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东城区 2018—2019 学年度第一学期期末教学统一检测

初一英语

2019.1

考生须知

1. 本试卷共 8 页，满分 100 分，考试时间 100 分钟。
2. 在试卷和答题卡上准确填写学校名称、姓名和准考证号。
3. 试题答案一律填涂或书写在答题卡上，在试卷上作答无效。
4. 在答题卡上，选择题用 2B 铅笔作答，其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。

听力部分 (共 35 分)

一、听录音，选出你所听到的句子的最佳答语。每个句子你将听两遍。(共 5 分，每小题 1 分)

1. A. He is twelve. B. He is my friend. C. He is from England.
2. A. I like football. B. I love books. C. I enjoy music.
3. A. I have maths and Chinese. B. I have six lessons. C. I am good at English.
4. A. He is a doctor. B. They are teachers. C. She is a nurse.
5. A. Yes, I'd love to. B. It's on Sunday. C. We eat a cake.

二、听短对话，根据对话的内容，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话你将听两遍。(共 7.5 分，每小题 1.5 分)

请听一段对话，完成第 6 小题。

6. What is the woman cooking?
- A. Breakfast. B. Lunch. C. Dinner.

请听一段对话，完成第 7 小题。

7. How does the boy come to school?
- A. By car. B. By bus. C. By bike.

请听一段对话，完成第 8 小题。

8. Where is the zoo?
- A. It's next to the train station.
B. It's on the left of the hotel.
C. It's close to the bus stop.

请听一段对话，完成第 9 小题。

9. What does the boy want to eat?
- A. Hot dogs. B. Hamburgers. C. Noodles.

请听一段对话，完成第 10 小题。

10. Which club does the boy like?
- A. The painting club. B. The singing club. C. The cooking club.

三、听对话或独白,根据对话或独白的内容,从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。(共 15 分,每小题 1.5 分)

请听一段对话,完成第 11 至第 12 小题。

11. What birthday present is the man buying for his grandma?
A. A sweater. B. A scarf. C. A T-shirt.
12. How much is the present?
A. 60 yuan. B. 100 yuan. C. 160 yuan.

请听一段对话,完成第 13 至第 14 小题。

13. What is the girl's favourite animal?
A. The zebra. B. The elephant. C. The panda.
14. How long can the girl keep the magazine?
A. For a day. B. For a week. C. For two weeks.

请听一段对话,完成第 15 至第 16 小题。

15. How many people are there in the girl's family?
A. 3. B. 4. C. 5.
16. What does the father often do with his children at weekends?
A. They cook food at home.
B. They have classes at school.
C. They read books in the library.

请听一段对话,完成第 17 至第 18 小题。

17. What do the speakers think of Chinese food?
A. It's delicious and healthy.
B. It's great but expensive.
C. It's special and good.
18. What are the two speakers?
A. Travellers. B. Teachers. C. Students.

请听一段独白,完成第 19 至第 20 小题。

19. Why aren't there many peaches this year?
A. Because birds eat lots of peaches.
B. Because the peach tree is still small.
C. Because the weather is cold in spring.
20. What is the speaker mainly talking about?
A. Her fruit trees. B. Her family garden. C. Her favourite animals.

四、听独白，根据所听到的独白内容和提示词语，将所缺的关键信息填写在答题卡的相应位置上。独白你将听两遍。（共 7.5 分，每小题 1.5 分）

Croc Zoo	
Open time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monday—Saturday: from 9 a.m. to <u>4:30</u> p.m. Sundays: from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.
Name of the train station	You should take the train to City <u>park</u> <u>22</u> Station.
Closing time of the Panda House	The Panda House won't be open on <u>23</u> <u>Monday</u> .
What people buy at the zoo shop	<u>24</u> <u>books</u> , postcards, toys and T-shirts
Ticket price	One adult ticket: £10 One child ticket: £5 One family ticket: £ <u>25</u> ⁰⁰

