

北京三帆中学 2024-2025 学年度第一学期期中考试试卷
— 英语学科

班级_____ 姓名_____ 学号_____ 成绩_____

注意：(1) 时间 100 分钟，满分 100 分；(2) 请将答案填写在答题纸上。

听力理解 (共 16 分)

一、听下面四段对话或独白，每段对话或独白后有两道小题，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。(共 8 分，每题 1 分)
请听一段对话，完成第 1 至第 2 小题。

1. What music is the boy listening to?

- A. Pop music. B. Rock music. C. Country music.

2. Who often plays country music in the office?

- A. Rob. B. Ken. C. Susie.

请听一段对话，完成第 3 至第 4 小题。

3. What is the girl's favorite subject?

- A. Science. B. English. C. Math.

4. What does the boy think of science?

- A. Interesting. B. Useful. C. Difficult.

请听一段对话，完成第 5 至第 6 小题。

5. What is the boy's problem?

- A. His English pronunciation is bad.
B. He can't remember all the words.
C. He is too nervous to speak in public.

6. What is the girl's advice for the boy?

- A. Ask his teacher for advice.
B. Practice with his classmates.
C. Read more books in English.

请听一段独白，完成第 7 至第 8 小题。

7. What is the school like?

- A. Beautiful. B. Small. C. Clean.

8. Why does the speaker like reading in the library?

- A. Because he can learn a lot of things.
B. Because he can talk with his classmates.
C. Because the library is very big and quiet.



20. Tomorrow is Monday. Remember _____ your red scarf and school uniform.
A. to wear B. wear C. wearing D. wears
21. — Is there a library in your school, Jerry?
— _____. I like reading books and magazines there.
A. Yes, it is B. No, it isn't C. Yes, there is D. No, there isn't
- 22 — Sorry, Jim. I broke your pencil. I will buy you a new one.
— _____. I have another one.
A. You're welcome B. Never mind C. Sorry to hear that D. Thank you

四、完形填空。(共 10 分, 每小题 1 分)

阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容, 从后面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

Emma Dreams Big

Emma looked out of the window, thinking about her little horse, Sunny. At the same time, the other students were excitedly sharing their dreams for the future in the class meeting.

___23___ Mrs. James called out, "Emma! Can you tell us what you want to do when you grow up?"

"Em...I haven't thought about it yet," Emma ___24___ back and said.

"What are you interested in, Emma?" asked Mrs. James.

"I really like riding horses, and my little horse Sunny brings me so much ___25___," Emma said. "But what can I do with that in the future?"

"Well, maybe our special guest today can help you with it," Mrs. James said. "Now, class, let's ___26___ Doctor Landon. He is a vet (兽医), and he came here today as part of our Career Explorations (职业探索) project."

"On most days of a week, I travel across the county to ___27___ horses. It is a lot of work, but I love it." Doctor Landon said.

Emma's mouth fell open. "What a life that is," she thought. At that moment, Emma could see her ___28___. She was going to be a vet and take care of horses, too!

After school, Emma made new plans. She would ___29___ an hour studying math before riding her horse Sunny. She also ___30___ to study science even if she didn't have any homework about it. Doctor Landon said those were important ___31___ to study if you wanted to be a vet.

When Emma got home after school, she told her parents about her big dream. They were very happy and supportive. That night, Emma had a ___32___ dream, and in her dream, she became a vet. It's so good to have a dream.

23. A. Readily B. Nervously C. Suddenly D. Silently
24. A. turned B. ran C. cut D. hit



25. A. work B. fun C. advice D. magic
 26. A. tell B. welcome C. learn D. watch
 27. A. look at B. look up C. look after D. look for
 28. A. horse B. life C. past D. future
 29. A. spend B. make C. pay D. waste
 30. A. appeared B. decided C. finished D. forgot
 31. A. jobs B. projects C. chances D. subjects
 32. A. silent B. worried C. wild D. sweet

阅读理解 (共 40 分)

五、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。(共 30 分，每小题 2 分)


(一) 阅读下列建议，请根据人物问题匹配最适合的建议，并将建议所对应的选项 (A、B、C、D) 填在相应位置上。其中一个选项为多余选项。


A

Advice for students

A	B
Always keep your own things in the same place at home or school. Also, write your name on the things to help you find them if they get lost.	It's okay to make mistakes! You should ask teachers and classmates for help when you don't understand something.
It is a great way for you to meet others if joining clubs or group activities. Being friendly and starting conversations with classmates can help, too. Remember, many students want to make friends, just like you!	D
	You can make a timetable every week. Plan and write down the times for studying, homework and enjoying your hobby. A timetable can help you keep everything in order and feel better.

