

2022 北京东城初二（上）期末

英 语

一、 单项填空（每题 0.5 分，共 4 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. This isn't my dictionary. _____ is over there, on the desk. ()
A. Mine B. His C. Hers D. Yours
2. You've got a report tomorrow, _____ you'd better prepare for it tonight. ()
A. or B. so C. but D. for
3. Peter! The ice is too thin. It is dangerous. You _____ keep out. ()
A. could B. must C. may D. might
4. Yuan Longping is one of _____ scientists in the world. ()
A. great B. greater C. greatest D. the greatest
5. Betty often _____ a walk with her parents after school. ()
A. takes B. was taking C. is taking D. will take
6. My mum _____ on the computer when Grandma called her last night. ()
A. works B. will work C. was working D. is working
7. - What is your sister doing right now, Tony?
- She _____ her homework. ()
A. checks B. is checking C. checked D. will check
8. The town _____ a lot of pollution in the past but it is not a problem any more. ()
A. has B. is having C. will have D. had



二、完形填空（每小题 1 分，共 8 分）

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

9.

Building a Class Project（项目）

David sat alone on the school bus home. He didn't want to talk to his friends. They were all talking about their class projects for the weekend. They were (1) _____, but David wasn't.

How could they understand his feelings when their parents would be them? Nobody would (2) _____ David. His mum worked all the time, and his dad never wanted to do anything with him.

"How was school today?" Grandpa asked when David got home.

"It was okay, I guess."

"You don't sound like that."

David told Grandpa about the (3) _____. Each student needed to ask a grown-up for help, and together they would build something. The students needed to make a report to explain how their projects had gone.

"That sounds nice," Grandpa said. "Why does it make you (4) _____?"



David felt his sadness rising inside him. "I don't have anyone to help me."

Grandpa raised his eyebrows. "Who am I?" he asked.

"You'd build a project with me, Grandpa?" David said in surprise.

"Sure, I would," Grandpa said (5) _____.

David's heart seemed so light that he thought it would fly away. Maybe this project wouldn't be so bad.

They sat at the table and made a list of ideas. Finally, they (6) _____ to build a robot from old boxes.

Two hours later, the robot was finished. The table was untidy, but David couldn't stop (7) _____.

"I think it's the best robot I have ever built. Now I'll write my report," David said.

He turned towards his room, but he stopped. He ran to Grandpa and hugged him. "Thank you for helping me, Grandpa. I had a lot of (8) _____."

Grandpa patted his shoulders. "Me, too. Now, go and write your report. Maybe next time we can make a rocket."

David smiled. He couldn't wait any more.

- | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|------------|----------------|
| (1) A. afraid | B. worried | C. careful | D. excited |
| (2) A. follow | B. help | C. like | D. ask |
| (3) A. project | B. bus | C. school | D. report |
| (4) A. bored | B. unhappy | C. sorry | D. tired |
| (5) A. quietly | B. slowly | C. calmly | D. confidently |
| (6) A. offered | B. remembered | C. decided | D. promised |
| (7) A. smiling | B. cleaning | C. playing | D. watching |
| (8) A. work | B. time | C. fun | D. choice |



三、阅读理解 (每小题 2 分, 共 24 分)

阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

10.

Four great campsites (露营地) to try this summer

Sandy Bay

This campsite is on an excellent beach, and has its own surfing (冲浪) school with special prices for campers. The sea is safe for swimming, so it's a great place for families. It doesn't matter what size tent (帐篷) you bring, as the campsite is large and you won't be too near to your neighbours.

High Wood

There are lots of activities you can do at High Wood campsite, from fishing to cycling. It's not as large as some campsites, but it's clean and modern. There's a special area where you can watch films under the stars. For food shopping, try the shop in the nearby village.

Black Lake

The wonderful thing about Black Lake campsite is waking up in the morning and seeing the beautiful mountains all around you. You can swim in the lake or walk in the forest. You don't have to bring your own tent - - there are some you can pay to use. Don't forget to bring your mountain bike with you. Its small supermarket has long opening hours.

White River

There are many outdoor activities at White River campsite. There is a swimming pool, several playground areas, volleyball and basketball courts. You can go fishing, go hiking or just read a book you like at your campsite. There's a camp shop where you can buy food and drinks.

(1) Which campsite offers a surfing school?

- A. Sandy Bay.
- B. High Wood.
- C. Black Lake.
- D. White River.

(2) What can people do at High Wood campsite?

- A. Swim in the lake.
- B. Walk in the forest.
- C. Watch films under the stars.
- D. See the beautiful mountains.

(3) What does the writer advise you to bring when you go to Black Lake campsite?

- A. Some books.
- B. Food and drinks.
- C. Your own tent.
- D. A mountain bike.

11.

Seven years ago, I was studying Tourism at college, but I needed to find a part - time (兼职的) job because it was very expensive to study at college. I decided to become a weekend tour guide in my home city - - Chicago, USA. I was surprised to find how much I enjoyed taking visitors around the city. I got to see the city through the eyes of tourists, and it felt like a new experience every time.