知识运用（共 18 分）

五、单项填空。（共 10 分，每小题 1 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

26. Jack's parents are teachers. _____ teach English in Beijing.
 A. I B. We C. They D. You
27. My sister likes reading. _____ favourite book is *Harry Potter*.
 A. He B. She C. His D. Her
28. —Tanya, the concert starts _____ 7 p.m. We are pretty late.
 —OK, Mom. I'm coming.
 A. on B. at C. in D. for
29. — _____ do you usually go to the library, Justin?
 —On Friday afternoon.
 A. How B. Why C. When D. What
30. My grandma likes animals. She _____ three dogs and two cats.
 A. have B. have got C. has got D. is having
31. —Does your uncle live in London?
 —Yes, he _____.
 A. does B. do C. is D. are
32. John, Nick and I are friends. We _____ basketball after class every day.
 A. is playing B. are playing C. plays D. play
33. My cousin Mike _____ to me on WeChat almost every weekend.
 A. talk B. talks C. is talking D. are talking

34. It's nine o'clock. We _____ English class now.

A. has

B. have

C. am having

D. are having

35. —The phone _____. Can you answer it, Zoey?

—Sure, Mom.

A. is ringing

B. rings

C. ring

D. will ring

六、选词填空。用方框中所给词语填空,补全短文。(共8分,每小题1分)



chairs; difficult; help; library;
on the computer; science; study; subject

The library is a great place to visit. It can help you with your school work. When you go to your library, there is always a librarian(图书管理员). The librarian can ^{help} 36 you find what you want.

You can ask your librarian to help you find books about the ^{library} 37 which you are interested in. Libraries have books about everything from sports to ^{science} 38.

If it is ^{difficult} 39 for you to find an answer to a question, ask your librarian to help you find the answer. Your librarian can help you look for information in magazines and ^{on} 40.

Libraries are also a great place to go if you want a quiet place to ^{study} 41. They have tables and ^{chairs} 42 where you can work on school homework.

Don't forget to visit your ^{subject} 43, and remember to thank your librarian for his/her help.

阅读理解 (共30分)

七、阅读下列短文,根据短文内容,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选择最佳选项。(共20分,每小题2分)

A

My family



Hi! I'm Charlie. I'm nine years old and this is my family. We live in a big house in a town. My father's name is Aaron. He's a doctor and he works in a hospital in the centre of the town. He's 48 years old. My mother's name is Clare. She's a hotel manager. She's 45. My grandparents live with us. My grandma's name is Jade. She's my mother's mother. She's 73. My grandpa is in New York now. I have got a sister. Her name's Eva. She's 22 years old. She's a middle school art teacher. We haven't got a pet.

44. What is the job of Charlie's mother?

A. She's a middle school teacher.

B. She's a doctor.

☒ C. She's a hotel manager.

D. She's a nurse.

45. Who is Jade?

☒ A. Charlie's grandma.

B. Charlie's sister.

C. Charlie's grandpa.

D. Charlie's mother.

46. What subject does Eva teach?

A. English.

☒ B. Art.

C. Science.

D. Maths.

B

Gregory is my brother. He is eight years old and I am ten. We always look forward to the first big snow of the year. We have a snow day from school.

On a snow day, Mom often makes hot dogs for us and we bake cakes. It is always something special when we have the first snow. Mom likes to make vegetable soup for us to eat. She says it helps to keep us warm when we play in the snow.

Gregory and I go outside early in the morning. We bundle up so we can stay warm. The first thing we do is to make snow angels(天使). Then we slide down the hill on boxes with our neighbours. Finally, we spend the whole afternoon making our first snowman of the year.



The snowman is right out there in our front yard(院子). Mr Bowman is our neighbour across the street. He gives us an old black hat for the snowman to wear. Mom gives us a green scarf to put around the snowman's neck. We use sticks from the yard to make the arms. And we also use coal for the snowman's eyes and mouth and a carrot for his nose.

Mom always takes our picture with the snowman. Gregory is fun to play with when it snows. He is a good brother most of the time.

47. Who is telling the story?

A. Gregory.

☒ B. Gregory's sister.

C. Mr Bowman.

D. Gregory's mom.

48. Why does the mom make soup for her children?

A. Because the soup is special.

B. Because the soup is healthy.

C. Because the children love the soup.

☒ D. Because the children will stay warm.

49. What does the phrase "bundle up" in Paragraph 3 probably mean?

☒ A. To wear enough clothes.

B. To live in warm place.

C. To make a snowman.

D. To have hot dogs.

50. What does the mom give the children for the snowman?

- A. Some cakes. B. A black hat.
C. A green scarf. D. A carrot.

C

One night in December 2011, a bear came into the city of Vancouver (温哥华) in Canada. It found some food outside a restaurant and started eating. In the morning, someone saw the bear and called the police. The police took it to the mountains outside the city.

