

# 2018 北师大附中初一（下）期中

## 英 语



本试卷分第 I 卷和第 II 卷两部分，满分 100 分。考试时间为 90 分钟。

### 第 I 卷 听力部分

一、听对话，根据对话的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。（共 4 分，每小题 1 分）

1. A. \$10      B. \$12      C. \$20
2. A. Playing chess.      B. Singing.      C. Dancing
3. A. Next Thursday.      B. This Thursday.      C. Next Wednesday.
4. A. English.      B. Chinese.      C. Math.

二、听对话，根据对话的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。（共 6 分，每小题 1.5 分）

请听一段对话，完成第 5 小题。

5. A. She has a lot of things in her shoes.  
B. She has a lot of clothes on her body.  
C. She has a lot of things in her arms.

请听一段对话，完成第 6 小题。

6. A. Cutting a dessert.  
B. Cutting some fruit.  
C. Cutting a vegetable.

请听一段对话，完成第 7 小题。

7. A. He is a fan of Adele.  
B. He doesn't like Adele.  
C. He is scared of Adele.

请听一段对话，完成第 8 小题。

8. A. He is really worried.  
B. He is really hungry.  
C. He is really bored.

三、听对话，根据对话的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。（共 6 分，每小题 1.5 分）

请听一段对话，完成第 9 至第 10 小题。

9. What's the weather like in Nancy's hometown?

- A. It's snowy.
- B. It's hot.
- C. It's cold.

10. How does Nancy feel about playing in the snow?

- A. She thinks it must be cold.
- B. She thinks it must be boring.
- C. She thinks it must be interesting.

请听一段对话，完成第 11 至第 12 小题。

11. What book is Susan reading?

- A. A book about animals.
- B. A book about movies.
- C. A book about sports.

12. Why do they meet at 6:30?

- A. Because Ben watches a movie at 5:45 in the afternoon.
- B. Because Ben has an art class at 5:20 in the afternoon.
- C. Because Susan has an art class at 5:15 in the afternoon.

四、听独白，记录关键信息。本段独白你将听两遍。（共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

A trip	
Place	London <u>13</u>
Time	Next Sunday
Things to remember	First, don't feed the <u>14</u> . Second, be <u>15</u> to the plants. Don't pick flowers or plants. Last, bring some food for lunch, wear <u>16</u> clothes.
Get there	By <u>17</u>

基础知识部分

五、语法（读下面五个段落从所给括号中选出正确的语法项。共 5 分，每小题 0.5 分）

A

Tom tells his friends, "I am going to 18. \_\_\_\_\_ (A. visiting B. visit) Beijing this summer holiday. But I can't 19. \_\_\_\_\_ (A. to speak B. speak) Chinese." His friends advise him to learn some Chinese daily expressions before he

goes to China.

B.

“What is the weather like today, mum?” Mum answers, “It’s sunny but there 20. \_\_\_\_\_ (A. will be B. will have) light rain in the afternoon.” I ask, “What about going to the park 21. \_\_\_\_\_ (A. between B. by) the supermarket and the book store in the morning?” “We’d better stay at home.” says mum.

C.

Peter and I are basketball fans. We like watching basketball games. His favourite basketball team is Los Angeles Lakers while 22. \_\_\_\_\_ (A. my B. mine) is Chicago Bulls. We often play basketball together. And we believe we 23. \_\_\_\_\_ (A. will become B. become) basketball players in the future.

D.

Dear Tom, I am going to have a party on Saturday and I am looking forward to 24. \_\_\_\_\_ (A. see B. seeing) you. Will you come? Hope to hear from you as soon as possible so that I can decide 25. \_\_\_\_\_ (A. how many B. how much) juice I should prepare.

E.

In Sweden there is a famous and beautiful cat. 26. \_\_\_\_\_ (A. It B. Its) name is Aurora. Emily and Niklas are Aurora’s owners. They love it very much. It 27. \_\_\_\_\_ (A. spends B. takes) them a lot of time to take care of it.

### 六、完型填空 (共 9 分, 每小题 1 分)

It is very important to stay healthy. I have a neighbor. She is an old lady. She can do all the housework, 28 newspapers, watch TV and search on the Internet to learn something new. I often see 29 do taijiquan in the morning and dance in the evening. She looks young and beautiful 30 she is over seventy. Last week a reporter from a magazine interviewed her and asked 31 she kept to young and healthy. She replied with a smile.