After finishing my studies, I decided to go into tour guiding full - time (全职). I thought it would be quite easy. But when I researched what I had to do, I found out that I needed to know a lot more than I'd learnt so far to get a licence (执照) as a full - time tour guide. All city guides have to be able to answer hundreds of questions about the city, covering everything from local history to the rules of public transport. After several difficult but interesting months, I got my tour guide licence and became an independent tour guide.

Tour guiding isn't just about knowing historical facts or making sure you don't lose anyone from your group in the crowds. There are many other necessary skills. You should be able to tell interesting stories, and the most important one is to



be able to face changing situations, for example, if a place that you thought was open is closed when you arrive. Tourists don't want to hear what the problems are or that they're missing out on something, they just want to enjoy a well - planned tour.

The visitors are happy with my tours because of the hard work I put into my job, and my tours are popular with the visitors coming to Chicago.

(1) Why did the writer decide to work as a weekend tour guide?

- A. To help pay for his studies.
- B. To get more life experience.
- C. To prepare for his future job.
- D. To learn the history of the city.

(2) What did the writer think of the job of a full - time tour guide?

- A. It was quite easy to get a licence.
- B. It needed a lot more than what he knew.
- C. It was difficult to make all the tourists happy.
- D. It offered him a chance to meet different people.

(3) What does the writer think is the most important skill for his job?

- A. Answering all kinds of questions.
- B. Facing sudden changes during a tour.
- C. Giving tourists all the information of the tour.
- D. Checking that nobody gets lost during the tour.

12.

Koalas look so cute that you want to give them a hug. Of course, koalas don't hug or do they? During the hot season in Australia, scientists noticed something unusual. As the temperatures rose, koalas high in the trees climbed down from the treetops. They sat on lower tree limbs and looked as if they were hugging the trees. But why would koalas hug trees?

Scientists have studied koalas for years. They know that koalas cannot sweat (出汗). The animals have few ways to stay cool during the hottest days. They can lick or pant like dogs to keep cool. However, both ways can dry them out. They could leave the safety of their trees to search for water, but water is difficult to find.



Thermal image

The scientists decided to do some study. They followed 37 koalas. First, they noted their posture (姿势) and where they stayed in trees. When the weather was warm, the koalas sat high up in the treetops. They ate tree leaves or rested. However, as the weather turned hot, the koalas climbed farther down. They kept their bodies close to tree trunks (树干). Next, scientists used technology to find out why the koalas acted differently because of the weather. They used a special camera to take photos. The camera made thermal images (热成像). In thermal images, darker colors show cooler temperatures. Lighter colors show hotter temperatures.



These images showed that koalas hug trees to keep cool.They showed that the tree trunks were up to nine degrees cooler than the air around them.

Koalas were using the trees to keep cool.By hugging the cooler trees,the animals could lower their temperatures as much as 68 percent.This allowed the koalas to keep the water in their bodies.Clearly, hugging trees offers relief to koalas when temperatures rise.

(1) What did the scientists find about koalas during the hot season?

- A.They stayed longer on treetops to eat more tree leaves.
- B.They had many ways to stay cool during the hottest days.
- C.They stayed in the lower part of the trees when it was hot.
- D.They climbed down trees to search for water in hot weather.

(2) What is Paragraph 3 mainly about?

- A.How the scientists did the research.
- B.How koalas keep cool in hot weather.
- C.Why the scientists used technology in the study.
- D.Why koalas act differently because of the weather.



(3) The word "relief " in Paragraph 5 probably means " _____".

- A.a dangerous place
- B.a difficult situation
- C.an exciting experience
- D.a comfortable feeling

13.

How good are you at remembering names, dates, and telephone numbers? It is not easy for all.Remembering things is one of the most interesting functions (功能) of the human brain (大脑) .That's why scientists spend so much time studying how it works.

Studies show that when we learn something new, it stays in our memory (记忆) for 20 - 30 seconds.This is our short - term memory.Remembering a phone number long enough to find a piece of paper is an example.The opposite of short - term memory is long - term memory, which is where things are stored in the brain for a long time.The brain can turn short - term memory into long - term memory.For example, when studying for an exam, instead of just reading the information once or twice, you might go over your notes again and again until you can remember the important information.

Dave Farrow is known for his excellent memory.He has been listed twice in Guinness (吉尼斯) World Records for Greatest Memory.As a student, Dave had great difficulties in learning.He found some ways to improve his memory in order to do well in school.Here are some you can try.

One way is to look at the first letter of each word you want to remember.Then, make your own word or sentence using all of those letters.For example, if you want to remember all the colours in a rainbow, try remembering the name Roy G.Biv.Each letter in this name matches the first letter of a colour: red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo and violet.Another way is to remember information in groups.For example, when you remember a telephone number, remember three numbers as a group, the next four numbers as a group and the final four numbers as a group.This way, your brain only has to remember three things instead of 11.

