

# 2023 北京东城初二（下）期末



## 英 语

一、单项填空，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. We are thirsty. Can you give \_\_\_\_ some juice? ( )  
A. him                      B. her                      C. us                      D. them
2. My chess class is at 9 a.m. \_\_\_\_ Monday mornings. ( )  
A. on                      B. in                      C. at                      D. from
3. Although she is eighty - five, she \_\_\_\_ still read without glasses. ( )  
A. could                      B. might                      C. must                      D. can
4. I am a \_\_\_\_ volleyball player than Mia. ( )  
A. good                      B. better                      C. best                      D. the best
5. — \_\_\_\_ do you go to the theatre?  
— Once a month. ( )  
A. How often                      B. How much                      C. How long                      D. How soon
6. I fell off my bicycle, \_\_\_\_ I didn't get hurt. ( )  
A. so                      B. or                      C. but                      D. for
7. Lily \_\_\_\_ to the beach with Mr Green last summer. ( )  
A. went                      B. goes                      C. has gone                      D. will go
8. We've booked our hotel in Shanghai. We \_\_\_\_ the holidays there next month. ( )  
A. spend                      B. spent                      C. have spent                      D. will spend
9. Hurry up! Everybody \_\_\_\_ for you. ( )  
A. waited                      B. waits                      C. is waiting                      D. will wait
10. Peter is in the library. He \_\_\_\_ there for three hours. ( )  
A. studies                      B. studied  
C. has studied                      D. was studying
11. Grandpa found some old coins while he \_\_\_\_ in the garden. ( )  
A. works                      B. will work  
C. is working                      D. was working
12. —Do you know \_\_\_\_ yesterday?  
—A new dictionary. ( )  
A. what Ann bought                      B. what did Ann buy  
C. what Ann will buy                      D. what will Ann buy

二、完形填空，阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。



make a speech

13. (8分) It was a very important day for Ryan—he was about to make his first public speech. His (1) \_\_\_\_\_, Mr. Larson, had told the class to choose a book, read it, and then make a speech about it. Ryan had chosen a book he liked. He had read it carefully. Then, he had written down what he wanted to say about the book and prepared a speech. He had practiced his speech many times, but he was still (2) \_\_\_\_\_. Ryan didn't know whether he would be successful. He did not want to look bad in front of the whole class.

Finally, Mr. Larson said to the class, "Okay, Ryan, let's hear what you have to say. Come up and give us your speech." Ryan took a few deep breaths (呼吸). He still couldn't help feeling a little worried. Then, he (3) \_\_\_\_\_ his notes, straightened up and walked slowly to the front of the room. Mr. Larson sat down in one of the front-row seats and gave Ryan a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ as he nodded for him to begin. Ryan cleared his throat, took a quick look at his (5) \_\_\_\_\_, and then started his speech.

For a moment or two, Ryan still felt very nervous. But as he went through his speech, he felt less and less like running away. He had practiced often enough so that nothing in his speech was new to him anymore. It wasn't long before he (6) \_\_\_\_\_ and was able to almost enjoy what he was doing. By the time Ryan finished his speech, he felt almost comfortable.

When Ryan stopped speaking, everyone in the class stood up and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Mr. Larson said, "That was a very well-prepared speech, Ryan. You did an excellent job." Ryan thought about how much he had practiced to get ready for his speech, and he felt (8) \_\_\_\_\_. He still didn't like making speeches, but now he knew he could do it.

- (1) A. father                      B. classmate                      C. teacher                      D. friend
- (2) A. bored                      B. nervous                      C. angry                      D. lonely
- (3) A. wrote down                      B. threw away                      C. read through                      D. picked up
- (4) A. smile                      B. hug                      C. kiss                      D. hand
- (5) A. books                      B. notes                      C. articles                      D. pictures
- (6) A. completed                      B. laughed                      C. prepared                      D. relaxed
- (7) A. left                      B. talked                      C. cheered                      D. looked
- (8) A. proud                      B. awful                      C. crazy                      D. lucky

三、信息匹配。

14. (6分) 下面的材料介绍了四个课程。请根据 1—3 小题中描述的 Harriet、Belinda 和 Chris 对课程的需求, 帮他们选择一个合适的课程。

