



10. Bella _____ a lot about Chinese culture since she began to study in our school.
A. learns B. learned C. will learn D. has learned
11. Many new houses _____ in my grandparents' town last year.
A. build B. are built C. built D. were built
12. — Could you please tell me _____?
— Next Friday.
A. when we went for a spring outing
B. when did we go for a spring outing
C. when we will go for a spring outing
D. when will we go for a spring outing

二、完形填空（每题 1 分，共 8 分）

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

A Welcome Gift

Dario and his mother loved their new apartment. The living room was large enough for their piano. That night, the two of them sat side by side at the piano, playing jazz music to celebrate their new home happily. The 13 music filled the room and made them feel very happy.

However, their happiness disappeared the next morning. Someone had left a 14 under their door during the night. One of their neighbors complained about the sound of the piano. Dario's mother asked the building superintendent (管理员) if he knew anything about it. But he said that they were all nice people and he couldn't 15 any of them have done that. Later that morning, Dario suggested that they write a letter to their neighbors and apologize (道歉).

"Maybe we could go and 16 everyone in person." his mother said. "What if we invited them to come here for a party instead?" Dario asked. They both loved the 17. Then they started to prepare for it.

Finally, the day of the party arrived. Some guests brought presents. Others brought flowers. Some even brought desserts. One woman, Mrs. Gilbert, 18 Dario's mother with a book of piano music by Chopin.

"I heard you playing the other night," she said. "The sounds woke me out of bed. I 19 that you might play like this every night. So I wrote a short note, I hope you don't think I disliked the playing."

Dario's mother smiled at Mrs. Gilbert. "We should apologize to you." She said. "I didn't realize how late it was when we were playing. Maybe we should play some quieter music at night."

"You play, you play!" Mrs. Gilbert said "I like what you play! Just not so loud at night." She



25. What made the writer feel hopeful again?
- A. The accident on the school bus.
 - B. The young man's smile and words.
 - C. Talking to tired couples at the checkout line.
 - D. Sitting with naughty babies in the waiting room.
26. What can we know from the passage?
- A. The writer was thankful to meet the young man.
 - B. The writer made good friends with the young man.
 - C. The writer felt hopeless because of the first year of new school.
 - D. The young man always tried his best to help the people in trouble.

C

The sun is setting, brightening your kids' faces as they play in the waves. You reach for your phone for this perfect moment. But before you do, here's a bit of surprising science: Taking photos is not the perfect way to keep memory as you think.

Taking too many pictures could actually harm the brain's ability to keep memories, says Elizabeth Loftus, a psychology professor at the University of California, Irvine. So we get the photo but kind of lose the memory.

Photos may outsource memories. It works in two ways: We either shake off the responsibility of remembering moments when taking pictures, or we're so distracted (分心的) by the process that we miss the moment altogether.

The first explanation is the loss of memory. People know that their camera is recording that moment, so they don't try to remember. Similarly, if you write down someone's phone number, you're less likely to remember it offhand because your brain tells you there's just no need. That's all well and good — until that piece of paper goes missing.

The other is distraction. We're distracted by the process of taking a photo — how we hold our phone, composing the photo, such as smiling faces, the background to our liking and clear image, all of which uses up our attention that could otherwise help us memorize.

However, taking photos can benefit memory — when done mindfully. While taking a photo may be distracting, the act of preparation by focusing on visual (视觉的) details around has some upsides.

When people take the time to zoom in (拉近镜头) on specific things, memories become strengthened.

Another benefit is that we recall moments more accurately with the photos. Memory has been reshaped with the help of new information and new experiences. Thus, photos or videos help us recall moments as if they really happened.

Memories die away without a visual record backing them up. Therefore, a photo is an excellent tool to help remember when done purposefully, which is worth exploring further.



