



北师大实验中学 2023-2024 学年度第二学期期中试卷

初一年级英语

班级_____ 姓名_____ 学号_____

考 生 须 知	<p>1. 本试卷共 15 页，分为 A 卷、B 卷（附加题）两部分。A 卷共九道大题，66 道小题，共 100 分；B 卷共两道大题，10 道小题，共 20 分。整卷 120 分。考试时间：90 分钟。</p> <p>2. 在试卷和答题卡上准确填写班级、姓名、学号。</p> <p>3. 试卷答案一律填写在答题卡上，在试卷上作答无效。</p> <p>4. 在答题卡上，选择题须用 2B 铅笔将选中项涂黑涂满，其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。</p> <p style="text-align: center;">命题人：初一英语备课组 审题人：张晶 毛瑛</p>
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听力理解（20 分）

一、听下面四段对话。每段对话后有两道小题，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话你将听两遍。（共 12 分，每小题 1.5 分）

请听下面一段对话，完成第 1 至第 2 小题。

1. How far is the post office from here?

- A. About 15 minutes' walk.
- B. About 20 minutes' walk.
- C. About 25 minutes' walk.

2. Which bus should the woman take?

- A. The No. 2 bus.
- B. The No. 4 bus.
- C. The No. 6 bus.

请听下面一段对话，完成第 3 至第 4 小题。

3. How much is one kilo of bananas?

- A. Three yuan.
- B. Four yuan.
- C. Five yuan.

4. What fruit will the man take?

- A. Bananas.
- B. Apples.
- C. Pears.

请听下面一段对话，完成第 5 至第 6 小题。

5. What will Tom do during the summer holiday?

- A. Go shopping.
- B. Watch TV.
- C. Have a trip.



6. What will the weather be like in Shandong?
 A. It will be hot. B. It will be cool. C. It will be cold.
 请听下面一段对话，完成第 7 至第 8 小题。
7. How are the two speakers talking?
 A. On the Internet. B. By telephone. C. Face to face.
8. What happened to James three weeks ago?
 A. He had a car accident.
 B. He failed in the math test.
 C. His father was ill in hospital.

二、听独白，记录关键信息。本段独白你将听两遍。（共 8 分，每小题 2 分）

请根据所听到的内容和提示词语，将所缺失的关键信息填写在答题纸的相应位置上。

A Trip to the Zoo	
Time	Next <u> 9 </u> , leave at 9:00 in the morning, and return at about 3:00 in the afternoon.
Place	London Zoo
Things to remember	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u> 10 </u>, don't feed the animals. • Second, be <u> 11 </u> to the plants. Don't pick flowers or plants. • The last thing, bring some food, and <u> 12 </u> warm clothes.

知识运用（20 分）

三、单项选择。（共 10 分，每小题 1 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

13. — Why do you like monkeys?
 — Because are clever and cute.
 A. them B. they C. their
14. Mother's Day will come May 12th this year.
 A. in B. on C. at
15. My hometown is very beautiful and visitors come here for sightseeing every day.
 A. thousands of B. two thousands of C. two thousands



16. — _____ you play the piano?
— No, I can't. But I am good at playing the guitar.
A. Does B. Can C. Will
17. Tom is looking forward to _____ the new film.
A. see B. to see C. seeing
18. — Won't there be any schools in the future?
— _____.
A. No, there won't B. Yes, there won't C. No, there will
19. Shopping usually _____ a lot of time, but online shopping may help save some time.
A. takes B. spends C. pays
20. I'd like to go swimming with you, _____ I have to do my homework first.
A. and B. so C. but
21. — What _____ do you take?
— Small.
A. color B. number C. size
22. — _____ are the apples?
— Ten yuan a kilo.
— _____ would you like?
— Two kilos.
A. How much; How much
B. How many; How much
C. How many; How many

四、完形填空。(共 10 分, 每小题 1 分)

(一) 根据短文内容, 从方框中选出恰当的词填写在相应位置上。

its	around	same	shopping
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New York is a great city for 23 . Go to the large shops everywhere in the middle of the city, and you can buy food and drink, clothes, furniture and things for your home, as well as computers, all in the 24 building. New York is famous for _____ clothes shops, for men and women and for young people. Its street markets are good fun too. You can buy bags, T-shirts, scarves and presents to take back home, or you can try food from all over the world. In fact, you can buy anything from anywhere _____ the world when you go shopping there.



