

英语试卷

2024年4月



学校 _____

班级 _____

姓名 _____

考生须知

1. 本试卷共 10 页,共五道大题,38 道小题,满分 60 分,考试时间 90 分钟。
2. 请在试卷和答题卡上准确填写学校名称、班级、姓名。
3. 试题答案一律填涂或书写在答题卡上,在试卷上作答无效。
4. 在答题卡上,选择题用 2B 铅笔作答,其他试题用黑色字迹签字笔作答。
5. 考试结束,请将答题卡交回。

第一部分

本部分共 33 题,共 40 分。在每题列出的四个选项中,选出最符合题目要求的一项。

一、单项填空(每题 0.5 分,共 6 分)

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. Peter is helpful and _____ often helps his classmates with their English.
A. she B. he C. it D. they
2. This story happened on a hot afternoon _____ summer.
A. on B. at C. by D. in
3. — _____ we finish the work today?
— No, you needn't. You can finish it tomorrow.
A. Must B. Can C. Need D. Shall
4. — I want to buy a red scarf for my mum. _____ is it?
— It is 80 yuan.
A. How many B. How far C. How much D. How often
5. Chinese people prefer the color red during the Spring Festival _____ they think red can bring good luck.
A. so B. because C. but D. or
6. Our garden is much _____ than before.
A. beautiful B. more beautiful C. most beautiful D. the most beautiful



7. — Where are your sisters?
— They _____ TV in the living room.
- A. watched B. watch C. are watching D. have watched
8. Don't worry. He _____ us as soon as he gets home.
- A. calls B. called C. is calling D. will call
9. Mary _____ a volunteer in her community since she was in the primary school.
- A. has been B. was C. will be D. is
10. We _____ dinner at home when someone knocked at the door.
- A. had B. have C. are having D. were having
11. The Shenzhou 16 astronauts _____ after they returned to the earth.
- A. interviewed B. interview C. are interviewed D. were interviewed
12. — Do you know _____ last winter?
— Because the scenery was beautiful and the people were friendly.
- A. why did many people travel to Harbin
B. why do many people travel to Harbin
C. why many people travelled to Harbin
D. why many people travel to Harbin

二、完形填空(每题 1 分,共 8 分)

阅读下面的短文,掌握其大意,然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择最佳选项。

I was born with a physical disability. Three of my fingers on my left hand are very small. It is hard to hold things.

In my first school, the kids would tease (取笑) me about my 13 almost every day. I used to go home and tell my mum the kids made fun of me and cry. My mum would meet with my teachers to try to 14 it, but it didn't help. I wanted friends but I didn't have one. I didn't want to go to school any more.

My mum's friend recommended (推荐) a new school to me. It was smaller. At the new school, I was 15 of being in a new place. I thought the other kids might laugh at me. I would pull the sleeves (袖子) of my sweater down to 16 my hand.

It was hard but I tried my best. When I was upset, my teachers always asked, "What's wrong? Can I talk to you?" That helped because I used to keep my 17 inside. They helped me express myself in words instead of going off.

A few weeks later, I told the kids, "I've been teased a lot" and I showed them my hand.



They asked me what happened. I told them, "I was born this way." They didn't make fun of me. They told me not to worry about it.

I just wanted people to be 18 to me and I wanted friends. I have that now. I study and play with them. It makes me feel like they're not scared of me and they 19 me. When I'm having a bad day, they say, "Keep your head up, don't give up."

I think it was good that I came to the new school. I feel like I'm a new person. I appreciate (感激) all the people for their help. I want to say to the kids, thank you for 20 me. Now if people ask about my hand, I won't hide it. When someone teases me, I ignore (不理睬) it. I couldn't do that before because I was scared of what they would say. I'm not embarrassed (尴尬的) any more.