Big animals usually come into cities to find food. In Cape Town in South Africa, baboons come into the city when they are hungry. They go into gardens and eat fruit from trees. They even go into houses and take food from fridges! The city can be dangerous for baboons. Sometimes, cars and buses kill them. Our food is bad for their teeth because it has a lot of sugar. Now, there are *Baboon Monitors* working in Cape Town.



A baboon

Their job is to find baboons in the city and return them to the countryside.

In Berlin in Germany, pigs sometimes come into the city to look for food. They eat flowers, vegetables and plants in parks and gardens. Sometimes they walk in the street. Some people like the pigs and they give them food and water. Other people do not like the pigs and they want the police to stop them coming into the city.

In Moscow (莫斯科) in Russia, there are 35,000 wild dogs. The dogs live in parks, old houses, markets and train stations. Many people in Moscow like the dogs. They give them food and water. Some people make small houses for the dogs in their gardens and this helps the dogs in winter.

Many animals live in cities. But sometimes, it is dangerous when big animals come into cities to find food. So we need to find ways to keep them away from cities without hurting them.

51. Animals come into the cities mainly to _____.

- A. make friends with people B. stay in warm places
C. help the police D. look for food

52. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Most people dislike having pigs in the cities.
B. People put too much sugar to the food of animals.
C. People in Vancouver often give food and water to bears.
D. Some people in Moscow help dogs live through the winter.

53. The writer believes that people should _____.

- A. send animals back to their owners
- B. kill those dangerous animals in cities
- C. help big animals stay away from cities
- D. build enough houses for animals in cities

八、阅读短文,根据短文内容回答问题。(共10分,每小题2分)

People use computers both at work and at home. They do maths, write, store (储存) information, buy tickets, listen to music or play games. What do you know about the history of computers?



The first computers were very big. They were the size of a room! They were so big that people didn't have them at home. Early computers could also only do easy maths. In the 1930s Alan Turing had the idea for a computer you could program to do different things.

In 1958 Jack Kilby first made the microchip (微型芯片). Microchips were very small but could store lots of information. They helped make computers smaller. In the 1970s computers were smaller and cheaper so people started to use them at home. In the 1980s computer games were very popular. Lots of people had computers just to play games.

In 1989 Tim Berners-Lee came up with the idea of the World Wide Web. Now people all over the world can look for and share information on websites.



Today people can use smartphones as well as computers to go on the Internet. In the past a computer was the size of a room. Now you can hold a smartphone in your hand.

54. Can people keep information in a computer?

Yes, they can.

55. What helped make computers smaller?

Microchips

56. Why could people use computers at home in the 1970s?

Because the computers is smaller and cheaper.

57. When did Tim Berners-Lee come up with the idea of the World Wide Web?

In 1989

58. What can people use to go on the Internet today?

People can use smartphones as well as computers

书面表达 (共 17 分)

九、翻译句子。(共 7 分)

59. 我们学校旁边有一个大公园。(1 分) *There is a park next to our school.*
60. Bella 来自英国, 她今年 14 岁。(2 分) *Bella comes from England, she is 14 years old.*
61. 我妈妈经常早饭在家喝一杯牛奶, 吃一些面包。(2 分) *My mother usually drinks a glass of milk and eats some bread.*
62. 我喜欢跑步, 因为跑步对我的健康有好处。(2 分)

十、文段表达。(10 分) *I like run, because run is good for my health.*

根据中文和英文提示, 完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

63. 假如你是李华。你的英国笔友 Peter 参加了“School Lunch Program”, 正在做关于校园午餐的调查, 他希望能了解你校的午餐情况, 请用英语写一封电子邮件, 告诉他你们的午餐在哪儿吃、午餐常吃些什么及你对你校午餐的评价。

提示词语: dining hall, meat, noodles, good

提示问题: ● Where do you have your school lunch?

● What do you often have for lunch?

● What do you think of your school lunch?

Dear Peter,

How is it going?

I'm glad to hear that you are in the "School Lunch Program". I'd like to tell you something about our school lunch.

The dining hall is on the left of the playground.
We have lunch at dining hall. There are a lot of tables and chairs.

We often eat rice, meat, vegetables and bowls of soup. Sometimes

we eat noodles. I think my school lunch is very delicious. I like it.

If there is anything that I can do, please let me know. Very much.

Yours,

Li Hua