Students' problems:

_____  I find it hard to have time for my hobby now.
 Li Wei

_____  I feel shy meeting new people in junior high.
 Hu Nianzu



35. _____



Mia

I often lose things, such as my red scarf and notebooks.

(二) 阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

B

When Deka was little, she thought she could only do what people said she could. She was a black girl who came from Somalia. Her family had to leave their home because it was very dangerous there. Some people thought it was hard for her to do well because of where she came from, but Deka never gave up on herself.

When Deka was eight, her mom worked very hard and went to a college to learn new things and finally got a job to raise their family. This made Deka believe in the power of knowledge and herself.

When Deka went to high school, she learned many subjects, such as math, English, geography, and chemistry. Among them, the chemistry class was like a light bulb (明灯) that turned on in her head. She decided she wanted to be a teacher and maybe even a scientist when she grew up.

Before she finished high school, she was the only student who got to join a science group in Boston Institute (研究所). The teachers there said she was the most hardworking student in the science group. A few years later, she became the first black female scientist in the Boston Institute.

Now, Deka wants to tell others like her to believe in themselves and never give up. She says, "Don't think you can't do something just because it looks too hard. I didn't know I could do it until I tried my best and made it!"

36. Why did Deka's family leave their hometown?

- A. Because they wanted to find better jobs.
- B. Because it wasn't safe in their hometown.
- C. Because they needed to learn new things.
- D. Because they wanted to join a science group.

37. What made Deka believe in the power of knowledge and herself?

- A. Other people's thoughts.
- B. Her mother's life story.
- C. All the subjects in high school.
- D. The science group she joined.

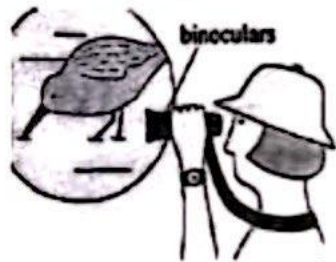


38. Which subject in high school changed her future?
A. Math. B. English. C. Chemistry. D. Geography.
39. What can we learn from Deka's story?
A. School is the only important place for a child's future.
B. Family support is the most important thing for success.
C. Dreams can come true if you work hard and never give up.
D. Black women are good at being scientists in the United States.

C

Birds are everywhere. There are about 10,000 kinds of birds in the world. They sing outside our windows, fly through the sky, and build their nests in the trees. But how many people really look closely at these cute friends? In fact, millions of people watch birds as a hobby, not only young people but also the old. In Beijing, you may see lots of bird lovers in parks in early spring or mid-to-late autumn, which are the best seasons to watch birds.

Bird-watching is easy to start if you are a beginner. You don't need anything but a pair of eyes to help you. Birds are often easier to find by listening than by looking. When you get better at watching birds, you may need some **equipment**. For example, a pair of binoculars can help you get a close look at a bird. A field guide (野外指南) with pictures and information can help you know what birds you're seeing. Remember, be very quiet when you are watching birds, and don't wear brightly-colored (色彩鲜艳的) clothes that may frighten (吓走) them. Never go too close to a bird when it is making a nest or feeding the young.



Bird-watching is a fun, inexpensive hobby to enjoy the outdoors. When you look for birds around you and take notes about them, you may find yourself more perceptive (敏锐的) of the things around, like trees, fruits, and flowers. It is also good for your health. Looking for birds gets you outside in the fresh air and gets you moving. If you join a bird-watching group or club, you can meet like-minded people, share experiences and build friendships. Bird-watching will bring you more than fun.

40. Which is the best season to watch birds in Beijing?
A. Early spring. B. Early summer.
C. Early autumn. D. Early winter.
41. What can we learn about bird-watching from the passage?
A. Only young people are interested in bird-watching.
B. You must prepare many things to start bird-watching.



- C. Birds are very difficult to find without a field guide.
D. You should wear clothes in right colors when watching birds.
42. What does the underlined word “**equipment**” in paragraph 2 mean?
A. Tools. B. Knowledge. C. Thoughts. D. Practice.
43. Which is the best title for this passage?
A. Bird-watching: An Important Practice.
B. Bird-watching: A Great Hobby to Have.
C. Bird-watching: An Easy Way to Make Friends.
D. Bird-watching: The Best Thing to Do in Beijing.

D

Many people believe that the more free time there is, the greater happiness there will be. But a study showed that too much free time may not be a good thing.

“While too little time is bad, having more time is not always better. We found when people have some hours of free time during the day, they may feel more worried and less happy.” said Marissa Sharif, a leading scientist in a research team.

Sharif and her team asked 21,736 Americans to know about how they made use of their free time and how they felt about it. They found that when the number of hours of free time went up, people’s feeling of happiness increased (增长), too. But it stopped increasing when there were two hours of free time, and it even began to go down when there were more than five.