27. What does Professor Elizabeth Loftus think of taking too many photos?
- A. It can benefit our memories.
 - B. It could be harmful to keep memories.
 - C. It could be helpful to recall the perfect moment.
 - D. It will use up our attention to remember the beautiful moments.
28. What can we learn from the passage?
- A. Memories will disappear when we back up a visual record.
 - B. We may not pay full attention to the moment when taking pictures.
 - C. Take photos if you want to get new information or new experiences.
 - D. It is useless to remember someone's phone number by writing it down.
29. Which of the following could be the best title for the passage?
- A. Photography or Memories
 - B. Fewer Photos, More Memories
 - C. Photography Does Good to Memories
 - D. Remember the Moment and Take Photos Properly

D

In the past decade, the use of social media has grown in a way that no one could have guessed. It has turned some teenagers into celebrities (名人) and turned the famous into the infamous, overnight.

A key feature (特征) of social media, however, is its volatility. Trends (趋向, 动向) come and go, disappearing almost as quickly as they appeared.

Short video apps such as TikTok and its Chinese equivalent (对应词) Douyin, took the world by storm. TikTok was once ranked 8th on Apple's App Store, and Douyin had more than 300 million domestic monthly active users.

Why are these short videos, which are rarely (罕有) longer than a few minutes, so popular? Jiang Yige, Singapore-based analyst at FengHe Fund Management, has a theory. "Short videos are just right to fill in the little gaps in our busy schedules," he told CNBC.

These videos, apart from being very convenient, are important to teenagers because they allow them to express themselves, according to Teen Vogue.

Liza Koshy, a user of the US app Musical, who has over 2 million followers, said, "The sense of community that users of short video apps get is another appealing (有吸引力的) feature."

Live streaming (直播) is a feature of our social media life that now seems as natural as sunrise. It's a pretty neat idea: You can watch anyone, anywhere, live. However, China has taken live streaming to a whole new level. In China, millions of viewers monthly watch a live streaming video. Forbes thought that a number of factors had led to the popularity of the live streaming.



But I don't read for convenience. I read to learn more about the world and myself. I have made friends by seeing a book cover in a cafe and noticing that it was the same title that I was reading. I can trace my life by the books that have been my companions. When I open an old book and come across my previously scribbled notes — shaky ones when I've been reading on the subway, covered in sand if I read it at the beach, next to a train ticket if I was traveling — I am able to add an extra level of personal depth and experience to the story I am about to reread. It's just not enough to simply consuming the story, which is what e-readers are great for.

When I read paper books, I hold onto them for long periods of time. I just purchased a new bookshelf specially for my "to be read" pile. Once in a while, I go through the process of deciding which books to donate (捐赠), but usually the idea of parting with a book feels like giving away a part of my soul (灵魂).

Physical books may not be the most efficient medium, but they are the most meaningful. So keep your Kindle, by all means. But I'll be happy hoarding (贮存, 聚藏) with my library.

34. Why did the writer give his iPad to his brother?

35. What does the writer want to learn by reading?

36. How does the writer feel when parting with a book?

37. Which do you prefer, e-books or paper books? And why? (Please give two reasons)

五、文段表达 (10 分)

38. 从下面两个题目中任选一题，根据中英文提示，完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的真实校名和姓名。

题目①

假如你是李华，你的笔友 Chris 要来你校学习。他给你发来邮件，询问学校开展了哪些课后活动并请你帮忙推荐。请你用英语回复一封邮件，介绍活动内容并说明推荐理由。

提示词语：recommend (推荐), take part in, practice, skill, benefit, progress

提示问题：● What activities do you often do after school?

● Which activity do you recommend?

● Why do you recommend it?

题目②

劳动不仅创造美好生活，也有助于培养生活技能和精神品质。某英文报社正在开展以“劳动最光荣”为主题的征文活动。请用英文写一篇短文投稿，谈谈你对劳动的看法，平时参加哪些劳动，有什么收获。

提示词语：labor (劳动), glorious (光荣), improve, knowledge, skills

提示问题：● What do you think of labor?

● What kind of labor do you often do?

● What have you learned from doing so?