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|--------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| 13. A. hand | B. face | C. leg | D. teeth |
| 14. A. believe | B. imagine | C. understand | D. solve |
| 15. A. tired | B. scared | C. proud | D. bored |
| 16. A. wash | B. use | C. hide | D. raise |
| 17. A. attention | B. decisions | C. choice | D. feelings |
| 18. A. kind | B. honest | C. serious | D. special |
| 19. A. interrupt | B. support | C. follow | D. refuse |
| 20. A. remembering | B. inviting | C. accepting | D. visiting |

三、阅读理解(每题 2 分,共 26 分)

(一) 阅读下列社区课程所需志愿者教师的介绍,请根据 Alice, Jenny 和 Mike 三个人的特长匹配他们最适合教的课程,并将社区课程所对应的 A、B、C、D 选项填在相应的位置上。选项中有一项为多余选项。

A

Teachers Needed in the Community

<p>A Making Paper Cuts</p> <p>Some children in our community want to learn making paper cuts. We plan to teach them to cut some flowers at first. We need a student to teach them. The lesson is from 9:00 to 10:00 on Saturday morning.</p> 	<p>B Writing Chinese Calligraphy</p> <p>A few old men are interested in Chinese calligraphy. They want to learn how to write Chinese calligraphy. We need a student who has good skills in writing Chinese calligraphy. The lesson is from 19:00 to 20:00 on Friday.</p> 
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C	Dancing	D	Playing Basketball
<p>A group of old ladies want to learn square dance. We want to invite a student who can dance well to teach them. The lesson is from 18:00 to 19:00 on Sunday evening.</p>		<p>Some school boys between 7 and 8 years old want to learn how to play basketball. We need a student to teach them basic actions. The lesson is from 15:00 to 16:00 on Saturday afternoon.</p>	
			

21.  Alice: I'm good at dancing. I can dance well and I'm very patient.

22.  Jenny: I like creating many things with scissors and paper. You can see my work on the wall of my school.

23.  Mike: I am the leader of our school basketball team. We have won a lot of matches.

(二) 阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

B

When I was 13, I was going to visit my grandfather in Lancashire. My aunt made me sandwiches for the road. They would keep me going until I reached the airport.

As I got onto the bus, I was so thankful to find a window seat. When I sat there, I saw an old man watching me. "Excuse me? Can I sit here?" His voice was deep.

"Yes, of course!" I said. He looked kind of nervous, or tired. He let out a sigh(叹气) and relaxed a bit in his seat.

"Hi, I'm Tony." I said as I gave him my right hand to shake.



“George.” He looked at me for a couple of seconds before accepting my hand. He was friendly and we talked about this trip. I knew he was 70 and headed to Birmingham to visit his son and grandchildren. I told him about my grandfather, and we both seemed to relax.

Our conversation was rudely interrupted by my stomach. I took out a sandwich and took a big bite. I noticed George was watching me eating. He probably was hungry.

“Would you eat with me?” I said as I handed him my second sandwich.

“No, no, I don’t want to eat your food. You will need that for your next coach.”

“No, I won’t. I will eat again on the plane. Plus, I don’t really like eating alone.” The determination(决心) on my face must have been very persuasive(有说服力的), because after a moment’s hesitation(犹豫), he nodded his head weakly and accepted the sandwich.

After eating, I decided that I should have a nap. I had an hour to kill before we reached Birmingham.

The sudden tap(轻拍) on my shoulder made me open my eyes. It was George. He told me we had reached Birmingham. I said, “Nice to meet you, George. I hope you have a great time with your family.”

As I extended(伸出) my hand for a final handshake, he not only took it, but cupped it in both his hands. “Thank you for being so kind to me. Safe travels.” He said and turned around to get off the bus.

I didn’t know what he walked away with that day, but I walked away with a sense of satisfaction. His words “Thank you for being so kind to me” kept ringing in my ears and I kept smiling to myself.

24. Tony met George on the _____ to Birmingham.
- A. train B. plane C. ship D. bus
25. Tony _____ George during the trip.
- A. found a seat for
B. shared his food with
C. listened to music with
D. had a sudden tap on the shoulder of



26. Tony had a sense of satisfaction because _____.

- A. his aunt made him sandwiches for the road
- B. George was friendly and had a nice family
- C. his kindness made George feel warm
- D. he could see his grandparents

C

Sharing your opinions is fun when everyone else agrees with you. But what about when they don't? No one likes feeling like the strange one out, and these days it seems like people with unpopular opinions are more likely to get shunned(回避). Does that mean you should change your opinions to conform(符合) to the majority's beliefs? Of course not. Here's what you should do.