I have a secret of staying young and healthy. It is quite 32. Keep your mind active, take an interest in the world 33 you, and learn at least one new thing every day. Try to do different kinds of housework and do sports as 34 as you can. Don’t think you are too old to go back to 35. I know a man who entered a medical college when he was 70 years old. He studied there for 6 years and now he is a doctor. Another man went to a tennis school at the age of 71 and now he is good at playing tennis. Some people may say staying young is easy only for those who live in the future. In fact, no matter how old you are, you can make it.

Please tell the story to your family. It would be a good start to 36 the lady’s example. I hope all people will stay young and healthy.

28. A. look      B. read      C. see      D. watch  
29. A. her      B. him      C. other      D. others  
30. A. than      B. since      C. though      D. because

31. A. what      B. why      C. who      D. how
32. A. early      B. dear      C. easy      D. late
33. A. under      B. around      C. above      D. between
34. A. soon      B. busily      C. hardly      D. often
35. A. place      B. song      C. school      D. dance
36. A. follow      B. give      C. make      D. bring

七、阅读（共 30 分，每小题 2 分）

A

Mary's plan for next week

Monday	7:30 go to the cinema with Alice
Tuesday	11:00 see a doctor
Wednesday	9:00 table tennis game, evening-study for exam
Thursday	8:30 go to a concert
Friday	Afternoon-help uncle Sam in his restaurant
Saturday	9:00-10:30 have art class      2:00 p.m. visit grandmother
Sunday	8:00 p.m. have supper with Betty and Ann

Peter's plan for next week

Monday	study group meeting 3:00 p.m.
Tuesday	basketball match 4:30 p.m.
Wednesday	go to see some friends 2:00 p.m.
Thursday	noon, lunch with Larry
Friday	2:00-4:00 p.m. volunteer work @ Student Centre
Saturday	Shopping 10:00 a.m.
Sunday	Basketball team party 9:00 p.m.

37. On Sunday morning Mary will \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. be free      B. be busy      C. see a doctor.      D. go shopping
38. A. What will Mary do on Wednesday evening?
- A. Go to the cinema.      B. Help uncle Sam.
- C. Play table tennis.      D. Prepare for an exam.
39. Peter's study group meeting will be on \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Saturday morning      B. Monday afternoon

- C. Sunday evening                      D. Friday afternoon

40. From Peter's plan we learn that Peter likes \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. table tennis      B. music  
C. art                      D. basketball

B

Most schools are going to start a program called B.Y.O.T. (bring your own technology) This program allows students to bring iPads, cell phones or other things to school for study. One aim (目标) for this program is that the students don't need to carry textbooks any more. They can download math, science, social studies, and read textbooks on their iPads. Another one is that they can get free educational subjects to play in their free time!

Schools have set up a free Wi-Fi system just for the B.Y.O.T. program. Thank teachers for all their hard work to set this program up. I really think this program will go well in most schools and I also think the learning will be better than ever.

However, some schools will probably not allow this because they think that it will make kids mess around too much and they might break their iPads.

This program will let students have fun and learn at the same time. If you like your iPads and you like to read, school is getting started with reading with iPads. Many high schools and middle schools have already started and so have some primary schools. But most primary schools are coming along! Let's tell them: Hurry! Get ready to learn!

41. In the program B.Y.O.T., students usually go to school without \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. taking iPads                      B. taking textbooks  
C. learning math                      D. learning Science

42. What is the program B.Y.O.T. used for?

- A. Saving money.                      B. Playing.  
C. Studying.                      D. Making friends.

43. From the second paragraph we believe \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. The writer is afraid of breaking the iPads  
B. The writer disagrees (不赞同) to the program B.Y.O.T.  
C. the writer agrees (赞同) to the program B.Y.O.T.  
D. There are not enough iPads for kids at school

44. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Few schools have started the program.  
B. You can't learn while you have fun.  
C. Primary schools do worst (最差) in the program.  
D. The passage tells us not to learn with iPads.

Your body is special- no two people in the world are alike. Although you are different from everyone else, you have exactly the same body parts as the people around you, doing different jobs that keep all of us alive.

