

英语试卷

2019.5

学校 班级 姓名 教育 ID 号

考生须知	1. 本试卷共 10 页,共五道大题,39 道小题,满分 60 分,考试时间 90 分钟。 2. 在试卷和答题卡上准确填写学校、班级、姓名和教育 ID 号。 3. 试题答案一律填涂或书写在答题卡上,在试卷上作答无效。 4. 在答题卡上,选择题用 2B 铅笔作答,其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。 5. 考试结束,将本试卷、答题卡和草稿纸一并交回。
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知识运用(共 14 分)

一、单项填空(共 6 分,每小题 0.5 分)

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. —Andy, is this bike _____?
—Yes, my parents bought it for me as a birthday gift.
A. his B. mine C. yours D. ours
2. My friend Jenny will arrive in Beijing _____ May 10.
A. at B. on C. from D. in
3. Car racing is exciting, _____ it's very dangerous.
A. and B. or C. so D. but
4. — _____ is it from here to the shopping center?
—It's about ten minutes' walk.
A. How far B. How long C. How much D. How soon
5. —Tom, which subject is _____ for you, physics or chemistry?
—Chemistry, I think.
A. easy B. easier C. easiest D. the easiest
6. There are plenty of tomatoes in the fridge. You _____ buy any.
A. needn't B. mustn't C. wouldn't D. couldn't
7. The students are very excited. They _____ on a school trip next Monday.
A. went B. have gone C. go D. will go
8. Jack _____ to play football when he was only five.
A. starts B. has started C. will start D. started
9. When I saw Mary in the park, she _____ a kite.
A. flies B. was flying C. is flying D. flew

10. Chinese people's lives _____ greatly in the past forty years.
A. changed B. change C. have changed D. will change
11. A traffic accident happened just now. Two people _____ to hospital.
A. send B. are sent C. sent D. were sent
12. —Mike, do you know _____? Someone is looking for him.
—Maybe he is in the library.
A. where is Tony B. where was Tony
C. where Tony is D. where Tony was

二、完形填空(共 8 分,每小题 1 分)

阅读下面的短文,掌握其大意,然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择最佳选项。

Anna's Talent Show

It was very late, but Anna was still awake. She lay on her bed, thinking about the coming talent show tryouts(选拔赛).

As the organizer, she had thought the talent show would be exciting, but she had not been prepared for the 13. For the past week, many students had been trying to convince(使……信服) her of their talents and hoping to 14 her decisions about who should be in the show.

Anna knew who really had talent, but some of them were her friends. If she chose them, some students might doubt whether her decisions were fair.

"I'll just tell everyone not to talk to me until after the talent show," she thought. "I'll explain that I have to remain neutral(中立的) and make sure the best acts are chosen. And everyone will 15 me. Won't they?" With that thought she fell asleep.

As soon as Anna arrived at school the next morning, Josh rushed up to her. "I've been practicing on the guitar," he told her. "You'll love my new song!"

Anna smiled weakly. "Thanks, Josh," she said in a quiet voice and 16 turned away.

Just then Patti came up and said, "I'm working on a new monologue. You'll love it!"

Anna sighed. She believed Patti, but if she included everyone, the whole school would be in the show.

Anna asked her closest friend, Margaret, for 17. Margaret thought for a few moments. "Maybe you can find teachers to be the judges for the tryouts. But remember to keep their names secret so that students won't 18 them."





“You’ve saved the day, Margaret. Thanks!” Anna took a deep breath and smiled. “That’s the perfect 19.”