(1) _____ Harriet is 71 years old, and is interested in painting and drawing. She would like to go	A. Technology for You Do you feel as if everyone is using a computer except you? Join this five-day course (课程). You'll learn how to send emails and use simple
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<p>somewhere in summer where she can learn new skills and paint attractive scenery (迷人的景色) .</p> <p>(2) _____ Belinda works for a large art company. She already has a basic understanding of some common computer programmes, but she wants to learn how to manage her work and store information.</p> <p>(3) _____ Chris wants to change his job, so he's looking for a full - time course in which he can learn about the skills of taking photos and how to use computers to change his works.</p>	<p>programmes to write and print letters. In the afternoons, you will have the choice of learning how to make birthday cards.</p> <p><b>B. Wild Design</b></p> <p>Whether you want a job in art or you just want to enjoy your hobby, this holiday course is for you. Wild Design is a two - week summer course. We teach all kinds of art, including taking photos and painting. And the wild sea, beautiful flowers, and great wildlife will give you lots of creative ideas.</p> <p><b>C. Form and Colour</b></p> <p>This year - long course is perfect for people who want to learn how to use a camera and who want to take it up as a job. Students will learn how to use light, colour, and different shapes. The course will also teach students to change their works using computers.</p> <p><b>D. Practice Makes Perfect</b></p> <p>Learn about how to use computer software (软件) to make your work life easier.</p> <p>This course is for people who often use computers as part of their jobs but feel they are unable to make the most of them. Learn about new software for storing information. This evening class runs for ten weeks, from September to December.</p>
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四、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

15. (6分) I always wanted to be an only child, so I wouldn't worry about someone taking the remote (遥控器) during a "big game". However, I had an older sister, Christie.

I started playing basketball when I was eight. My dad was the coach of my team, and my mom kept score. So, my sister, who wasn't old enough to stay at home alone, had to come to all of my games. She looked like she didn't want to be there, but she cheered with the crowd anyway.

On the way home from the games, my parents and I talked about everything I did on the court (球场). My sister sat in the backseat with me in silence. She didn't really understand what was going on in the games. But most nights, she came into my room and said, "Good night, Brad. Good game." I would smile and thank her. I never really took her compliment (赞美) seriously.

When I was in high school, Christie didn't have to come to my games anymore. But she still came every week, cheering me on. I remember the last game of the season. My sister came with a large group of her friends. Printed on her shirt, in big, bright red letters, were the words "BRAD'S SISTER". Suddenly, I was embarrassed (尴尬的). I felt embarrassed, not because she was there but because I'd never thanked her for helping me before.

My sister left for college a few months after that last game, and I am an only child now. But now that she's gone, I miss having someone to fight with for the remote a lot.

I went to visit her at college for a weekend, and as I stood outside her dorm (宿舍), waiting for her to come



out, a friend of hers walked past me and questioned, "Hey, aren't you Christie's brother?" I said proudly, "Yeah, I am. I'm Christie's brother."

(1) What did Christie do when Brad played basketball?

- A. She cheered for Brad.
- B. She sat there in silence.
- C. She stayed at home alone.
- D. She kept score for the team.

(2) Why did Brad feel embarrassed at the last game of the season?

- A. Because he didn't want her sister to come.
- B. Because he failed to value his sister's help.
- C. Because he was nervous to see his sister's friends.
- D. Because he didn't like the words on his sister's shirt.

(3) After Christie left for college, Brad \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. really missed her a lot
- B. visited her every weekend
- C. played basketball even harder
- D. was glad to have the remote himself

16. (8分) Many families have trouble deciding whether or not to get a pet. However, it's worth (值得的) taking the time to pick the right pet.

Some pets can make people more active. A group of researchers did a study that looked at how people exercised. The study included people who had dogs at home and people who did not. The researchers found that the dog owners exercised more often and for a longer time. Dogs depend on their owners to take them for walks or throw a ball to them. These activities provide exercise for pet owners.

