shoes that are good for the weather. At the beginning, hikers should start with walks that they can do in one day. As you get stronger, you can go on overnight hikes. Later you can go longer than that. You can make your hike last for several days or weeks.

For safety(安全), hikers should hike with someone. It is a good idea to have one or two friends with you. Hikers should also carry a map. It's useful.

Backpacking is another kind of hiking. People carry food, clothes and other things on their backs in a pack. Backpackers can stay many days in the places where there is no food to buy. They carry what they need on their backs.

Now, put on your hiking shoes and take a hike!

55. Is hiking good for people's health?
56. Where do many hikers like to hike?
57. How many kinds of hiking are there in the passage?
58. What should hikers do for safety?
59. Do you want to go hiking? Why or why not?

九、根据中文补全句子：本大题共5个小题，每小题2分，共10分。

60. 该回家了。

It's \_\_\_\_\_ go home.

61. 你们学校有多少教室？

\_\_\_\_\_ classrooms \_\_\_\_\_ in your school?

62. 图书馆在学校办公室的左边。

The library is \_\_\_\_\_ the office building.

63. 保持身体健康很重要。

\_\_\_\_\_ keep healthy.

64. 太多的肉对我们的健康不好。

Too much meat \_\_\_\_\_ our health.

十、用所给词的适当形式填空：本大题共5个小题，每小题1分，共5分。

some, building, be, have got, this

65. ----Is there \_\_\_\_\_ orange juice in the bottle? ----Yes, there is.



66. My school is big. There are many \_\_\_\_\_ in it.

67. There \_\_\_\_\_ some apples in the box.

68. Miss Wang \_\_\_\_\_ some fish in her fridge.

69. \_\_\_\_\_ are my parents. We often play sports on weekends.

十一、文段表达：本大题共 1 个小题，共 10 分。

70. 根据中文和英文提示，写一篇意思连贯、符合逻辑、不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请 不要写出你的校名和姓名。

这个秋天，大家正式告别了小学生活，成为一名初中生(junior high school student)，开启了新的人生。假如你是李华，你的美国笔友 Tony 想了解你们学校和你的中学生活。请你根据 Tony 提出的问题给他回一封邮件，介绍一下你的校园，你的新朋友，以及你怎样看待你的初中生活。

提示词语：big, library, helpful, wonderful,

提示问题：• What's your school like?

• Who is your new friend?

• What do you think of your school life?

Dear Tony,

I'm happy to tell you something about my new school. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,  
Li Hua