Early the next day, Anna visited several teachers. They were all happy to help. Anna then spread the news that anonymous(匿名的) judges would decide the winners of the tryouts. Her worries were gone, and she felt 20 again.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 13. A. reports | B. problems | C. lessons | D. performances |
| 14. A. know | B. change | C. influence | D. follow |
| 15. A. surprise | B. remember | C. help | D. understand |
| 16. A. quickly | B. happily | C. hopefully | D. carefully |
| 17. A. advice | B. praise | C. information | D. agreement |
| 18. A. support | B. trouble | C. criticize | D. recognize |
| 19. A. excuse | B. competition | C. solution | D. explanation |
| 20. A. proud | B. excited | C. satisfied | D. confident |

阅读理解(共 36 分)

三、阅读下列短文,根据短文内容,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择最佳选项。(共 26 分,每小题 2 分)

A

Grand Opening of The Book Nook

Saturday, June 8 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.

You will not want to miss this celebration for the opening of a new neighborhood bookstore! Located at 2289 Main Street, The Book Nook is close to schools and many homes and businesses. Come and check out The Book Nook on Saturday!

Festivities will include:

- Free food and drinks
- Live music by local musicians
- One Book-of-the-Month Club membership giveaway

Wide Choice

The Book Nook has three floors packed with books of all kinds. If we do not have the book you are looking for, we can specially order it for you. You will have it in your hands in two days!



Book Events

The Book Nook will hold monthly book signings by different writers, giving you a chance to meet and speak with well-known writers. Do not miss the unforgettable experience of hearing famous writers read their own books aloud!

We also have summer reading programs for children of all ages. These programs are a great way to meet other children and share ideas about your favorite books.

The Book-of-the-Month Club

As a member of our Book-of-the-Month Club, you can choose one new book each month. The membership fee is \$ 120. That is a great price for 12 books a year!

So please join us on Saturday and learn about all that The Book Nook offers. You can come anytime between 10 A. M. and 10 P. M. — the celebration lasts all day long!

21. At the opening, The Book Nook will _____.
A. offer free food and drinks B. give away free books
C. invite children to play music D. provide free special orders
22. At the monthly book signings, you can _____.
A. read books aloud to famous writers
B. meet and speak with famous writers
C. hear famous writers read your favorite books
D. talk about your favorite books with famous writers
23. The price of the Book-of-the-Month Club membership is _____.
A. \$ 12 a year B. \$ 120 a year
C. \$ 12 a month D. \$ 120 a month

B

Talking Too Much

Peter is such a big talker. He drives David and Andy crazy! Peter thinks he is great at everything! What makes David and Andy even crazier is the fact that Peter IS good at everything! He always scores goals in soccer games. He won first place in the school speech competition. He always gets perfect marks on his tests. He can finish a math test first and get the best score in the class. How can one person be so good at so much?

However, Peter is not good at one thing. He is not good at being a good sport. No matter what Peter does well, he makes sure everyone knows about it. He is also quick to make unkind comments about other kids' mistakes. David and Andy's one wish is that Peter learns to be humble.

Not many people tell Peter what a good job he does, or congratulate him on his achievements, because Peter has already talked about them to everyone too proudly. He does not give anyone a chance to learn about anything he has done. David and Andy wish Peter could be more like Jack.

Jack is the new kid in class this year. He does not talk much, but he is very good at many sports and is also super smart. It has taken the rest of the kids a while to learn about Jack and all his talents. Andy, David, and the other kids are happy to congratulate Jack when he scores a goal or gets a great score on a test. Jack just smiles and says thanks. He often makes a nice comment back to express thanks for someone's kindness, and he often praises others' efforts at sporting events or school work. Andy and David have decided that they want to act more like Jack when they experience success. They wish Peter would learn from Jack, too.

24. What is Peter weak at?

- A. Giving a speech in public.
- B. Scoring goals in soccer games.
- C. Getting good marks on his tests.
- D. Accepting other people's mistakes.

25. Not many people praise Peter because _____.

- A. he always shows himself off first
- B. people think he is an ordinary boy
- C. few people know his achievements
- D. he doesn't do very well in anything

26. Peter should learn from Jack because Jack is _____.

- A. sporty B. helpful C. respectful D. confident

C

"Five more minutes" is the first thought of many people when their alarms ring in the morning. This first thought is usually followed by hitting the snooze button(小睡催醒按钮) and falling back asleep for a few more moments. Hitting the snooze button has become a habit for millions of people, but it is time to examine this habit and develop new habits for feeling more rested during the day.