### **What is inside my head?**

Your head houses the most valuable part of your body-your brain. As you are reading, your eyes send pictures to your brain which makes meaning from what you see. Your brain helps you to remember and think, and makes sure your body is doing what it should.

### **What is my skin (皮肤) for?**

Your skin covers your body. In most parts of your body, the skin is just as thick as half a centimeter (cm). If you have your skin cut, it will have a quick cure (愈合) and stop viruses (病毒) from getting into your body. Your skin also helps you feel the heat and coldness of the environment around you. Hair grows from inside the skin. When you feel hot, extra heat comes out through your skin. As a result, your body temperature (温度) drops.

### **How do I move?**

Muscles (肌肉) are found in most parts of your body. They work with your bones to help you move ---whenever you cry or smile, eat or speak, walk or dance, etc.

### **Why do I breathe?**

Your body needs to take in oxygen (氧气) from the air and give out the unwanted carbon dioxide (二氧化碳) in the body. When you breathe, air comes through your nose and mouth into your lungs where oxygen flows to different parts of your body.

### **What makes me sneeze (打喷嚏)?**

When dust or a strong smell gets into your nose, you sneeze. This is the way your body cleans up the dust in your nose. Your lungs push out the air and try to clear your nose.

### **What does my heart do?**

Your heart is a very special muscle. It is slightly bigger than your fist (拳头) and grows bigger as you do. If you place your hand on your heart, you will feel your heart beating which forces blood to move around your body.

45. Which part is the most valuable part of your body?

- A. My skin.      B. My brain.      C. My mouth.      D. My nose.

46. If you have no skin covering your body, what would happen?

- A. Viruses can't get into our body easily.  
 B. Our body can be guarded (保护) by our hair.  
 C. Extra heat can only stay inside our body.  
 D. We can't feel the changes in temperature.



47. What can you learn about your body?

- A. Sneezing is a way to clear our nose.
- B. Our heart is the same size from birth.
- C. We take in carbon dioxide to stay alive.
- D. Our muscles stop working when we cry.

48. Which is the best title for this passage?

- A. What Your Body Needs
- B. How Your Body Works
- C. Why Your Body Grows
- D. When Your Body Moves

B

Need to buy something? Why go to a store? Buy it on the Internet! Need it now? Why wait? Ask for next-day delivery (投递)! Each day, more and more people try online shopping. In fact, online sales have doubled in the last ten years. But not everyone is excited. Some scientists now say that online shopping is bad for the environment.

People are surprised to hear this. “They think, ‘I don’t need to drive, and the business doesn’t need to build a store, so there will be less pollution, ” says Nuria Prost, an environmental scientist. “ But it is not so simple. In fact, online shopping is wasteful. It also adds to air pollution.”

In truth, the Internet is not always as good a friend to the environment as it seems. For example, most people thought that the Internet would help offices use less paper and other materials. But paper use increased by 33 percent between 1986 and 1997. “Online shopping could have similarly negative (负面) effects (影响),” says Nevil Cohen, a professor of environmental science.

Part of the problem is what people are buying these days. In the past, people bought things on the Internet that did not require much packing (包装) material (材料), such as books and clothing. But now people also shop online for large, heavy products (产品) such as televisions, computers, and furniture. These products need to be packed in large amounts of plastic and paper. This creates a lot of waste.

Another problem caused by online shopping is air pollution. When customers buy products and ask for next-day delivery, companies often have to send them by air. Airplanes use much more fuel than cars and produce more carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) (二氧化碳). When people buy a lot of different things from different online businesses, this creates even more travel by airplane.

Online product returns are also a problem. For example, an online shoe store may allow customers to return shoes without extra pay if they are the wrong size. This doubles the packing material and number of airplane trips required to sell one pair of shoes.

“If people want to protect the environment, they need to think before they shop,” says Prost. “People need to ask themselves: Is this exactly what I want? Do I really need it tomorrow, or can I wait?” Online stores can also charge (收费) customers for returns. This may make people shop more carefully. “Online shopping is fast and easy,” says Prost, “but we can’t forget the negative effects it has on the environment.”