To better understand the reasons behind, Sharif’s team did two more experiments (实验) online. 6,000 people took part in the experiments. In the first experiment, they put people into three groups. Sharif asked the people in the first group to imagine having 15 minutes’ free time every day for more than six months. In the second group, people would imagine having 3.5 hours and in the third group, people would think about having 7 hours. Then Sharif asked all the three groups to report how they felt about having such free time.

Sharif found that people who got 15 minutes and 7 hours both reported less happiness than those who got 3.5 hours.

In the second experiment, Sharif further asked people to imagine how they would feel if they did different things during the given free time. For example, they could imagine doing productive (有成效的) things such as exercise and family activities, or doing unproductive things such as watching TV or using the computer. The answers showed that people with more free time reported less happiness when they thought of doing some unproductive activities. However, when they thought of taking part in productive activities,



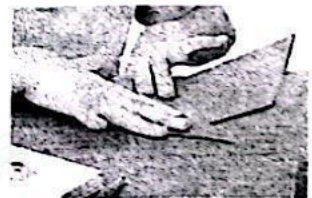
those with 7 hours of free time felt the same with those with 3.5 hours.

These experiments show that too little or too much free time don't bring people more happiness. So we should try to find a right amount (数量) of free time and spend it in the way that we really want.

44. According to Sharif, _____ of free time every day may make people feel the happiest.
A. zero hour B. half an hour C. two hours D. ten hours
45. What can we learn from the first experiment?
A. Sharif asked people's feeling six months later.
B. All people had the same amount of free time.
C. The second group reported more happiness.
D. The first group of people reported less worries.
46. In the second experiment, what may make people feel happier about their free time?
A. Going hiking with family. B. Eating a lot of fast food.
C. Staying in bed for a whole day. D. Playing computer games alone.
47. The writer writes this passage to _____.
A. encourage people to have fun in free time
B. help people better know about free time
C. ask people to have more free time
D. tell people the importance of free time

六、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。(共10分，第48-50题每小题2分，第51小题4分)

Folding paper is a fun hobby to make different artworks. 27 year-old Pei Haozheng is good at folding paper. In his eyes, a single piece of paper can make a big difference. He can fold it into anything from animals to people.



Born in Nanjing, Jiangsu Province, Pei started folding paper when *folding paper* he was a little kid, because paper was cheap and easy to get. At first, he learned folding from his friends and parents, and later he learned through books. From cranes (鹤) to planes, he was fascinated by (着迷于) the magic world made by paper. Every day, he spent hours folding paper.

Pei's story shows how hardworking and creative he is. In order to improve his folding skills, Pei taught himself through paper-folding books. He makes more and more works, and he keeps getting better. His hard work paid off (取得好结果) and then Pei began to create more difficult works.



Because of his hard work and strong skills, Pei won the International Origami Internet Olympiad in 2017. For the event's final task, he folded a traditional Chinese woman holding a mirror from a piece of hand-made xuanzhi, a kind of rice paper. The judges were impressed (留下深刻印象) and they spoke highly of his work.

Although people might be amazed at the creativity of the designs and skills behind his artworks, Pei is always willing to keep trying new artworks. He said, "I try my best to put the art together with Chinese cultural ideas. I always get inspiration (灵感) from Chinese culture and of course, I want to help Chinese culture known to the whole world." His love for both his artworks and Chinese culture is clear in every piece he made.

48. What is Pei good at?

49. Who did Pei learn to fold paper from at first?

50. Why did Pei win the International Origami Internet Olympiad in 2017?

51. What do you think of Pei? Please give two reasons.

书面表达 (共 24 分)

七、根据句意和音标填写单词。(共 6 分, 每小题 1 分)

52. Our parents always try to _____ /prə'tekt/ us from storms.

53. Tony never feels _____ /'ləunli/ because he has many friends.

54. Miss Chen teaches _____ /'hɪstəri/ at a primary school.

55. Read the story and try to get the _____ /meɪn/ idea.

56. Now read the passage and _____ /tʃek/ your answer.

57. He decided to take part in the school art _____ /'festəvəl/.

八 根据中文意思和英文提示词语写出句子。(共 8 分, 每小题 2 分)

58 书架上有一些笔记本。(there be)

59. 成立一个写作小组怎么样? (start)

60. 我能够理解我父母的内心。(can; see into)

61. 学会合理利用时间对我们来说很重要。(make good use of)



九、文段表达。(共 10 分)

62. 请根据中文和英文提示, 完成一篇不少于 40 词的文段写作。文中已给出的内容不计入总词数。所给提示词汇仅供选用, 可适当发挥。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

假如你是李华, 你的英国笔友 Tony 来信, 想了解一下你的兴趣爱好。请你根据提示问题和提示词语, 给他写一封信, 介绍一下你的兴趣爱好是什么, 你平时都会做什么, 以及你从中收获了什么。