Though hitting the snooze button allows people a few more minutes of sleep, it causes unhealthy sleep patterns(模式). Most people think if they are tired when they first wake up, they need more sleep. However, they are mistaken when they conclude that any sleep is good sleep. Sleeping is a process with different cycles. To feel fully rested, the body must go through all the sleep cycles. Falling back asleep after hitting the snooze button restarts the process, but when the alarm rings again several minutes later, the process is interrupted. The body has not gone through all the cycles, and this can cause the body to feel sleepy for the rest of the day. This sleepiness can affect memory, the ability to make choices, and performance at work or school.

Sleepiness may also happen if the body's biological rhythm(规律) is interrupted. People normally fall asleep at night and wake up in the morning because their rhythms are operating naturally. The rhythms are affected by repeated use of the snooze button, which can cause feelings of sleepiness during the day and an inability to fall asleep at night.

Rather than depending on the snooze button, people need to consider developing different routines. The easiest choice is to put the alarm on the other side of the room. Having to get out of bed to turn it off decreases the possibility of hitting the snooze button. Another choice, if your routine allows it, is to just reset the alarm. Setting your alarm for 30 minutes later will make the whole sleep process longer instead of always restarting it. However, it must be stressed that getting up 30 minutes later in the morning is not an excuse to stay up 30 minutes later the night before.

Though a few extra minutes of sleep may seem to promise a better start to the day, hitting that snooze button creates an unhealthy sleep pattern.

27. The second paragraph is mainly about _____.

- A. what unhealthy sleep patterns most people have
- B. what people should do to feel fully rested in the day time
- C. why people feel like going back to sleep after first waking up
- D. why a few minutes of sleep after first waking up causes bad effects

28. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Hitting the snooze button helps people fall asleep at night.
- B. People wake up because their biological rhythms are interrupted.
- C. Getting up several minutes later helps people feel more energetic.
- D. Putting the alarm a bit far from the bed helps form healthy sleep habits.





29. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?

- A. Don't Wake Up Late! B. Don't Use Alarm Clocks!
C. Don't Touch That Button! D. Don't Change Sleep Patterns!

D

I recently spent an evening trying to choose a cup on Amazon. Nearly an hour later, after having read countless reviews about dozens of kinds, I felt tired and simply gave up. The next day, I happily bought the only kind the local store offered.

Too many choices make us tired and unhappy and lead us to sometimes avoid making a decision. Researcher Barry Schwartz calls this “choice overload”. “As the number of options(可选择的事物) increases, the costs in time and effort of collecting the information needed to make a good choice also increase,” writes Schwartz. “The level of certainty people have about their choice decreases. And the possibility that they will regret their choice increases.”

Understanding how and why we make decisions can perhaps help us make better choices. We make poorer decisions when we are tired. The mind can only deal with so many options and make so many choices before it starts to lose energy. That's why buys like candy bars and magazines at the checkout(付款处) in the store can be hard to **resist**. We've used up all our good decision-making skills.

The same goes for our workday. Making lots of decisions not only tires us, it can put us in a bad mood. That's why it's important to make your most important decisions in the morning rather than at the end of a tiring day.

When we're tired, we often save our energy by making choices based on a single factor(因素) like price, rather than considering all the other factors that go into making the best decision. Another study out of Columbia University shows that this happens when people are given a lot of features(特点) to choose from when buying a car. After a while, people start asking for the common option rather than carefully weighing each decision.

This can also happen when faced with a decision in your creative work. Given endless options of which route to take, we sometimes end up going with the more usual path simply because it's the easier way to go. So it's important to put limits on your options, which can develop your creativity and help you make a better decision.

In other words, letting yourself have fewer options to choose from can help you arrive at a more creative answer.