(二) 阅读下面短文，从各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。

The Fruit is Sweet

My mother liked to fill our house with plants. She treasured her little garden and the lives she created with tiny seeds (种子). I remember the happiness on her face when she showed me what had grown.



One day in high school, I passed through a gardening store, hoping to find something that I could use for my art piece. I had no luck finding one, so I decided to take bags of 27 seeds home instead. I had never planted anything in my life.

For some reason, these colorful seed packets attracted me. I bought many bags: roses, morning glories, lilies and even some moonflowers.

When I got home, my mother told me seriously that, if I was going to plant these flowers, it would have to be on my own. Not discouraged, I planted the different seeds in different pots. Every day, I 28 them, hoping that the next day a little green head would-spurt (冒出) to say “hello.” But each day, I became 29 when I saw that my flowers hadn’t grown. After about a week, when I was ready to give up on them, my mom said to me, “You need patience (耐心).”

I did wait. One sunny afternoon, I came home from school. Walking up to the house, I took a quick look at the pots, really not expecting to see that anything had grown. To my surprise, there was a long green stem (茎) in one of the planted pots. A big 30 lit up my face. The morning glory vine suddenly spurted (冒出) while I was at school.

In the past few years, I’ve learned that mothers are usually 31. My mother taught me well, even though she really didn’t have to use much effort (努力). I learn to treasure those little lives that I create. She taught me to 32. I believe that patience is bitter, but its fruit is sweet.

- | | | |
|----------------|--------------|------------|
| 27. A. flower | B. vegetable | C. fruit |
| 28. A. moved | B. cleaned | C. watered |
| 29. A. excited | B. strange | C. worried |
| 30. A. look | B. smile | C. flower |
| 31. A. right | B. nice | C. careful |
| 32. A. try | B. wait | C. share |



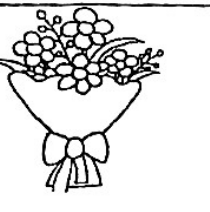


阅读理解（共 40 分）

五、阅读理解。（共 30 分，每小题 2 分）

A

（一）信息匹配。阅读下面关于三个店铺的介绍。根据 Max、Emma 和 Lucas 对各自妈妈的描述，匹配最适合挑选母亲节礼物的店铺，并将所对应的 A, B, C 选项填在相应的位置上。

<p>A</p> <p>If your mom enjoys making cakes and cookies, this is the perfect shop. It has mixes for cakes and tools (工具) for baking. It also sells both sweet and yummy foods.</p>	
<p>B</p> <p>This is a great store full of books. There are many exciting stories, from fairy tales to adventures, and books on gardening too. It's perfect for moms who enjoy reading.</p>	
<p>C</p> <p>This shop is great for moms who love to garden. They have all kinds of flowers, plants, and even trees! They also sell gardening tools like scissors (剪刀) and gloves. It's a dream for garden lovers.</p>	

33. Max's mother loves to stay in her garden when she is free. She plants many kinds of flowers and green plants. Seeing her garden look pretty makes her happy. _____
34. Emma's mother enjoys baking, especially on weekends. She likes to make cakes and cookies, trying new things to bake each time. _____
35. Lucas's mother likes to read books to relax after her job. She enjoys fantastic stories about trips. _____

（二）阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A, B, C, D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。



B

A Child's Gift



I help to look after some old ladies at the old people's home every week. I'd like to bring them a little happiness. This time I want to give them some red and yellow snapdragons (金鱼草).

This afternoon when I am about to go there, the telephone rings. It is my husband. "Sorry, dear, but I have to work late in my shop today. So you have to take Taylor home after school." I decide to take my son with me to the old people's home for the first time because I can't find any friend to help.

With my new partner, I start my work. After Taylor and I meet the third or fourth lady, I find that just when we are leaving their rooms, my son kisses everyone on their faces and whispers something in their ears. I want to make sure that we can meet all of the ladies, so I don't stop to ask him what he is whispering, but every lady looks happy.

Later in the evening, my husband asks how my work goes on.