If you are interested in improving your memory, apart from using some ways to remember things, there are lots of simple things you can do, like eating healthily, sleeping well and exercising daily. Challenging (挑战) your brain also helps you keep it healthy and active. So, why not start playing mind games, learning a musical instrument or studying a new language?

(1) What can we learn from Paragraph 2?

- A. Short - term memory is less important than long - term memory.
- B. The information needed for an exam stays in short - term memory.
- C. People store new information in long - term memory by going over it.
- D. Our short - term memory can hold information for more than half a minute.

(2) The writer talks about Dave Farrow to _____.

- A. describe how people remember things
- B. show the importance of a great memory
- C. tell people to use some ways to improve memory
- D. give a reason why people need to improve memory

(3) What is the last paragraph mainly about?

- A. Some advice to improve memory.
- B. Some activities to challenge the brain.
- C. Some advantages of playing mind games.
- D. Some reasons for keeping the brain active.



四、阅读表达 (每小题 2 分, 共 8 分)

14. 阅读短文, 根据短文内容回答问题。



This fall, children in the Eixample area of Barcelona, Spain have a new way to get to school on Fridays - they ride their bikes. In September, a group of five children began biking to school with their parents on Fridays. Soon the group grew to 150 or more. The program is called "bicibús" or bike bus.

The Eixample bike bus begins around 8:25 every Friday morning. The path it will follow is always posted ahead of time, so everyone knows where to join.

The bicibús starts off with just a few students and parents, with more and more joining as it travels along.

Most kids ride their bikes, but others ride scooters or use skates. Instead of riding in bike lanes or on sidewalks, the bicibús takes over the whole street. With music playing and bike bells ringing, the bicibús feels like a party.

Being able to ride with a lot of children is a big part of the fun. Nine-year-old Maria Pitarch says, "The best part of the bicibús is that we ride along and pick up my friends and we ride together."

The Eixample bicibús goes to several schools. When students reach their school, they leave the bus and park their bikes. Some parents have made the bicibús the way they get to work on Friday.

It was possible to bike to school in Eixample before, but it wasn't really safe for children. One of the main roads used by the Eixample bicibús has about 20, 000 cars and motorcycles every day. So the local police are helping stop traffic by riding in front of the bicibús and behind it.

Some parents think the bicibús will help change ideas about how people can get around in the city. They want the city to build wider, kid - friendly bike lanes that are separate from car traffic. They point out that the bicibús also helps cut down on pollution.

- (1) What time does the bike bus begin every Friday morning?
- (2) How do children feel about the bicibús?
- (3) How do the local police help stop traffic?
- (4) What are the advantages of the bicibús according to some parents?



五、根据汉语意思和提示词语翻译句子。(每题 2 分, 共 6 分)

15. 课上尽可能多说英语是个好主意。(speak English)
16. 没有什么比打网球更加令人愉快的了。(enjoyable)
17. 为了保护野生大熊猫, 政府正在建立自然公园。(the government)

六、文段表达 (10 分)

18. 根据中文和英文提示, 完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

"安全无小事"。无论是在上下学的途中, 还是在校园里, 或者是在其他场所, 我们都应注意安全。

假如你是李华, 你校英文报刊正在开展"安全大家谈"的征文活动, 请用英语写一篇短文投稿, 谈谈生活中你发现了什么安全问题并提出相应的建议。

提示词语: fast, dangerous, pay attention, traffic lights

提示问题: (1) What safety problem do you notice?

(2) What's your advice on keeping safe?

I notice a safety problem. _____

参考答案

一、 单项填空（每题 0.5 分，共 4 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. This isn't my dictionary. _____ is over there, on the desk. ()

- A. Mine B. His C. Hers D. Yours

【分析】这不是我的字典。我的在那边，在桌子上。

【解答】Mine 我的；His 他的；Hers 她的；Yours 你的、你们的。根据 This isn't my dictionary."这不是我的字典。"可知，"我的"在那边。填 Mine。

故选：A。

【点评】分析选项代词意思及用法，结合语境，找到关键词句，选择合适答案。

2. You've got a report tomorrow, _____ you'd better prepare for it tonight. ()

- A. or B. so C. but D. for

【分析】你明天有个报告，因此你最好今晚准备一下。

【解答】句意：你明天有个报告，因此你最好今晚准备一下。A.or 或者，表选择关系；B.so 所以，表因果关系，为前因后果；C.but 但是，表转折关系；D.for 因为，表因果关系，为前果后因；C.but 但是，表转折关系。根据前面提到你明天有个报告以及后面的你最好今晚准备一下，可知这两句是因果关系，为前因后果。

故选：B。

【点评】正确辨析几个连词的汉语意思和用法，结合语境选择作答。

3. Peter!The ice is too thin.It is dangerous.You _____ keep out. ()

- A. could B. must C. may D. might

【分析】彼得！冰太薄了。这很危险。你必须留在外面。

【解答】could 能；must 必须；may 可以；might 可能。根据 The ice is too thin.It is dangerous."冰太薄了。这很危险。"可知，你"必须"留在外面。