30. According to Barry Schwartz, the more options people have, _____.

- A. the better choice they will make
B. the more easily they will make a choice
C. the happier they will feel to make a choice
D. the more likely they will regret their choice

31. The word “**resist**” in Paragraph 3 probably means “_____”.

- A. explain B. avoid C. decide D. afford

32. When a person is tired from comparing many kinds of products, he is likely to _____.

- A. consider the price most
B. choose a more common kind
C. read more reviews from others
D. weigh all the factors very carefully

33. The writer believes that _____.

- A. people are unwilling to spend energy making decisions
B. people usually take the easiest way to save their energy
C. limited choices can help people reach a creative decision
D. spending more time thinking helps make better decisions

四、阅读短文,根据短文内容回答问题。(共 10 分,每小题 2 分)

Can you remember a time when somebody was kind to you? Maybe a stranger allowed you to go in front of him in a queue. Or perhaps a friend helped you in a much deeper way. There are a million ways to offer kindness.

Why should we be kind?

Being kind is a win-win situation. It brings happiness to both the receiver and the doer of this kind action. Let's imagine you have a workmate who always does a very good job. How about taking a moment to mention this to him? Your workmate will be happy to receive some praise, and you will probably feel good about yourself for having spread a little joy.

What are “random acts of kindness”?

Many organizations encourage people to do kind acts whenever and wherever possible. Their idea is that it doesn't take any plan to be kind, just a little bit of effort. Perhaps the strongest supporters of this idea are the Random Acts of Kindness(RAK) Foundation, who work with schools and companies to teach people kindness skills. They believe that kindness can be taught.



How can I be kind?

The RAK website suggests some ways to show kindness. Generally, they fall into three categories (类别). The first is interpersonal kindness, like donating old clothes to charity or writing a positive online comment about a restaurant. The second is environmental kindness, which could mean recycling or cleaning a local park. The third category is personal kindness, which means treating yourself kindly, such as taking a walk in nature or treating yourself to a big meal. By being kind to yourself, you will be kinder to the world around you.

What is World Kindness Day?

World Kindness Day takes place on 13 November. People in many countries celebrate this day by being kind and having lots of fun. One typical event is to use “kindness cards”. You hand a kindness card to somebody when you do a kind act for him. Then it is his turn to pass on the card by doing a kind act for another person.



Being kind has a sort of ripple (涟漪) effect. This means that one kind action leads to more and more. So don't wait for kindness to find you, go and start a new ripple!

- 34. Why is being kind a win-win situation?
- 35. What do many organizations encourage people to do?
- 36. What does personal kindness mean?
- 37. How does a person pass on a kindness card?
- 38. What's the writer's purpose of writing this passage?

书面表达 (共 10 分)

五、文段表达 (10 分)

39. 从下面两个题目中任选一题, 根据中文和英文提示, 完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

假如你是李华, 你们班打算去“希望之家 (Hope House)”孤儿院做志愿服务, 你打算邀请你们学校的留学生 Peter 参加这次活动。请你用英语给他写一封电子邮件, 告诉他集合的时间和地点, 你们将在孤儿院做什么, 以及他可以做什么准备。

提示词语: gate, play, tell stories, gift

- 提示问题:
- When and where will you meet?
 - What will you do there?
 - What do you advise Peter to prepare for the activity?

Hello Peter,

How is it going?

I'm writing to invite you to take part in the volunteer activity at the Hope House. _____

I'm looking forward to your early reply.

Yours,

Li Hua

题目②

常言道, “一分耕耘, 一分收获”。这告诉我们凡事只有付出努力, 才能取得成功。

假如你是李华, 你校英文杂志正在开展以“付出与收获”为主题的征文活动。请你用英语写一篇短文投稿, 谈谈你个人的一次经历: 你付出了什么努力? 取得了什么收获? 有何感悟?

- 提示词语: weak, spend, progress, keep trying
- 提示问题:
- What did you do?
 - What did you achieve?
 - What did you learn from the experience?

It's believed that hard work can lead to success. _____