"It is lots of fun," I say. "We are quite a pair. Whatever Taylor says to the ladies, it surely makes them happy, especially when he whispers in their ears."

"What do you whisper about?" asks my husband.

Looking up at his dad and me with his big brown eyes, he tells us, "I whisper, 'I love you, Grandma. And I just want you to know that you look so beautiful today.'"

I ask Taylor why he does that.

He says, "I just know it can make them feel good."

36. Where does the writer help the ladies?
- A. At the old people's home.
 - B. At her friend's house.
 - C. At Taylor's school.
37. Why does the writer take her son to meet the ladies?
- A. Because the ladies want to see her son.
 - B. Because he is good with the old ladies.
 - C. Because no one can look after him for her.
38. How does Taylor make the old ladies happy?
- A. He telephones the ladies and talks about his school.
 - B. He helps at the old people's home and does much work.
 - C. He kisses them on their faces and whispers in their ears.



39. What is Taylor's gift?
- A. His sunny smiles.
 - B. His kind words.
 - C. Some funny stories.

C

Social Media, Friends or Enemies?

It's no surprise that the pressure to stay on social media is a real challenge for today's teenagers. They spend too much time using QQ, WeChat and other social media. For many teens, social media can become almost **addictive**. Some teenagers can't even live a normal life without social media.

According to a study, people who used more than seven social media platforms had more than three times the risk of depression (抑郁症) than people who used two or fewer. Children who overuse social media are likely to show less interest in social activities and experience an increase in loneliness.

Teens often feel emotionally invested (情感投入) in their social media accounts. Not only do they feel pressure to answer quickly online, but they also feel pressure to have perfect photos and posts, which can cause a lot of worries. In fact, some studies have found that the larger a person's social circle online is, the more worried they will feel about keeping up with everything online.

A British study shows one-fifth of the teens have trouble sleeping at night because of social media use. They "almost always" wake up during the night and log in to social media. In addition to reporting feeling tired all the time, they also reported being less happy on average than teens whose sleep was not affected by social media. Besides, not having enough sleep can lower the immune (免疫的) system and make it more likely for a teen to get sick.

Overuse of social media can lead to jealousy (嫉妒) and envy among teenagers as well. People tend to post only the positive things that they experience, or make light of the bad with funny stories. As a result, another person's life may look perfect online, but offline they have struggles just like anyone else. It is easy for a teen to play the comparison (比较) game and start thinking that everyone is happier or better offline than he or she is.

Many teens spend so much time online checking messages that they forget to communicate with the people right in front of them. As a result, teens risk having



poor relationships in their lives when social media takes center stage.

It is important that parents understand the possible influence that social media has on their kids. For this reason, it is important to set up guides for social media use among kids. It's also important for families to have regular discussions on how to use social media reasonably and safely. When families pay close attention to the teens' world of social media, their online world will become much more manageable.

40. The underlined word “**addictive**” in Paragraph 1 probably means “_____”.
- A. too enjoyable for them to stop
 - B. able or likely to harm or kill them
 - C. very useful for gathering information
41. According to Paragraph 5, overuse of social media among teenagers may lead to _____.
- A. wonderful social activities
 - B. bad offline comparisons
 - C. exciting emotion experience
42. We can learn from the passage that _____.
- A. sleep loss affected by social media is both physically and mentally harmful
 - B. social media interaction can work as well as face-to-face communication
 - C. teenagers tend to compare their lives with others in reality and feel better
43. What's the writer's main purpose in writing this passage?
- A. To remind us how social media use affects teenagers' health.
 - B. To explain some researches on the influences of online activities.
 - C. To give us some advice on how to use social media online properly.

D

New Technology Revolutionizes (改变) Learning

More and more people believe that technologies are great for learning. Today, such teaching tools as iPads are used in a lot of courses, including language, history and science.

Many teachers are supporters of using iPads in language learning. They say that students now have much more time for discussion in the classroom. Instead of spending valuable class time listening to texts or watching teaching videos,



students can do this on their own and come to class prepared for discussion.

The teachers also say that iPads allow students to learn at their own pace. Some students might listen to a dialogue only once and understand it, so they can save time for doing other things. Other students, however, might need to listen to the same dialogue again and again to understand it. Using iPads is especially helpful to students who are learning a language at different paces.