49. Why does online shopping create a lot of waste?
- A. Because companies charge more for product returns.
  - B. Because people buy too many things they don’t need.
  - C. Because paper use has increased by 33 percent from 1986 to 1997.
  - D. Because large, heavy products require much packing material.
50. What do companies do to meet the needs of the next-day delivery?
- A. Prepare more products.
  - B. Get more workers to pack.
  - C. Send the products by air.
  - D. Open more stores in cities.
51. What is probably the best title of the passage?
- A. A Better Way to Shop?
  - B. A Different Lifestyle to Keep?
  - C. A Good Deal to Make?
  - D. A New Business to Start?

## 第 II 卷 笔试部分

八、根据上下文，选择方框内正确的词语填到相应的横线上，使文章完整。(共 10 分，每小题 1 分)

A. servants	B. angry	C. entertain	D. machines	E. worry
F. future	G. able	H. similar	I. whether	J. housework

Scientists are making the first thinking robot in the world. It’s true. It’s name is Kismet.

Kismet is different from traditional robots, because it can show emotions (情感). For example, when it feels happy, it can smile. When it feels 52, it can frown (皱眉) or even shout at people. Kismet is one of the first robots that look like people. Some people say that by 2020, we will create robots with brains 53 to people’s, so they can think and remember things as we do.

What kind of jobs will they do? In the 54, robots will do dangerous jobs, such as fixing space stations. They will also do more 55 for us, such as washing the dishes or cook meals, just like 56. In Japan, scientists are making robots that will 57 people by dancing and playing the piano.

Meanwhile (同时), people who 58 about the future are thinking whether robots will become monsters (怪



物) or not? Will people themselves be more like robots? Some experts (专家) think people will have microchips (芯片) in their body in the future. That will connect (连接) people to many small 59 and Internet. One may wonder, in the future, whether we will still be 60 to fall in love or not, and 61 we will feel pain or not. What do you think?

九、阅读短文，回答下面的问题。(共 10 分，每小题 2 分)

Everyone likes to have fun, but not everyone has much money to spend for it. Here are some free or cheap ways for you to enjoy yourselves.

#### **Try a hobby**

While you're out, take pictures of things you find. Taking pictures can make you notice the beauty around you. And you'll get interesting photos. If you don't have a camera or a mobile phone that can take pictures, you can try drawing. Drawing only needs a pencil and paper.

#### **Get outside**

Going outside in good weather can be a lot of fun, especially if you go with a friend. Hike or ride a bicycle in a park. If you live in a city, you can also go window shopping.

#### **Find an event**

Libraries often hold free public events, stop by one to find out what's going on. And while you're there, borrow a book or movie for free. Museums and universities also hold free events.

#### **Meet a friend**

Relationships are the best things in life. Whatever you do, find someone to share it with. Invite a friend for a walk, an event or a time working on your hobby. If your friend comes in the afternoon, you don't have to serve a meal. You can sit and talk, play computer games or card games or watch a movie.

62. How many ways are there in the passage for us to enjoy ourselves?

63. What can make you notice the beauty around you?

64. Which places can hold free events?

65. What are the best things in our life according to the writer?

66. What do you think of these ways?

十、写作 (10 分)

根据中文大意和英文提示词语，写出意思连贯、符合逻辑、不少于 60 词的回信。信的开头和结尾已给出，其字数不计入所要完成的回信内。所给英文提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

假设你是李华，你的美国朋友 Tony 来信想了解你们学校开展了哪些俱乐部，其中你喜欢的俱乐部有哪些以及你在这些俱乐部里能做些什么，及你对学校俱乐部的看法。

注意：第二个问题至少选择两个你喜欢的俱乐部进行说明。

1. What clubs does your school have?

2. What school clubs do you like and what can you do in these clubs?

3. What do you think of school clubs?

提示词:

Music Club, Dance Club, English Movie Club, History of Beijing Club, Table Tennis Club, learn, interesting

Dear Tony,

It was great to hear from you. I'd like to tell you something about the clubs in our school.

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What about the clubs in your school? Please write back.