故选：B。

【点评】情态动词在句中不受人称、性别、单复数变化的影响，但是要考时态，交际用法等。结合语境，选择正确答案。

4. Yuan Longping is one of _____ scientists in the world. ()

- A. great B. greater
C. greatest D. the greatest

【分析】袁隆平是世界上最伟大的科学家之一。

【解答】固定短语 one of+形容词最高级+名词复数，表示最...其中之一。great 的最高级是 the greatest。

故选：D。

【点评】主要考查的是对句子意思的理解和对比较级，最高级的掌握。

5. Betty often _____ a walk with her parents after school. ()

- A. takes B. was taking C. is taking D. will take

【分析】放学后贝蒂经常和她的父母散步。



【解答】根据句意：放学后贝蒂经常和她的父母散步。由 often 可知时态是一般现在时，主语 Betty 接动词第三人称单数形式。

故选：A。

【点评】熟悉一般现在时的用法，结合题意，给出答案。

6. My mum_____on the computer when Grandma called her last night. ()

- A. works
- B. will work
- C. was working
- D. is working

【分析】昨晚奶奶给我妈妈打电话时，她正在电脑上工作。

【解答】根据语境可知，空处表示在过去的某一时刻正在进行的动作，应用过去进行时，构成形式为：was/were doing。

故选：C。

【点评】正确理解语境和解题的关键。

7. - What is your sister doing right now, Tony?

- She_____her homework. ()

- A. checks
- B. is checking
- C. checked
- D. will check

【分析】——托尼，你姐姐现在在做什么？

——她正在检查她的家庭作业。

【解答】根据问句时态可知，答语应用现在进行时，谓语动词构成形式为：be doing。

故选：B。

【点评】熟记现在进行时的用法和构成形式，结合选项得出正确答案。

8. The town_____a lot of pollution in the past but it is not a problem any more. ()

- A. has
- B. is having
- C. will have
- D. had

【分析】这个城镇过去有很多污染，但现在已经不是问题了。

【解答】根据句意：这个城镇过去有很多污染，但现在已经不是问题了。in the past 是一般过去时的标志，用动词过去式。

故选：D。

【点评】熟悉一般过去时的用法，结合题意，给出答案。

二、完形填空（每小题 1 分，共 8 分）

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

9.

Building a Class Project（项目）

David sat alone on the school bus home.He didn't want to talk to his friends.They were all talking about their class projects for the weekend.They were (1) D, but David wasn't.

How could they understand his feelings when their parents would be them? Nobody would (2) B David.His mum worked all the time.and his dad never wanted to do anything with him.

"How was school today? "Grandpa asked when David got home.



"It was okay, I guess."

"You don't sound like that."

David told Grandpa about the (3) A. Each student needed to ask a grown-up for help, and together they would build something. The students needed to make a report to explain how their projects had gone.

"That sounds nice," Grandpa said. "Why does it make you (4) B?"

David felt his sadness rising inside him. "I don't have anyone to help me."

Grandpa raised his eyebrows. "Who am I?" he asked.

"You'd build a project with me, Grandpa?" David said in surprise.

"Sure, I would," Grandpa said (5) D.

David's heart seemed so light that he thought it would fly away. Maybe this project wouldn't be so bad.

They sat at the table and made a list of ideas. Finally, they (6) C to build a robot from old boxes.

Two hours later, the robot was finished. The table was untidy, but David couldn't stop (7) C.

"I think it's the best robot I have ever built. Now I'll write my report," David said.

He turned towards his room, but he stopped. He ran to Grandpa and hugged him. "Thank you for helping me, Grandpa. I had a lot of (8) C."

Grandpa patted his shoulders. "Me, too. Now, go and write your report. Maybe next time we can make a rocket."

David smiled. He couldn't wait any more.

- | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|------------|----------------|
| (1) A. afraid | B. worried | C. careful | D. excited |
| (2) A. follow | B. help | C. like | D. ask |
| (3) A. project | B. bus | C. school | D. report |
| (4) A. bored | B. unhappy | C. sorry | D. tired |
| (5) A. quietly | B. slowly | C. calmly | D. confidently |
| (6) A. offered | B. remembered | C. decided | D. promised |
| (7) A. smiling | B. cleaning | C. playing | D. watching |
| (8) A. work | B. time | C. fun | D. choice |



【分析】文章介绍了 David 在爷爷的帮助下，完成学校的任务，非常开心。

【解答】(1) D 形容词辨析。A 害怕的，B 担心的，C 小心的，D 兴奋的，根据上句 They were all talking about their class projects for the weekend. 他们都在谈论周末的项目计划。可知都很兴奋，故答案是 D。

(2) B 动词辨析。A 跟随, B 帮助, C 喜欢, D 询问, 根据下文 I don't have anyone to help me. 可知没有人帮助他, 故答案是 B。

