



## 八年级英语

本试卷共 10 页, 满分 60 分, 考试时长 90 分钟。考生务必将答案填涂或书写在答题卡上, 在试卷上作答无效。考试结束后, 将试卷和答题卡一并交回。

## 第一部分

本部分共 33 题, 共 40 分。在每题列出的四个选项中, 选出最符合题目要求的一项。  
一、单项填空 (每题 0.5 分, 共 6 分) 从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

- Jim is my brother, and I like playing football with \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. him                      B. her                      C. me                      D. you
- We will have a big family dinner \_\_\_\_\_ Saturday.  
A. in                      B. on                      C. at                      D. to
- Mum, \_\_\_\_\_ I get up before 7:00 on weekends?  
— Yes, you must. It's a good habit to get up early every day.  
A. must                      B. should                      C. may                      D. can
- Which do you like \_\_\_\_\_, *jiaozi* or *zongzi*?  
— *Jiaozi*.  
A. well                      B. better                      C. best                      D. the best
- \_\_\_\_\_ will Jason stay in China?  
— For one week.  
A. How much                      B. How often                      C. How long                      D. How soon
- It is difficult to learn math well \_\_\_\_\_ they don't give up.  
A. and                      B. but                      C. or                      D. so
- What is your mum doing?  
— She \_\_\_\_\_ a delicious pizza now.  
A. makes                      B. made                      C. will make                      D. is making
- The students \_\_\_\_\_ to the park to plant trees tomorrow.  
A. go                      B. went                      C. will go                      D. have gone
- I \_\_\_\_\_ my homework when Tom called me last night.  
A. do                      B. am doing                      C. was doing                      D. will do



10. Tina and her parents \_\_\_\_\_ in Shanghai since 2018.  
 A. lived                      B. are living                      C. will live                      D. have lived
11. My grandparents \_\_\_\_\_ letters to their friends forty years ago.  
 A. wrote                      B. will write                      C. write                      D. are writing
12. — Can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ every day?  
 — By bike.  
 A. how did she go to work                      B. how does she go to work  
 C. how she went to work                      D. how she goes to work

二、完形填空 (每题 1 分, 共 8 分)

阅读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

Jim, a successful businessman, told us the experience of his childhood (童年).

When he was 12, his parents died. He was 13 and didn't get on well with others. People always laughed at him. No one showed kindness to him. His only friend was a dog named Lucky.

One day as he walked down the street, a young lady was walking in front of him. Suddenly one of her bags dropped (掉落) from her arms. As she stopped to 14 it up, she dropped other bags. He came to help her. "Thank you, dear! You are a nice little boy!" she said kindly, smiling.

A 15 feeling came to him. These were the first kind words that he never heard them before. He 16 her until she went far away, and then he whistled (吹口哨) to his dog and went directly to the river nearby.

"Thank you, dear! You are a nice little boy!" he repeated (重复) the woman's words. Then he said them to his dog in a low voice, "You are a nice little dog!" Lucky raised its ears and it seemed that it 17 the boy's words.

"Uh! Even a dog likes it!" he said, "Well, Lucky, I won't say unkind words to you any more." Lucky wagged its tail happily.

The boy thought and thought. Finally he looked at himself in the river. He saw nothing but a dirty boy. He washed his 18 carefully. Again he looked. He saw a clean face. He was amazed. From then on, he had a new 19.

After telling this, the businessman stopped for a while, and then he said, "Ladies and gentlemen, this is the very place, where that kind woman 20 the first seed (种子) of kindness in me there. All of us should learn about kindness. What a great power it has!" If you show kindness to others, you will be an able man.