The students who are using the new tool in some courses are also happy. They believe that using iPads is a more enjoyable way to learn (such as listening to stories and watching movies). The class has become much more interesting and creative.

There are other advantages for students. By using iPads, they can pay more attention to the material and learn more. Teaching notes are stored in their iPads and are easy to find. Some students spend more time studying now. "I can listen to my language material or watch teaching videos on the bus, instead of having to wait until I get home," a student explained.

Many adults complain that technologies such as iPads are doing harm to students. They worry that students might use iPads to download teaching notes and use them to cheat during exams. Some believe that iPads may separate (分离) students from each other. If a student spends more time watching videos on an iPad, he will have fewer opportunities (机会) to have face-to-face communication with others.

However, technologies are already a part of most students' day-to-day lives. As for cheating, teachers can ask students to hand in their iPads when they take exams. Education needs to make changes with the times as technology is playing an important part. We should look forward to a wonderful future when iPads and other technologies can add a lot to the classroom.

44. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Students like to listen to texts or watch teaching videos in class.
- B. Students don't need to listen to the same dialogue again and again.
- C. Using iPad makes it easier for students to find teaching materials.

45. The words "at their own pace" in Paragraph 3 probably mean _____.

- A. against their parents' hope
- B. without their teachers' help
- C. according to their own timetable



46. From the passage we can learn that _____.
- A. students with iPads have less discussion in class
 - B. students get more fun from learning with iPads
 - C. iPads help students save time waiting for buses
47. The writer probably agrees that _____.
- A. exam results depend a lot on new technology
 - B. technology in education has a bright future
 - C. note-taking is as helpful as video-watching

六、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

(共 10 分，48-50 每小题 2 分，第 51 小题 4 分)

Until a few years back, people in China's Xiong'an New Area were perhaps not much into drinking coffee. But these days, it has become an important part of many people's lives, with local coffee shops becoming busy places for relaxation and business meetings.

Lying in Xiong'an, Hebei Province, Migu Café is a creative space that combines a coffee shop, reading corners and many new technologies. At the café's gate, a coffee-making robot attracts the attention of many customers. "The robot can make as many as 500 cups of coffee a day. Just wait a few minutes, and you can enjoy a cup of coffee," shop manager Wang Ying said, adding that since the opening of the shop, the robot has become a popular attraction for customers. Cheng Bo, a worker at China Mobile, has his office just above the café. Cheng said, "I would love to talk with my clients (客户) in coffee shops but not meeting rooms because they offer a comfortable environment." Many other people like him think the café is a shared workspace filled with the fresh smell of coffee and people's energy for creation. People exchange ideas, and endless opportunities are created from there. For some young people in Xiong'an, the café is also a pleasant place for them to just pass the time, drinking a cup of coffee with their favourite books in the reading corner quietly.

The popularity of coffee is driven by a lively city busy with science, technology and creation activities. It shows the changing lifestyle and work culture of the people in Xiong'an New Area as they come together, share ideas and build a brighter future for themselves and their city.



48. Is drinking coffee an important part of many people's lives in Xiong'an?
49. What attracts the attention of many customers at the café's gate?
50. Why does Cheng Bo love to talk with his clients (客户) in coffee shops?
51. Why do many people want to have a cup of coffee in such a café? Please give at least 2 reasons.

书面表达 (共 20 分)

七、根据句意和音标填写单词。(共 4 分, 每小题 0.5 分)

52. Why not _____ ['tædi] up your room every day?
53. There is heavy _____ ['træfik] near our school.
54. The flowers in this shop are at half _____ [praɪs]. Let's buy some.
55. The teachers are very _____ [strikt] with the students in their study.
56. They're going to have a _____ ['pɪknɪk] in the park tomorrow.
57. People often _____ [li:v] things on planes when they're travelling.
58. Beijing is _____ ['feməs] for the Great Wall all over the world.
59. Teachers won't use _____ [tʃɔ:k] on a blackboard in the future.