Many people's health problems come from experiencing stress (紧张). Having a pet in the house makes them feel less stressed. Pets have also provided hospital patients with companionship. Researchers monitored patients at a hospital that allowed pets in patients' rooms. They compared patients who spent a lot of time with a pet with those who did not. The researchers studied how long it took for each patient's condition to improve. They found that having a pet around helped people get better faster. Pets make people calm, and calm patients get better more quickly.

Many people believe that pets cause allergies (过敏) in children. However, one surprising health benefit (好处) researchers have discovered goes against this belief. It turns out that having a pet can help keep kids from getting allergies. In 2011, a study was done in Detroit on babies who had been around pets from birth to age one. The children studied had a smaller chance of becoming allergic to pets as they got older. Young children are less likely to get pet allergies if they get to know pets when they are young.

Pets can make people feel happy and also keep away feelings of loneliness. Research has shown that pets provide social support. People experience feelings of loneliness less often when they have a pet at home. Pets can give meaning and a sense of purpose to people's lives.

Everyone who lets a furry friend into their home can enjoy the many benefits of having a pet. Stop by an animal shelter (收容所), and see which pet might be right for you and your family.



(1) What is Paragraph 2 mainly about?

- A. Calming benefits from having pets.
- B. Exercise benefits from having pets.
- C. Research benefits from having pets.
- D. Health benefits from having pets.

(2) The words "provided hospital patients with companionship" in Paragraph 3 probably mean "\_\_\_\_\_".

- A. kept hospital patients safe
- B. helped hospital patients live longer
- C. made hospital patients exercise a lot
- D. helped hospital patients feel less alone

(3) How can people keep their children from getting allergies?

- A. By raising pets after their children grow up.
- B. By keeping their children away from animals.
- C. By having pets when their children are young.
- D. By taking their children to animal shelters often.

(4) Who does the writer probably write this passage to?

- A. Someone trying to find a home for a pet.
- B. Someone considering whether to have a pet.
- C. Someone looking for ways to treat pet allergies.
- D. Someone wanting to learn about different kinds of pets.

17. (6分) I have three exams next week. So, I'll spend most of the weekend studying. I'm worried about the exams, but they aren't the only thing I'm worried about. Like most people, I'm worried about missing out on all the fun activities my friends will do.

I have serious FOMO——fear (害怕) of missing out. It is the feeling or idea that you are missing out on something important or enjoyable that others are experiencing. And a big part of FOMO is the feeling that your friends won't miss you when you're not there.

FOMO is a pretty common feeling, especially when people are going out more. Social media (社交媒体) makes it even worse. It's easy to see other people doing fun things while you're doing something boring. Don't get me wrong—I also do fun things, but I still get caught up in FOMO.

Worst of all, I feel like I'm missing out on things I don't even want to do. Even though I don't want to go to a party, I still get FOMO when I think about my friends who are already there. When you feel like you're missing out, it can be hard to decide if you even wanted to go out in the first place. It can make you do things you don't want to. No one wants to miss a joke or see all the pictures when they weren't there. But it's important to take a step

WHAT AM I MISSING?





back and think about it.Would you have suggested that activity? Do you really want to go, or do you want to go because your friends are going? Do you have something else you'd rather be doing?

Even though FOMO can be harmful to your life, it can also have some good benefits.I know a lot of people who joined clubs or took up new hobbies because their friends did.A lot of these clubs and hobbies have made people happy, including me.In that way, I owe (归功于) some of my school experience to FOMO.

So it's best to avoid FOMO as much as possible.The best thing to do is to check in with yourself and notice how you feel.If you have a good reason for not doing something, don't worry too much about missing out.Do what's best for you, even if that means uninviting yourself from a plan.Your friends are your friends for a reason—— they won't forget about you.

(1) What do we know about FOMO?

- A.Social media is one of the causes of FOMO.
- B.People with FOMO hardly make very good friends.
- C.People with FOMO won't do anything against their wishes.
- D.FOMO is the feeling that something enjoyable is happening.

(2) The writer probably agrees that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A.We should always be with our friends, or they will forget us
- B.We should follow our hearts and not worry about missing out
- C.We should allow people with FOMO to go after their hobbies
- D.We should closely watch what our friends do to avoid FOMO

(3) Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?