Say it, but don't push it

We all have ideas that we want to share. But don't try to convince(说服) other people that your opinion is the best idea or the only idea they should have. Stand your ground, but don't be condescending(居高临下的).

Be respectful of other people's opinions, too

It's not only you who need to express an opinion. Everyone should have the chance, and you should give them that chance. When people share their thoughts, be open to them and don't bring them down for unpopular opinions.

Agree to disagree

Sometimes, we have to accept the fact that we won't agree on everything. When your opinions clash(冲突), make sure that it ends there. Don't have any arguments or negative feelings. Agree to disagree when there's no other way for you.

Unpopular opinions can rock the boat when it comes to conversations. But they can be the best conversation topics. Having an unpopular opinion is hard, but it doesn't have to ruin your relationships or your self-esteem(自尊). With the right way, you can stand firm(坚定地) in your beliefs, even when you feel like others don't share them.

You can share a different idea on the topic. Be sure not to be so surprised when someone doesn't agree with you. It is an unpopular opinion, after all. Learning how to handle having an unpopular opinion is important if you want to be able to share your opinion respectfully and effectively, and you don't want to feel emotionally isolated(孤立的) because of your opinion.



27. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. We should use our opinions to challenge others' opinions.
- B. We should try our best to make our friends accept our ideas.
- C. When we share our opinions, we should stop others from talking.
- D. When it's hard to accept different opinions, we should set them aside.

28. The words "rock the boat" in Paragraph 5 probably mean "_____".

- A. bring benefits
- B. draw away attention
- C. make trouble
- D. win support

29. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. The collection of unpopular opinions.
- B. Ways to deal with unpopular opinions.
- C. The importance of unpopular opinions.
- D. Benefits of having unpopular opinions.

D

We all experience different levels of stress, and we can manage a certain amount of it while still feeling comfortable and fulfilled. But everywhere you look today, some people are stressed out. Why do people seem to have more stress?

Many researchers agree that stress comes down to the larger number of tasks and our higher expectations.

But we believe there is more to consider. The attitudes towards the tasks can also influence the level of stress. An attitude is the way that you think and feel about things. Bad attitudes towards the tasks can slow down the management of the tasks. Some people may be overwhelmed(压倒) by their growing list of to-do items. This can lead to anxiety. For many, anxiety can be painful. For some, anxiety can be so painful that they may avoid tasks big and small. Avoidance can lead to an expanding list of unfinished tasks. When someone reminds us to face what we have not completed or when a new pressure has been added, the burden(负担) becomes too much. For example, if someone tells us tomorrow is the deadline of our projects or a new one is given to us, we are facing the accumulation(积累) of stress.

One of the elements that influence attitudes is emotions. Emotions are powerful internal



(内部的)experiences that influence attitudes and behaviors by shaping ideas, evaluations, and decision-making processes. Pleasant emotions tend to promote positive attitudes, while unpleasant emotions can lead to negative attitudes. Furthermore, negative emotions will reduce the thinking process that is necessary to handle stress. For example, shame over unfinished projects or unmet expectations can push us down, and negative judgment can create a lack of self-belief, which can affect performance and the overall management of stress.

When you're stressed out and have a bad attitude on top of that stress, you will feel that even the simplest tasks are boring and impossible to do, which can increase your stress level. But if we want to have less stress on our tasks, it's time to have proper attitudes.