13. A. sad                      B. surprised                      C. mad                      D. happy  
 14. A. look                      B. pick                      C. set                      D. dress  
 15. A. serious                      B. relaxed                      C. bored                      D. special  
 16. A. watched                      B. taught                      C. caught                      D. helped  
 17. A. realized                      B. imagined                      C. understood                      D. remembered  
 18. A. clothes                      B. hair                      C. face                      D. feet  
 19. A. wish                      B. life                      C. dog                      D. friend  
 20. A. found                      B. changed                      C. made                      D. planted

三、阅读理解（每题 2 分，共 26 分）


（一）阅读下列博物馆介绍，请根据人物喜好和需求匹配最适合的博物馆，并将博物馆所对应的A、B、C、D选项填在相应位置上。选项中有一项为多余选项。


A


Introductions of the Museums

<p><b>A</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Art Museum</b></p> <p>You can enjoy all kinds of Chinese artworks in this museum. There are all kinds of paintings and many unusual objects. It is amazing to see many beautiful things here. It is really a world of colour pictures. You can also learn to make your own artworks here.</p>	<p><b>B</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Science Museum</b></p> <p>Do you like robots? Then, you can come here. You will learn about the latest technology and maths as well as physics and chemistry. You can also do experiments here. If you need answers to all your questions about science, this is the right place for you.</p>
<p><b>C</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Folk Museum</b></p> <p>Are you interested in Chinese traditional culture? If yes, the Folk Museum is a good place to visit. There are about 300 rooms of different styles of the Yuan, Ming and Qing Dynasties. You can also enjoy the folk activities there when it comes to Chinese festivals such as the Spring Festival, Dragon Boat Festival and so on.</p>	<p><b>D</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Natural History Museum</b></p> <p>If you want to learn about the topics of humans, animals and plants, you can come to the Natural History Museum. It houses a collection of more than 370,000 items. You will see some creatures you never see before. The "Dinosaur World" interests lots of visitors, especially the kids.</p>



21. \_\_\_\_\_  **Alice** I enjoy painting very much and I am happy to learn from famous artworks and try to make one by myself.

22. \_\_\_\_\_  **Tony** I'm interested in all kinds of dinosaurs and expect to see the natural world in ancient times.

23. \_\_\_\_\_  **Harry** I want to know more about the traditional festivals and I'd like to see the rooms from different dynasties.

(二) 阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容, 从短文后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

**B**

I have a golden dog named Bobby. He is an amazing dog and once saved me.

I usually take him to a big natural park when I have time. He can remember all the routes (路线) in the park. When I park my car outside the park, he always jumps out of the car with excitement and goes in front of me, knowing where I would go.

One day, I left the car in the same place to take a walk in the park. But Bobby seemed very strange. He didn't want to go ahead in the park. I tried to call him but he just sat and kept barking at me. So I said, "Then, I will keep walking ahead." I walked about 200 meters away while he was still barking. Then he suddenly rushed towards me, bit (咬) my trousers and crazily tried to pull my leg. He didn't let me take another step.



At last I had to give up walking ahead, but I still didn't understand his action. "OK, you don't want me to walk today. Let's go home then." He quickly went back towards the car, but he stopped every a few meters to see whether I was following him. Then, we went home safely.

I couldn't understand what he did in the park until the next morning. I was sitting in a coffee shop and reading the newspaper. In the front-page was a big photo of a black bear. The reporter said that it appeared in the same park that day. "There was no accident and we took him out of





*Can you eat weather?*

A university makes that happen. It uses a 3D printer to create sweets based on the weather information of a certain day.

The shapes of the sweets are affected (影响) by wind speed. The colors of the sweets are decided by temperature. The sweets act as a weather record of the day when they are made.

### **Sunrise Bed**

*It's hard for you to get up in the morning, isn't it?*

To help you get up, a company has created a kind of “furniture” —a sunrise bed. It wakes you up gently as a sunrise does. Lights built into the bed turn on and start to get brighter and brighter. When the lights are fully on, soft music will begin to play. It will be louder and louder until you turn it off. The company explains, “The gentle light tells your body that it is morning, so it stops producing a chemical that helps you sleep.”