- A.Never Miss Out on Important Things
- B.Take Part in More Fun Activities
- C.It's Common to Get Worried
- D.It's OK to Uninvite Yourself

## 五、阅读表达，阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

18. (10分) Ben Cloud is a 16 - year - old high school student.He is also a successful business (商业) owner and a role model for many young people.

During his middle school years, Ben took a few business classes.They gave him a lot of ideas for how to start his own business.He started by thinking about things he liked.First, it was clothing.Then coffee.He thought about opening a coffee shop.But both ideas seemed too hard and costly.

Some people might give up right then and go back to their normal lives.But Ben kept thinking and came up with the idea of selling his own brand (品牌) of coffee.He started doing research online and finally found someone who sold coffee beans.He learned everything he needed to know about the law (法律) to start a business.Then he set up his company.After that, he tested different kinds of coffee with his friends and family.He listened to their suggestions and improved his product.Since he didn't have enough money, he asked a designer (设计师) to help him come up with a logo,





take product pictures, and design a website.He would give the designer coffee in return for her design skills

After setting up his website, Ben started to sell his coffee at his high school coffee shop, then a restaurant, and then local shops.Ben also decided that he would give some of his money by selling coffee to help others.

Ben is now not only growing his business but also teaching other kids how to start their own businesses and giving them ideas on how to do so.He has shared his experiences with local school students. "Never let your age stop you from doing what you want to do, " he says.Setting goals, making a plan, reading business books, and making time to think have all been important to his success.

Looking to the future, he is considering going to college, where he can keep running his business and also learn and grow from a college experience.

Ben Cloud is a great example of a young person who wants to improve himself and be the best he can be.People can learn a lot from him.

(1) What gave Ben Cloud ideas for how to start his own business?

\_\_\_\_\_

(2) What is Paragraph 3 mainly about?

\_\_\_\_\_

(3) What is Ben Cloud's future plan?

\_\_\_\_\_

(4) What do you think of Ben Cloud? Why do you think so? (List at least two reasons.)

\_\_\_\_\_

六、文段表达。

19. (10 分) 校园广播在学生生活中起着很重要的作用, 不仅为学生传递丰富的资讯、展示校园文化、调节学习和生活节奏, 还增进了师生之间、同学之间的感情。

某英文网站正在举办以"校园广播: 留给青春的珍贵记忆"为主题的征文活动。请你用英文写一篇短文投稿, 介绍你最喜欢的校园广播节目以及它给你的生活带来的帮助。

根据中文和英文提示, 完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

提示词语: share, news, learn English, creative, understand

提示问题:

- What is your favorite school radio programme?
- What is the radio programme about?
- How does the radio programme help you in your life?

Our school radio plays an important part in our lives.\_\_\_\_\_



## 参考答案

一、单项填空，从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. 【答案】C

【分析】我们渴了。你能给我们一些果汁吗？

【解答】him 他；her 她；us 我们；them 他们。根据前面的主语 We，可知此处指的是"给我们一些果汁"，give 是动词，后接人称代词宾格 us。

故选：C。

2. 【答案】A

【分析】我的国际象棋课是在周一早上 9 点。

【解答】on 用于具体的某一天或者具体某一天的上/下午/晚上；in 用于年/月/季节或泛指的一天的上午，下午和晚上前；at 用于具体的钟点前；from 来自。根据所给空后面的"Monday mornings"可知，指的是具体某一天的上午。

故选：A。

3. 【答案】D

【分析】虽然她八十五岁了，但她仍然可以不戴眼镜看书。

【解答】A 能，can 的过去式。B 可以，C 必须，D 能，根据前面：虽然她八十五岁了，可知后面是：她仍然可以不戴眼镜看书。

故选：D。

4. 【答案】B

【分析】我是一个比 Mia 更好的排球运动员。

【解答】good 形容词：好的；比较级是 better；最高级是 best。根据句子中的 than 可知空格处需使用形容词比较级形式，正确答案是 B。

故选：B。

5. 【答案】A

【分析】-- 你多久去看一次戏？

-- 一月一次。

【解答】How often 多久一次，是对频率的提问；How much 多少，询问价格或不可数名词数量；How long 多长，是对长度或一段时间的提问；How soon 多快、多久以后，其后用 in 加一段时间来回答。根据答语 Once a month. 一月一次，可知上文是对频率进行提问，用 How often。