30. You will most probably experience the accumulation of stress when you _____.
- A. leave your tasks to the last minute
 - B. have comfortable feelings at school
 - C. have positive attitudes towards your work
 - D. are able to finish your homework correctly every day
31. Why does the writer talk about anxiety in Paragraph 3?
- A. To provide examples of the growing list.
 - B. To show a new way to face the stress.
 - C. To help us know the importance of the tasks.
 - D. To explain the relationship between attitudes and stress.
32. What do you know about the attitudes and emotions from the passage?
- A. Emotions are a kind of behaviors guided by attitudes.
 - B. Pleasant emotions can lead to negative attitudes.
 - C. Emotions are easier to change than attitudes.
 - D. Attitudes are affected by emotions.
33. The writer probably agrees that _____.
- A. positive attitudes can help people feel less stressed
 - B. people can change attitudes by observing people around them
 - C. high expectation is a key part of effective stress management
 - D. people have pleasant emotions when they fall behind on tasks



第二部分

本部分共 5 题,共 20 分。根据题目要求,完成相应任务。

四、阅读表达(第 34-36 题每题 2 分,第 37 题 4 分,共 10 分)

阅读短文,根据短文内容回答问题。

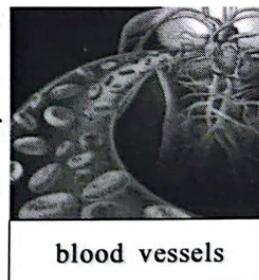
It was 5:30 on a Saturday morning in August. It was quiet in Gabriel Silva's house. Axel, their 1-year-old family dog, jumped on Gabriel's parents' bed to wake them up. They guessed he needed to go outside.

But Axel wouldn't go out. When Gabriel's father opened the back door, Axel rushed toward Gabriel's room. Inside, Gabriel was awake. He woke up around 5 a.m. and couldn't feel anything in one of his arms. There, he lost his balance and fell on the floor.

Gabriel's father followed Axel to his room. He told his father that he was trying to walk but the right side of his body could feel nothing. His father could hardly understand him. Gabriel's speech was unclear. He drove Gabriel to a hospital. Doctors said that he was having a stroke(中风). It happens when the blood supply to part of the brain is cut off.

Gabriel has got back his ability to speak and walk. The doctors treated Gabriel and said that Gabriel might have never recovered if Axel hadn't made the family wake up that morning.

Gabriel said there were no warning signs before the stroke. One of Gabriel's blood vessels had torn, the doctor said. The blood vessel was connected to Gabriel's brain. The tear stopped blood from flowing to part of his brain. During a stroke, neurons(神经元) in the brain, which receive and send messages from the body to the brain, die from being short of blood.



Gabriel said he still didn't have much feeling on the right side of his body. He learned to write and eat with his left hand. He took medicines every day and had special training two days per week. For now, Gabriel is being home-schooled. He hopes to return to high school in December.

Gabriel's father said Axel didn't finish watching over his son. Since Gabriel returned home, Axel followed him around the house and slept in his room. He seldom left his side. The doctor said Axel was worthy of a lot of credit(赞扬). "It's amazing how immovable(不动摇的) a dog was when he knew something was going on." he said.

34. Where did Axel go when Gabriel's father opened the back door?
35. When does a stroke happen?
36. How did Axel watch over Gabriel after he returned home from hospital?
37. Would you like to have a family dog like Axel? Why or why not? (Please give two reasons.)



五、文段表达(10分)

38. 从下面两个题目中任选一题,根据所给提示,完成一篇不少于 50 词的英语文段写作。文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

题目①

假设你是李华。你们学校正在举办北京建筑推介活动。请用英语写一封电子邮件向你们班交换生 Peter 介绍你最喜欢哪一个建筑物,这个建筑物是什么样子的,以及你喜欢它的原因。

提示词语: cultural, design, large, concert, event

提示问题: • What is your favourite building in Beijing?

• What's the building like?

• Why do you like it?

Dear Peter,

How are you? _____

Hope to hear from you soon.

Yours,

Li Hua

题目②

某英文网站青少年板块正在开展以“学会和父母相处”为主题的征文活动。假设你是李华。请用英文写一篇短文投稿,分享你和父母之间发生的一个冲突,你是如何恰当地处理的,以及你从中得到的启示。

提示词语: disagreement, spend, cell phone, shout, communicate

提示问题: • What was the problem between your parents and you?

• How did you deal with it?

• What have you learned from it?

Problems are often around us. _____