(3) A 名词辨析。A 项目, B 公交车, C 学校, D 报告, 根据上文他们都在谈论周末的项目计划。可知告诉爷爷这个项目, 故答案是 A。

(4) B 形容词辨析。A 无聊的, B 不开心的, C 抱歉的, D 累的, 根据 Why does it make you 和上文可知为什么让你不开心, 故答案是 B。

(5) D 副词辨析。A 安静地, B 慢慢地, C 冷静地, D 自信地, 根据 "Sure, I would," 可知是自信地说, 故答案是 D。

(6) C 动词辨析。A 提供, B 记得, C 决定, D 承诺, 根据 to build a robot from old boxes 应该是决定建造一个机器人, 故答案是 C。

(7) C 动词辨析。A 微笑, B 打扫, C 玩, D 观看, 根据语境: 桌子凌乱不堪, 但 David 迫不及待地玩, 故答案是 C。

(8) C 名词辨析。A 工作, B 时间, C 乐趣, D 选择, 根据题干, have a lot of fun 玩得开心, 故答案是 C。

【点评】首先要通读全文, 了解文章大意, 紧紧抓住上下文语境所提供的信息, 然后明确词意, 结合排除法逐一选出答案, 最后再通读全文核对答案。

三、阅读理解 (每小题 2 分, 共 24 分)

阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

10.

Four great campsites (露营地) to try this summer

Sandy Bay

This campsite is on an excellent beach, and has its own surfing (冲浪) school with special prices for campers. The sea is safe for swimming, so it's a great place for families. It doesn't matter what size tent (帐篷) you bring, as the campsite is large and you won't be too near to your neighbours.

High Wood

There are lots of activities you can do at High Wood campsite, from fishing to cycling. It's not as large as some campsites, but it's clean and modern. There's a special area where you can watch films under the stars. For food shopping, try the shop in the nearby village.

Black Lake

The wonderful thing about Black Lake campsite is waking up in the morning and seeing the beautiful mountains all around you. You can swim in the lake or walk in the forest. You don't have to bring your own tent - - there are some you can pay to use. Don't forget to bring your mountain bike with you. Its small supermarket has long opening hours.

White River

There are many outdoor activities at White River campsite. There is a swimming pool, several playground areas, volleyball and basketball courts. You can go fishing, go hiking or just read a book you like at your campsite. There's a camp shop where you can buy food and drinks.

(1) Which campsite offers a surfing school? A

A. Sandy Bay.



- B.High Wood.
- C.Black Lake.
- D.White River.

(2) What can people do at High Wood campsite? C

- A.Swim in the lake.
- B.Walk in the forest.
- C.Watch films under the stars.
- D.See the beautiful mountains.

(3) What does the writer advise you to bring when you go to Black Lake campsite? D

- A.Some books.
- B.Food and drinks.
- C.Your own tent.
- D.A.mountain bike.



【分析】本文主要介绍了四个露营地。

【解答】细节理解题。

(1) A.根据 Sandy Bay 中 and has its own surfing (冲浪) school with special prices for campers.可知, Sandy Bay 露营地有自己的冲浪学校。故选 A。

(2) C.根据 There's a special area where you can watch films under the stars.可知, 在 High Wood 露营地时可以在星空下看电影。故选 C。

(3) D.根据 Don't forget to bring your mountain bike with you.可知, 作者建议你去 Black Lake 露营地时要带上山地车。故选 D。

【点评】答阅读题时, 先弄清楚短文的主旨大意和文章的脉络, 然后在文章中找到对应的信息, 再和选项作对比, 得出正确答案。

11. Seven years ago, I was studying Tourism at college, but I needed to find a part - time (兼职的) job because it was very expensive to study at college.I decided to become a weekend tour guide in my home city - - Chicago, USA.I was surprised to find how much I enjoyed taking visitors around the city.I got to see the city through the eyes of tourists, and it felt like a new experience every time.

After finishing my studies, I decided to go into tour guiding full - time (全职) .I thought it would be quite easy.But when I researched what I had to do, I found out that I needed to know a lot more than I'd learnt so far to get a licence (执照) as a full - time tour guide.All city guides have to be able to answer hundreds of questions about the city, covering everything from local history to the rules of public transport.After several difficult but interesting months, I got my tour guide licence and became an independent tour guide.

Tour guiding isn't just about knowing historical facts or making sure you don't lose anyone from your group in the crowds.There are many other necessary skills.You should be able to tell interesting stories, and the most important one is to be able to face changing situations, for example, if a place that you thought was open is closed when you arrive.Tourists don't want to hear what the problems are or that they're missing out on something, they just want to enjoy a well - planned tour.

The visitors are happy with my tours because of the hard work I put into my job, and my tours are popular with the visitors coming to Chicago.

(1) Why did the writer decide to work as a weekend tour guide? A

A.To help pay for his studies.

B.To get more life experience.

C.To prepare for his future job.

D.To learn the history of the city.

(2) What did the writer think of the job of a full - time tour guide? B

A.It was quite easy to get a licence.

B.It needed a lot more than what he knew.

C.It was difficult to make all the tourists happy.