故选：A。

6. 【答案】C

【分析】我从自行车上摔了下来，但我没有受伤。

【解答】so 所以；or 或者；but 但是；for 为了。根据"我从自行车上摔了下来，.....我没有受伤。"可知，表示转折，填 but"但是"。

故选：C。





7. 【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】去年夏天，莉莉和格林先生一起去海滩。

【解答】went, 用于一般过去时; goes, 一般现在时; has gone, 现在完成时; will go, 一般将来时。根据时间状语"last summer"可知句子时态应是一般过去时, 动词应用过去式。

故选: A。

8. 【答案】D

【分析】我们已经预订了上海的酒店。下个月我们将在那里度假。

【解答】根据时间状语 next month 可确定, 句中的动作还未发生, 句意为: 我们已经预订了上海的酒店。下个月我们将在那里度假。故句子时态为一般将来时态, 其构成是: will+do。

故选: D。

9. 【答案】见试题解答内容

【分析】快点儿!大家都在等你。

【解答】答案: C. 考查时态辨析。句意: 快点儿!大家都在等你。根据题干 Hurry up!快点儿!可知要用现在进行时。现在进行时的构成是: 主语+be+动词 ing (现在分词) 形式。所以用 is waiting。即快点儿!大家都在等你。故选 C。

10. 【答案】C

【分析】彼得在图书馆。他在那里学习了三个小时。

【解答】根据上文"Peter is in the library." "彼得在图书馆。"和时间状语 for three hours 可知, 此句句意为: 他在那里学习了三个小时。故此句时态为现在完成时态, 其结构为: have/has +过去分词。

故选: C。

11. 【答案】D

【分析】爷爷在花园里干活时发现了一些旧硬币。

【解答】主句"Grandpa found some old coins"的时态为一般过去时态, 结合关键词 while 和选项可确定, 从句句意为: 爷爷在花园里干活时。while 后跟从句, 且从句常用进行时态。故句子的时态为过去进行时态, 其构成是: was/were+doing。

故选: D。

12. 【答案】A

【分析】- 你知道 Ann 昨天买了什么吗?

- 一本新字典。

【解答】分析句式, 题干设空处是动词 know 后的宾语从句, 其语序应用陈述语序, 故排除 B、D 项 (均使用了疑问语序); 再根据语境及关键信息 yesterday 可知, 问句询问的是昨天的事情, 因此从句应用一般过去时态, 即 A 项表述符合语境。干扰项 C 项为一般将来时态, 不符合语境。

故选: A。

二、完形填空, 阅读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。



13. 【答案】 CBDAB DCA

【分析】这篇短文主要写了 Ryan 准备并进行了他的第一次公开演讲的经历。

【解答】(1) 考查名词。句意：他的老师。A.father 父亲； B.classmate 同学； C.teacher 老师； D.friend 朋友。拉尔森告诉学生们选一本书，读它，然后就它做一个演讲。根据下文 Finally, Mr.Larson said to the class, "Okay, Ryan, let's hear what you have to say.Come up and give us your speech." (最后，先生。拉尔森对全班同学说："好吧，Ryan，让我们听听你要说什么。上来给我们讲一讲吧。")可知此处是指他的老师，故选 C。

(2) 考查形容词。句意：他已经练习了很多次演讲，但他仍然很紧张。A.bored 无聊的； B.nervous 紧张的； C.angry 生气的； D.lonely 孤独的。根据下文 Ryan didn't know whether he would be successful. (Ryan 不知道他是否会成功。)可知此处是指他很紧张，故选 B。

(3) 考查动词短语。句意：然后，他拿起笔记，站直身子，慢慢地走到教室前面。A.wrote down 写下； B.threw away 扔掉； C.read through 通读； D.picked up 拿起。根据上文 Ryan didn't know whether he would be successful. (Ryan 不知道他是否会成功。)可知此处是指拿起笔记，故选 D。