八、根据中文意思和英文提示词语写出句子。(共 6 分, 每小题 1 分)

60. 我和班里每个人都相处融洽。 (get on... with...)
61. Betty 不仅会唱歌而且会跳舞。 (not only... but also...)
62. 我想为我的妈妈买一条裙子。 (would like to ...)
63. 今天下午我们打算看一场电影。 (be going to...)
64. 未来生活将会是什么样子? (future)
65. 打扰您了, 请问到公园怎么走? (excuse me.)

九、文段表达。(10 分)

66. 请根据中文和英文提示词语, 完成一篇不少于 50 词的英语文段写作。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的班级和姓名。

旅行可以帮助我们放松心情、陶冶情操、增长见识。这个五一假期, 你和家人打算去旅行。请用英文写一篇短文, 谈谈你们将去哪里旅行? 如何达到那里? 你们打算在那里做些什么? 以及你将从这个旅行中收获什么?



提示词语: trip, plane, go sightseeing, joy

提示问题: · Where are you going?

· How are you going there?

· What are you going to do there?

· What will you get from this coming trip?

附加题 (共 20 分)

十、阅读还原。

请仔细阅读短文, 将文段后面所给的五句话还原到文中空白处。

(注意: 有一个多余选项)

Remember when you were a little child trying to learn to walk?

First, you had to learn how to balance yourself and stand. 67 You laughed sometimes and cried at other times. After much practice, you finally learned how to balance yourself. 68 You'd stand everywhere you could. It was a happy time—you did it!

Now the next step—walking. 69 It didn't look that hard—just move your legs while you were standing. Wrong—more difficult than you ever imagined. But after you tried again and again and again, you understood how to walk.

If people found you walking, they cheered, "Oh, look at what the kid is doing." This encouraged you! But look back on those days when you were the little child. how many times did you try when no one was watching, or when no one was cheering? You couldn't wait for someone to encourage you to take the next steps. 70 So, keep trying and encouraging yourself if you want to succeed in doing something.

- A. It is good to have others encourage you.
- B. You learned how to encourage yourself.
- C. You fell down, and then got back up.
- D. You'd seen others do it.
- E. You got much pleasure from this new feeling of power.



十一、阅读理解。(共 12 分, 每小题 2 分)

The Hitchhiker

John Henderson was driving home late last night from an exhausting business trip. He had put off visiting the company in order to get home before midnight, and now he was having trouble staying awake. He turned up the radio and tried to concentrate (集中精力于) on the news—something about a robbery (抢劫)—but his eyes kept on closing. His wife was back home in Dayton, and he missed having her company on this long trip.

It was then that he noticed the hitchhiker at the side of the road. Without even thinking about what he was doing, he slowed down and stopped the car. He couldn't help feeling sorry for the young man who looked so wet and miserable (痛苦的) in the rain. "Get in," he said.

John remembered having to hitchhike home from the university before he had a car. He couldn't stand sitting at the side of the road for hours, waiting for rides.

The hitchhiker got in and immediately John was sorry that he had picked him up. The young man had a strange face and very penetrating (犀利的) eyes. His clothes were old and dirty, and his long hair needed cutting. The hitchhiker lit a cigarette (香烟) and said he was going to Woodsville but when John asked him other questions, the young man avoided (避免) giving him any personal information and changed the subject.

John began to sweat and his thoughts turned nervously to his wallet and all the money he was carrying. He desperately tried to remember what the newscaster (播音员) had said earlier about a robbery. Don't be ridiculous! He thought to himself. Stop imagining things! This guy isn't a criminal (罪犯). What's the use of panicking?

Even though he had quit smoking three months before, John felt like having a cigarette. He asked his passenger for one but before lighting it, he had to wait for his hands to stop shaking. At the next small town John stopped the car and said, "I just can't seem to stay awake. I think I'll try and find a hotel and spend the night here." He apologized nervously to the hitchhiker for not being able to drive him to Woodsville.



The young man slowly reached into his pocket. “This is it!” thought John. “I’m a dead man.” At that very moment he considered shouting for help, but instead of a gun or a knife, the hitchhiker pulled out several wrinkled bills (钞票) and offered them to John. “Oh, no. I don’t want your money. Just get out, Okay?”

The young man looked puzzled, but insisted on giving John the money—\$500. “My father is John Baresford, the oil millionaire, you see,” he said. “Thanks for taking me this far.”