D.It offered him a chance to meet different people.

(3) What does the writer think is the most important skill for his job? B

A.Answering all kinds of questions.

B.Facing sudden changes during a tour.

C.Giving tourists all the information of the tour.

D.Checking that nobody gets lost during the tour.



【分析】本文介绍了作者成为导游的经历和感受。

【解答】(1) A.细节理解题。根据 but I needed to find a part - time (兼职的) job because it was very expensive to study at college.因为在大学学习很贵。可知是为了学费，故选 A。

(2) B.推理判断题。根据 I thought it would be quite easy.But when I researched what I had to do, I found out that I needed to know a lot more than I'd learnt so far to get a licence (执照) as a full - time tour guide.我以为这很容易。但当我研究我必须做的事情时，我发现我需要知道比我目前学到的更多的东西才能获得全职导游的执照。可知需要比自己知道的要多，故选 B。

(3) B.细节理解题。根据 the most important one is to be able to face changing situations, 最重要的是能够面对不断变化的情况，故选 B。

【点评】掌握全文的大意之后，仔细阅读材料后的问题，弄清每题要求后，带着问题，再回到原文中去寻找、捕获有关信息。

12. Koalas look so cute that you want to give them a hug.Of course.koalas don't hug or do they? During the hot season in Australia, scientists noticed something unusual.As the temperatures rose, koalas high in the trees climbed down from the treetops.They sat on lower tree limbs and looked as if they were hugging the trees.But why would koalas hug trees?

Scientists have studied koalas for years.They know that koalas cannot sweat (出汗).The animals have few ways to stay cool during the hottest days.They can lick or pant like dogs to keep cool.However, both ways can dry them out.They could leave the safety of their trees to search for water, but water is difficult to find.

The scientists decided to do some study.They followed 37 koalas.First, they noted their posture (姿势) and where they stayed in trees.When the weather was warm, the koalas sat high up in the treetops.They ate tree leaves or rested.However, as the weather turned hot, the koalas climbed farther down.They kept their bodies close to tree trunks (树干).Next, scientists used technology to find out why the koalas acted differently because of the weather.They used a special camera to

take photos.The camera made thermal images (热成像).In thermal images, darker colors show cooler temperatures.Lighter colors show hotter temperatures.

These images showed that koalas hug trees to keep cool.They showed that the tree trunks were up to nine degrees cooler than the air around them.

Koalas were using the trees to keep cool.By hugging the cooler trees.the animals could lower their temperatures as much as 68 percent.This allowed the koalas to keep the water in their bodies.Clearly, hugging trees offers relief to koalas when temperatures rise.

(1) What did the scientists find about koalas during the hot season? C

- A.They stayed longer on treetops to eat more tree leaves.
- B.They had many ways to stay cool during the hottest days.
- C.They stayed in the lower part of the trees when it was hot.
- D.They climbed down trees to search for water in hot weather.

(2) What is Paragraph 3 mainly about? A

- A.How the scientists did the research.
- B.How koalas keep cool in hot weather.
- C.Why the scientists used technology in the study.
- D.Why koalas act differently because of the weather.

(3) The word "relief " in Paragraph 5 probably means " D ".

- A.a dangerous place
- B.a difficult situation
- C.an exciting experience
- D.a comfortable feeling



【分析】本文主要介绍了考拉如何在炎热的季节里来保持凉爽。

【解答】(1) C 细节理解题。根据 As the temperatures rose, koalas high in the trees climbed down from the treetops.They sat on lower tree limbs and looked as if they were hugging the trees.随着气温上升, 树袋熊从树梢爬下来。他们坐在树的下肢上, 看起来像是在拥抱树木。可知天气炎热时, 他们待在树的下部, 故选 C。

(2) A 段落大意题。根据 The scientists decided to do some study.科学家们决定做一些研究。可知本段主要介绍了科学家们是如何进行这项研究的, 故选 A。

(3) D 词义猜测题。根据 Clearly, hugging trees offers relief to koalas when temperatures rise.显然, 当气温上升时, 拥抱树木可以让考拉感到__。结合选项可知 relief 意为 a comfortable feeling"一种舒适的感觉", 故选 D。

【点评】在通读全文的基础上, 根据全文大意, 展开逻辑思维, 瞻前顾后, 认真观察选项, 仔细推敲, 确定最佳答案。

13. How good are you at remembering names, dates, and telephone numbers? It is not easy for all.Remembering things is one of the most interesting functions (功能) of the human brain (大脑).That's why scientists spend so much time studying how it works.

Studies show that when we learn something new, it stays in our memory (记忆) for 20 - 30 seconds.This is our short - term memory.Remembering a phone number long enough to find a piece of paper is an example.The opposite of short - term memory is long - term memory, which is where things are stored in the brain for a long time.The brain can turn short - term memory into long - term memory.For example, when studying for an exam, instead of just reading the information once or twice, you might go over your notes again and again until you can remember the important information.