(4) 考查名词。句意：拉尔森先生在前排的一个座位上坐下，对 Ryan 笑了笑，点头示意他开始。A.smile 微笑； B.hug 拥抱； C.kiss 亲吻； D.hand 手。根据下文 as he nodded for him to begin. (点头示意他开始。)结合常识，可知此处是指对他微笑，故选 A。

(5) 考查名词。句意：Ryan 清了清嗓子，快速看了看笔记，然后开始演讲。A.books 书； B.notes 笔记； C.articles 文章； D.pictures 图片。根据上文 his notes (他的笔记)可知此处是指看了下笔记，故选 B。

(6) 考查动词。句意：没过多久，他就放松下来，几乎可以享受他正在做的事情了。A.completed 完成； B.laughed 笑； C.prepared 准备； D.relaxed 放松。根据下文 was able to almost enjoy what he was doing. (几乎可以享受他正在做的事情了。)可知此处是指放松下来了，故选 D。

(7) 考查动词。句意：当 Ryan 停止讲话时，全班同学都站起来欢呼起来。left 离开； B.talked 交谈； C.cheered 振奋起来； D.looked 看。根据下文 Ryan.You did an excellent job. (Ryan。你做得很好。)可知此处是指同学们站起来欢呼，故选 C。

(8) 考查形容词。句意：Ryan 回想起为准备演讲他做了多少练习，他感到很自豪。A.proud 自豪的； B.awful 糟糕的； C.crazy 疯狂的； D.lucky 幸运的。根据上文 Ryan.You did an excellent job. (Ryan。你做得很好。)可知他是自豪的，故选 A。

三、信息匹配。

14. 【答案】 BDC

【分析】(1) Harriet 今年 71 岁，对绘画很感兴趣。她想在夏天去一个地方，在那里她可以学习新技能，画出迷人的风景。——无论你是想找一份艺术工作，还是只想享受自己的爱好，这门假期课程都适合你。"狂野设计"是一门为期两周的夏季课程。我们教授各种艺术，包括拍照和绘画。狂野的大海、美丽的花朵和伟大的野生动物会给你很多创意。

(2) 贝琳达在一家大型艺术公司工作。她已经对一些常见的计算机程序有了基本的了解，但她想学习如何管理自己的工作和存储信息。——学习如何使用电脑软件使你的工作更轻松。这门课程是为那些经



常使用计算机作为他们工作的一部分，但觉得他们不能充分利用它们的人。了解存储信息的新软件。这个夜校从九月到十二月持续十周。

(3) 克里斯想换工作，所以他正在寻找一门全日制课程，在这门课程中，他可以学习拍照的技巧以及如何使用电脑来改变他的作品。——这个为期一年的课程是完美的人谁想要学习如何使用相机，谁想把它作为一份工作。学生将学习如何使用光线、颜色和不同的形状。该课程还将教学生使用电脑修改他们的作品。

**【解答】**细节推理题。

(1) 根据 *Harriet is 71 years old, and is interested in painting and drawing. She would like to go somewhere in summer where she can learn new skills and paint attractive scenery.* (Harriet 今年 71 岁，对绘画很感兴趣。她想在夏天去一个地方，在那里她可以学习新技能，画出迷人的风景。) 可知说的是绘画，结合选项，应说"无论你是想找一份艺术工作，还是只想享受自己的爱好，这门假期课程都适合你。"狂野设计"是一门为期两周的夏季课程。我们教授各种艺术，包括拍照和绘画。狂野的大海、美丽的花朵和伟大的野生动物会给你很多创意。"故选 B。

(2) 根据 *Belinda works for a large art company. She already has a basic understanding of some common computer programmes, but she wants to learn how to manage her work and store information.* (贝琳达在一家大型艺术公司工作。她已经对一些常见的计算机程序有了基本的了解，但她想学习如何管理自己的工作 and 存储信息。) 可知说的是学习计算机，结合选项，应说"学习如何使用电脑软件使你的工作更轻松。这门课程是为那些经常使用计算机作为他们工作的一部分，但觉得他们不能充分利用它们的人。了解存储信息的新软件。这个夜校从九月到十二月持续十周。"故选 D。