Yours,

Li Hua



# 英语试题答案

一、听录音，根据录音的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段录音读两遍。（共 6 分，每小题 1.5 分）

1-4 BBAC

二、听对话，根据对话的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。（共 6 分，每小题 1.5 分）

5-8 CCAB

三、听对话，根据对话的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。（共 8 分，每小题 2 分）

9-12 BCAB

四、听独白，记录关键信息。本段独白你将听两遍。（共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

13. Zoo      14. animals      15. kind      16. warm      17. bus

五、语法（读下面五个段落，从所给括号中选出正确的语法项。共 5 分，每小题 0.5 分）

18. B      19. B      20. A      21. A      22. B      23. A

24. B      25. B      26. B      27. B

六、完型填空（共 9 分，每小题 1 分）

28. B      29. A      30. C      31. D      32. C

33. B      34. D      35. C      36. A

七、阅读（共 30 分，每小题 2 分）

37. A      38. D      39. B      40. D

41. B      42. C      43. C      44. C

45. B      46. D      47. A      48. B

49. D      50. C      51. A

## 第 II 卷 笔试部分

八、根据上下文，选择方框内正确的词填到相应的横线上，使文章完整。（共 10 分，每小题 1 分）

52. B      53. H      54. F      55. J      56. A      57. C

58. E      59. D      60. G      61. I

九、阅读短文，回答下面的问题。（共 10 分，每小题 2 分）

62. Four / 4.

63. Taking pictures can make you notice the beauty around you.

64. Libraries, museums and universities.

65. Relationships are the best things in life.



66. They are cheap, easy, and interesting.

## 十、写作（10分）

略

一、听录音，根据录音的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段录音读两遍。

1. M: Excuse me. How much is the T-shirt?

W: 12 dollars each.

Q: What's the price of the T-shirt?

2. W: Can you play chess?

M: Sorry, I can't. But I am good at singing.

Q: What is the boy good at?

3. W: I'm going to buy a new comic book with Jack.

M: Cool. When are you going?

W: Next Thursday.

Question: When are they going to buy a new comic book?

4. M: Why do you look so nervous?

W: We're going to have a math exam this afternoon. I haven't prepared it well.

Q: What exam is the girl going to have?

二、听对话，根据对话的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

请听一段对话，完成第 5 小题。

M: You are carrying a lot of boxes. Do you need help?

W: Thanks! That's very kind of you.

Q: What is true about the woman?

请听一段对话，完成第 6 小题。

W: What's wrong, Michael?

M: Nothing, Why?

W: You are crying?

M: Oh! I'm preparing dinner. The onions are making me cry.

Q: What is the man doing?

请听一段对话，完成第 7 小题。

M: What is it?

W: We are going to an Adele concert!

M: Adele! I love her!

Q: What is true about the man?

请听一段对话，完成第 8 小题。

W: That was a great game.

M: Yes, it was! We won!

W: Let's go get some pizza to celebrate.

M: Great idea! I'm starving!

Q: How does the man feel?

三、听对话，根据对话的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

请听一段对话，完成第 9 至第 10 小题。

M: Look, it is snowing outside. Is it snowy in your hometown now, Nancy?

W: No, it is very hot. It's summer there.

M: Wow, where do you come from?

W: I'm from Australia. The weather is different. It's usually warm.

M: Do you want to play in the snow with me?

W: Yes, I'd love to! It must be interesting.

M: Let's go out and make a snowman together! Remember to put on your coat.

W: OK! Let's go.

请听一段对话，完成第 11 至第 12 小题。

M: Susan, what book are you reading?

W: Oh, Ben, I'm reading an interesting book about animals. Do you like reading?

M: Yes, I do. I often read books about movies and sports.

W: Sports? Do you play volleyball? I play it for half an hour every day.

M: Really? I like playing volleyball too. How about we play together tomorrow?

W: OK! Let's meet at 5:45 tomorrow afternoon at the gate of the school sports hall.

M: Oh, I have an art class at 5:20. Shall we meet at 6:30?

W: Sure! See you tomorrow!

四、听独白，记录关键信息。本段独白你将听两遍。

Boys and girls, may I have your attention, please?

There will be a visit to London Zoo next Sunday. We'll spend a whole day there. I hope you'll have a good time. But remember three things, please

First, while you are enjoying yourselves, don't feed the animals. The animals are carefully fed. Any extra feeding may cause problems or even death.

Second, be kind to the plants in the zoo. Don't pick flowers or plants. Litter can kill animals. Please use litter bins. Better still, recycle it.

The last thing is that we'll leave at 9 o'clock in the morning by bus and return in the afternoon at about 3 o'clock. You can bring some food for lunch. I suggest that everyone wear warm clothes as the weather is cold this season.

That's all. Thank you.