Dave Farrow is known for his excellent memory.He has been listed twice in Guinness (吉尼斯) World Records for Greatest Memory.As a student, Dave had great difficulties in learning.He found some ways to improve his memory in order to do well in school.Here are some you can try.

One way is to look at the first letter of each word you want to remember.Then, make your own word or sentence using all of those letters.For example, if you want to remember all the colours in a rainbow, try remembering the name Roy G.Biv.Each letter in this name matches the first letter of a colour: red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo and violet.Another way is to remember information in groups.For example, when you remember a telephone number, remember three numbers as a group, the next four numbers as a group and the final four numbers as a group.This way, your brain only has to remember three things instead of 11.

If you are interested in improving your memory, apart from using some ways to remember things, there are lots of simple things you can do, like eating healthily, sleeping well and exercising daily.Challenging (挑战) your brain also helps you keep it healthy and active.So, why not start playing mind games, learning a musical instrument or studying a new language?

(1) What can we learn from Paragraph 2? C

- A.Short - term memory is less important than long - term memory.
- B.The information needed for an exam stays in short - term memory.
- C.People store new information in long - term memory by going over it.
- D.Our short - term memory can hold information for more than half a minute.



(2) The writer talks about Dave Farrow to C.

- A.describe how people remember things
- B.show the importance of a great memory
- C.tell people to use some ways to improve memory
- D.give a reason why people need to improve memory

(3) What is the last paragraph mainly about? A

- A.Some advice to improve memory.



- B. Some activities to challenge the brain.
- C. Some advantages of playing mind games.
- D. Some reasons for keeping the brain active.

【分析】本文主要介绍了提高记忆力的一些方法。

【解答】(1) C 细节理解题。根据 The brain can turn short - term memory into long - term memory. For example, when studying for an exam, instead of just reading the information once or twice, you might go over your notes again and again until you can remember the important information. 大脑可以将短期记忆转化为长期记忆。例如,在备考时,你可能会一遍又一遍地复习笔记,直到记住重要的信息,而不是仅仅阅读一两次信息。可知人们通过反复复习可以将新信息储存在长期记忆中,故选 C。

(2) C 细节理解题。根据 He found some ways to improve his memory in order to do well in school. Here are some you can try. 为了在学校取得好成绩,他找到了一些提高记忆力的方法。这里有一些你可以试试。可知作者提到他是为了告诉人们使用一些方法来提高记忆力,故选 C。

(3) A 段落大意题。根据 If you are interested in improving your memory, apart from using some ways to remember things, there are lots of simple things you can do, like eating healthily, sleeping well and exercising daily. 如果你对提高记忆力感兴趣,除了用一些方法来记忆外,你还可以做很多简单的事情,比如健康饮食、睡眠和每天锻炼。可知本段主要介绍了一些提高记忆力的建议,故选 A。

【点评】在通读全文的基础上,根据全文大意,展开逻辑思维,瞻前顾后,认真观察选项,仔细推敲,确定最佳答案。

四、阅读表达(每小题2分,共8分)

14. 阅读短文,根据短文内容回答问题。

This fall, children in the Eixample area of Barcelona, Spain have a new way to get to school on Fridays - they ride their bikes. In September, a group of five children began biking to school with their parents on Fridays. Soon the group grew to 150 or more. The program is called "bicibús" or bike bus.

The Eixample bike bus begins around 8:25 every Friday morning. The path it will follow is always posted ahead of time, so everyone knows where to join.

The bicibús starts off with just a few students and parents, with more and more joining as it travels along.

Most kids ride their bikes, but others ride scooters or use skates. Instead of riding in bike lanes or on sidewalks, the bicibús takes over the whole street. With music playing and bike bells ringing, the bicibús feels like a party.

Being able to ride with a lot of children is a big part of the fun. Nine-year-old Maria Pitarch says, "The best part of the bicibús is that we ride along and pick up my friends and we ride together."

The Eixample bicibús goes to several schools. When students reach their school, they leave the bus and park their bikes. Some parents have made the bicibús the way they get to work on Friday.

It was possible to bike to school in Eixample before, but it wasn't really safe for children. One of the main roads used by the Eixample bicibús has about 20,000 cars and motorcycles every day. So the local police are helping stop traffic by riding in front of the bicibús and behind it.

Some parents think the bicibús will help change ideas about how people can get around in the city. They want the city to build wider, kid-friendly bike lanes that are separate from car traffic. They point out that the bicibús also helps cut down on pollution.

(1) What time does the bike bus begin every Friday morning?

Around 8: 25.

(2) How do children feel about the bicibús?

Like a party.

(3) How do the local police help stop traffic?

By riding in front of the bicibús and behind it.

(4) What are the advantages of the bicibús according to some parents?

It helps change ideas about how people can get around in the city and cut down on pollution.



【分析】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要介绍了一个新的项目“bicibus”——西班牙的星期五骑车去上学的新方式以及这种方式可以减少环境污染。

【解答】细节理解题。

(1) Around 8: 25.根据“The Eixample bike bus begins around 8: 25 every Friday morning.Eixample 自行车巴士每周五早上 8: 25 左右开始。”可知，每周五早上自行车巴士早上 8: 25 左右开始，故填：Around 8: 25.