(3) 根据 *Chris wants to change his job, so he's looking for a full - time course in which he can learn about the skills of taking photos and how to use computers to change his works.* (克里斯想换工作，所以他正在寻找一门全日制课程，在这门课程中，他可以学习拍照的技巧以及如何使用电脑来改变他的作品。) 可知说的是使用相机，结合选项，应说"这个为期一年的课程是完美的人谁想要学习如何使用相机，谁想把它作为一份工作。学生将学习如何使用光线、颜色和不同的形状。该课程还将教学生使用电脑修改他们的作品。"故选 C。

#### 四、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

##### 15. 【答案】ABA

**【分析】**短文主要写了作者小时候希望成为独生子女，但他有一个妹妹。妹妹虽然不太愿意去看他的篮球比赛，但还是会去并为他加油。作者从未真正认真对待妹妹的赞美。当作者上高中时，妹妹还是会去看他的比赛，并且在最后一场比赛时，她还带了一大群朋友来为作者加油，作者因此感到尴尬。妹妹上大学后，作者成为独生子，但他现在很怀念和妹妹争夺遥控器的时光。

**【解答】**细节理解题。

(1) 根据第二段 *She looked like she didn't want to be there, but she cheered with the crowd anyway.* (她看起来好像不想在那里，但她还是和人群一起欢呼。) 可知布拉德打篮球时克里斯蒂为他加油。故选 A。

(2) 根据第四段 *I felt embarrassed, not because she was there but because I'd never thanked her for helping*



me before. (我感到很尴尬, 不是因为她在场, 而是因为我以前从来没有感谢过她的帮助。) 可知作者感到尴尬, 是因为他之前不重视妹妹的帮助。故选 B。

(3) 根据第五段 My sister left for college a few months after that last game, and I am an only child now. But now that she's gone, I miss having someone to fight with for the remote a lot. (在最后一场比赛后的几个月, 我妹妹离开家去上大学了, 我现在是家里唯一的孩子。但现在她走了, 我很想念能和她一起抢遥控器的人。) 可知克里斯蒂去上大学后, 布拉德的很想念她。故选 A。

#### 16. 【答案】BDCB

【分析】这篇短文主要讲述了选择合适的宠物是值得花时间的。一些宠物可以让人们更加活跃, 研究发现养狗的人更经常进行锻炼。宠物可以减轻人们的压力, 提供陪伴, 使人们更快康复。养宠物可以帮助孩子们免受过敏的困扰。宠物可以让人们感到快乐, 减少孤独感。大家可以去动物收容所看看哪种宠物适合自己和家人。

【解答】(1) 段落大意题。根据第二段 The researchers found that the dog owners exercised more often and for a longer time. (研究人员发现, 养狗的人锻炼得更频繁, 时间也更长。) 可知本段主要讲了养宠物在锻炼方面的好处。故选 B。

(2) 语义猜测题。根据第三段 Having a pet in the house makes them feel less stressed. (家里有宠物会让它们感觉压力小一些。) 可知划线部分的含义为"帮助医院病人减少孤独感"。故选 D。

(3) 细节理解题。根据第四段 Young children are less likely to get pet allergies if they get to know pets when they are young. (如果小孩子在很小的时候就认识宠物, 他们就不太可能对宠物过敏。) 可知在孩子小时候养宠物就会防止对宠物过敏。故选 C。

(4) 推理判断题。根据第一段 Many families have trouble deciding whether or not to get a pet. However, it's worth (值得的) taking the time to pick the right pet. (许多家庭在决定是否要养宠物时都有困难。然而, 花时间挑选合适的宠物是值得的。) 推断本文是写给在考虑是否要养宠物的人。故选 B。

#### 17. 【答案】ABC

【分析】本文主要写了作者担心考试和害怕错过朋友们的有趣活动, 以及对错过重要或愉快的事情感到焦虑的恐惧感 (FOMO) 的定义和影响。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第三段 Social media makes it even worse. (社交媒体让情况变得更糟。) 可知社交媒体是 FOMO 的原因之一。故选 A。