John waited until his passenger had disappeared from sight, then he stepped on the gas and drove out of town. He was looking forward to getting home. Martha will never believe this! He thought to himself.

71. Which of the following statements is **NOT** true?
- A. He hurried home because he promised his wife to get back early.
 - B. He was so tired that he turned up the radio and forced himself to listen.
 - C. John was driving home in Dayton, hoping to arrive there before midnight.
 - D. Eager to get home early, John put off the visit to company and went home.
72. What does the word “**hitchhiker**” mean?
- A. Someone who robs car drivers and takes their money away.
 - B. Someone who travels by asking others for a free ride.
 - C. Someone who pays others to drive him somewhere.
 - D. Someone who steals cars and belongings inside.
73. At the sight of that young man, John Henderson offered him a lift without any hesitation (犹豫), because _____.
- A. he knew the man was a son of a billionaire and would give him \$500.
 - B. he worried that the man would be in danger waiting in the heavy rain.
 - C. he knew it wasn’t happy to wait for hours, begging for a free ride.
 - D. he and the hitchhiker were going to the same place, Woodsville.
74. John was sorry to have picked up the young man because _____.
- A. the man’s dressing and hair gave John a good impression.
 - B. the man’s strange look and his sharp eyes made John upset.
 - C. the man answered all the personal questions asked by John.
 - D. John couldn’t stay awake and he had to find a hotel to spend the night.



75. When the young man put his hand into the pocket, John thought, "This is it!"
"This is it!" most probably means "_____"
- A. It just serves me right!
 - B. He's finally going to get out!
 - C. He's now taking out money and pay!
 - D. He's taking out a gun or a knife to kill me!

76. Will you help someone in need by yourself? And why?



2023-2024 学年 第二学期 期中英语试卷 答案

听力理解 (20 分)

一、听对话，选出最佳答案。(共 12 分，每小题 1.5 分)

1-4: BCAC 5-8: CBBA

二、听独白，记录关键信息。本段独白你将听两遍。(共 8 分，每小题 2 分)

9. Sunday 10. First 11. kind 12. wear

知识运用 (20 分)

三、单项选择。(共 10 分，每小题 1 分)

13-17 BBABC 18-22 AACCA

四、完形填空。(共 10 分，每小题 1 分)

(一) 23. shopping 24. same 25. its 26. around

(二) 27-32: ACCBAB

阅读理解 (共 40 分)

五、阅读理解。(共 30 分，每小题 2 分)

A: 33-35: CAB

B: 36-39: ACCB

C: 40-43: ABAA

D: 44-47: CCBB

六、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

(共 10 分，48-50 每小题 2 分，51 小题 4 分)

48. Yes.

49. A coffee-making robot/ A robot.

50. Because coffee shops offer a comfortable environment.

51.

1) A café like this has got a coffee-making robot. It attracts many people to have a try. People may hope to know if the robot can make better coffee than human coffee makers.

2) Some businessmen may think such a café offers a comfortable environment to have a meeting. It is a share workspace filled with the fresh smell of coffee and people's energy for creation.

3) Such a café is also a pleasant place for them to pass the time. There is a quiet reading corner here. People can just have a cup of coffee, enjoy their favorite books and get relaxation.



书面表达（共 20 分）

七、根据句意和音标填写单词。（共 4 分，每小题 0.5 分）

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|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| 52. tidy | 53. traffic | 54. price | 55. strict |
| 56. picnic | 57. leave | 58. famous | 59. chalk |

八、根据中文意思和英文提示词语写出句子。（共 6 分，每小题 1 分）

60. I get on well with everyone in my/the class.
61. Betty can not only sing but also dance.
62. I would like to buy a dress for my mother/mum.
I would like to buy my mother a dress.
63. We are going to watch a movie/ see a film this afternoon.
64. What will life be like in the future?
65. Excuse me. +
Can you tell/show me the way to the park?
Can you tell me how to get to the park?
Could you tell me how I can get to the park?
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附加题（共 20 分）

十、阅读还原。（共 8 分，每小题 2 分）

67-70: CEDB

十一、阅读理解。（共 12 分，每小题 2 分）

71 - 75 ABCBD

76. 逻辑自洽