(2) Like a party.根据“With music playing and bike bells ringing, the bicibús feels like a party.随着音乐的播放和自行车铃声响起，bicibús 感觉像是一个派对。”可知，孩子们对 bicibús 感觉像是一个派对，故填：Like a party.

(3) By riding in front of the bicibús and behind it.根据“So the local police are helping stop traffic by riding in front of the bicibús and behind it.因此，当地警方正通过骑在 bicibús 前面和后面来帮助阻止交通。”可知，当地警方骑在 bicibús 前面和后面帮助阻止交通，故填：By riding in front of the bicibús and behind it.

(4) It helps change ideas about how people can get around in the city and cut down on pollution.根据“Some parents think the bicibús will help change ideas about how people can get around in the city.一些家长认为 bicibús 将有助于改变人们在城市中如何走动的观念。”和“They point out that the bicibús also helps cut down on pollution.他们指出，bicibús 还有助于减少污染。”可知，根据一些家长的说法，bicibús 的优点是帮助改变人们在城市中的出行方式，帮助减少污染。故填：It helps change ideas about how people can get around in the city and cut down on pollution.

【点评】掌握全文的大意之后，仔细阅读材料后的问题，弄清每题要求后，带着问题，再回到原文中去寻找、捕获有关信息。

五、根据汉语意思和提示词语翻译句子。（每题 2 分，共 6 分）

15. 课上尽可能多说英语是个好主意。（speak English）

It's a good idea to speak English as much as possible in class.

【分析】课上尽可能多说英语是个好主意。

【解答】根据题干，可知考查：It's a good idea to do sth.做某事是好主意。speak English as much as possible in class 尽可能多说英语。由句意可知时态是一般现在时。

故答案为 It's a good idea to speak English as much as possible in class.

【点评】做这类题型，首先根据所给汉语明确句子所要考查的单词或短语的拼写，结合题意，给出答案。

16. 没有什么比打网球更加令人愉快的了。(enjoyable) Nothing is more enjoyable than playing tennis.

【分析】Nothing is more enjoyable than playing tennis.

【解答】根据题干，可知考查：nothing is more enjoyable 没有什么更令人愉快的事情；than 比……；play tennis 打网球。than 后接动名词。由句意可知时态是一般现在时。主语 nothing 接 is。

故答案为 Nothing is more enjoyable than playing tennis.

【点评】做这类题型，首先根据所给汉语明确句子所要考查的单词或短语的拼写，结合题意，给出答案。

17. 为了保护野生大熊猫，政府正在建立自然公园。(the government)

To protect wild pandas, the government is setting up nature parks.

【分析】为了保护野生大熊猫，政府正在建立自然公园。

【解答】根据题干，可知考查：to protect wild pandas 为了保护野生大熊猫；set up nature parks 建立自然公园。由句意可知时态是现在进行时。主语 the government 接 is+doing。

故答案为 To protect wild pandas, the government is setting up nature parks.

【点评】做这类题型，首先根据所给汉语明确句子所要考查的单词或短语的拼写，结合题意，给出答案。

六、文段表达 (10分)

18. 根据中文和英文提示，完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

"安全无小事"。无论是在上下学的途中，还是在校园里，或者是在其他场所，我们都应注意安全。

假如你是李华，你校英文报刊正在开展"安全大家谈"的征文活动，请用英语写一篇短文投稿，谈谈生活中你发现了什么安全问题并提出相应的建议。

提示词语：fast, dangerous, pay attention, traffic lights

提示问题：(1) What safety problem do you notice?

(2) What's your advice on keeping safe?

I notice a safety problem. _____

【分析】【高分句型一】

We should pay attention to safety. 我们应该注意安全。

情态动词 should+动词原形，表示应该……。pay attention to ..., 注意。

【高分句型二】

If you hit a classmate, it will cause trouble. 如果你撞到一个同学，就会引起麻烦。

If 如果；引导条件状语从句。

【解答】I notice a safety problem. (点题) On the way to and from school, I notice that some students ride very fast and don't look at the traffic lights. (上学路上) It's dangerous. We should pay attention to safety. 【高分句型一】 Stopping at red light and going at green light are not only traffic rules, but also rules related to life safety. (建议) I also notice that it



is also dangerous to chase and fight in the corridor on campus.If you hit a classmate, it will cause trouble. (学校里的安全以及建议) 【高分句型二】 I also notice that some students make friends online and even meet them, which is dangerous.We should communicate more with our classmates and make friends. (网上交友) Safety is no small matter.Whether on the way to and from school, on campus or in other places, we should pay attention to safety. (总结)

【点评】 为了提高文章档次, 考生应在保证内容要点齐全的同时进行合理而又紧扣主题的发挥。因此, 提纲作文具有一定的灵活性, 能较好地体现考生的英语思维能力。