(2) 细节理解题。根据最后一段 So it's best to avoid FOMO as much as possible. The best thing to do is to check in with yourself and notice how you feel. If you have a good reason for not doing something, don't worry too much about missing out. (因此, 最好尽可能避免 FOMO。最好的做法是检查自己, 注意自己的感受。如果你有充分的理由不做某事, 不要太担心错过。) 可知作者可能同意我们应该遵从自己的内心, 不要担心错过。故选 B。

(3) 标题归纳题。根据第一段 I'm worried about the exams, but they aren't the only thing I'm worried about. Like most people, I'm worried about missing out on all the fun activities my friends will do. (我很担心考试, 但它们不是我唯一担心的事情。和大多数人一样, 我担心错过朋友们将要做的所有有趣的活动。)



可知最佳标题为"担心是很常见的"。故选 C。

## 五、阅读表达，阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

18. 【答案】(1) The business classes.

(2) How did Ben start his business.

(3) He is considering going to college, where he can keep running his business and also learn and grow from a college experience.

(4) He is hard - working and helpful. Because he learned a lot to start his business. He is also teaching other kids how to start their own businesses now.

【分析】本文主要讲了青少年本创建自己的品牌咖啡的故事。

【解答】(1) 细节理解题。根据第二段 During his middle school years, Ben took a few business classes. They gave him a lot of ideas for how to start his own business. (在他的中学时代, 本参加了一些商业课程。他们给了他很多关于如何创业的建议。) 可知这些商业课程给了他很多关于如何创业的建议。故答案为 The business classes.

(2) 段落大意题。根据第三段 He learned everything he needed to know about the law (法律) to start a business. (他学会了创业所需的一切法律知识。) 可知本段主要讲了本是如何创业的。故答案为 How did Ben start his business.

(3) 细节理解题。根据倒数第二段 Looking to the future, he is considering going to college, where he can keep running his business and also learn and grow from a college experience. (展望未来, 他正在考虑上大学, 在那里他可以继续经营自己的生意, 也可以从大学的经历中学习和成长。) 可知未来他正在考虑上大学, 在那里他可以继续经营自己的生意, 也可以从大学的经历中学习和成长。故答案为 He is considering going to college, where he can keep running his business and also learn and grow from a college experience.

(4) 推理判断题。根据第三段 He started doing research online and finally found someone who sold coffee beans. He learned everything he needed to know about the law (法律) to start a business. (他开始在网上做调查, 最后找到了一个卖咖啡豆的人。他学会了创业所需的一切法律知识。) 和第五段 Ben is now not only growing his business but also teaching other kids how to start their own businesses and giving them ideas on how to do so. (本现在不仅在发展自己的生意, 还教其他孩子如何创业, 并为他们提供创业的建议。) 可知他是一个勤奋的人, 也是一个乐于助人的人, 因为为了创业他学了很多, 他现在也教其他孩子创业。故答案为 He is hard - working and helpful. Because he learned a lot to start his business. He is also teaching other kids how to start their own businesses now.

## 六、文段表达。

19. 【答案】Our school radio plays an important part in our lives. Here I would like to share my opinion. My favorite program is English news. By listening to this program, I not only learn English, but also know some important events at home and abroad. At the same time, the announcer's creative analysis of the news made me understand it better. I like this program very much.

【分析】【高分句型一】

Here I would like to share my opinion. 在这里, 我想谈谈我的看法。倒装句。



**【高分句型二】**

By listening to this program, I not only learn English, but also know some important events at home and abroad.  
通过听这个节目，我不仅学习了英语，而且还了解了国内外的一些重要事件。not only...but also...不仅.....  
而且.....

**【解答】** Our school radio plays an important part in our lives. Here I would like to share my opinion. **【高分句型一】** My favorite program is English news (最喜欢的校园广播节目) By listening to this program, I not only learn English, but also know some important events at home and abroad. **【高分句型二】** At the same time, the announcer's creative analysis of the news made me understand it better. I like this program very much. (它给你的生活带来的帮助)