It's exciting to think about all the amazing new inventions that are changing our world. These new technologies are making life easier, more fun and more connected and they make the future look bright.

27. According to the passage, the Smart Schoolbag can \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. help you repair computers
  - B. tell you when to pack books
  - C. teach you how to fix scanners
  - D. remind you of the missing books
28. What can we learn from the passage?
- A. The Smart Schoolbag scans books all by itself.
  - B. Wind speed can decide the colors of Weather Sweets.
  - C. People create a better future with these new technologies.
  - D. The gentle light of Sunrise Bed helps people to sleep.
29. What is the passage mainly talking about?
- A. Introduction of the newest inventions.
  - B. Importance of technology companies.
  - C. Purpose of changing our world.
  - D. Development of smart schools.



## D

People use laughter to communicate with others. It's how we tell friends that we find their jokes funny, or how kids in a park show that they are having fun. Humans laugh to express many kinds of feelings, from happy to sad, from like to hate and so on. But how about animals? Do they also laugh? If they do laugh, is there a connection between animals' laughing and playing?

A study shows that not only humans but also some animals enjoy good laughter. Scientists at the University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA) suggested that a number of animals can laugh. Through their research, they found that 65 kinds or groups of animals laugh while playing. The animals that laugh the most include monkeys, rats and dolphins.

Animal sound sometimes is like a short laughter, but scientists said that not all of these are connected to playing. After all, animals sometimes make sound as if they are laughing but in fact, they are in danger, or perhaps they are using it to fight with animals that may eat them.

Sasha Winkler, a scientist studying animal behavior, noticed that the small monkeys she worked with liked to play together by catching each other. While having fun together, they made **panting** sounds, almost like they were out of breath, which reminded Winkler of quiet laughter. In that sense, researchers pointed out very interesting ideas of laughter and panting. They believe that laughter come from heavy breathing during play.

Study suggests that many animals laugh so that their playing partner knows they are having fun. This is important because animal play can sometimes look like fighting. Laughter becomes a way for animals to stop harmful act when communicating with others. Some animals also make a "play face" like a smile to show that they are happy and not angry.

One big difference between human laughter and animal laughter is that humans laugh much more loudly. Most sounds animals make during play are very quiet so they can only be heard by the animal they are playing with. But for humans, loud laughter is a sign that we're part of a group. "It's really amazing that so many animals have a similar function of sound during play," said Winkler. "These special parts of animal laughter will also be an important area for future study."

30. Animals sometimes make sound as if they are laughing when they want to \_\_\_\_\_.
- |                                      |                                   |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. hide their true feelings          | B. play tricks on their partners  |
| C. interest more partners to join in | D. warn animals that may eat them |



31. The word “panting” in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_  
A. loud                      B. quiet                      C. breathless                      D. interesting
32. What do you know about animal laughter from the passage?  
A. All kinds of animals laugh when they are playing.  
B. It can be a way for animals to stop harmful act.  
C. Animals make sound of laugh louder than humans.  
D. It usually shows they are happy and not angry.
33. Why does the writer mention the difference in the last paragraph?  
A. To lead to the topic of future research on laughter.  
B. To show the function of animal laugh during play.  
C. To explain that loud laughter is a sign for people to be in a group.  
D. To suggest that human should train animals to laugh while playing.

## 第二部分

本部分共 5 题，共 20 分。根据题目要求，完成相应任务。

四、阅读表达（第 34-36 题每题 2 分，第 37 题 4 分，共 10 分）

阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题。

In the live-streaming (直播) video of Yang Weiyun, no singing or dancing is performed nor are products sold. Yang teaches pinyin, reading and writing, something that has been most common to her for the past 50 years. The difference is her students are mostly adults.

The 73-year-old used to be a Chinese teacher. After retirement (退休), Yang wanted to do something meaningful. The rise of short video platforms (平台) gave her the idea of continuing her teaching online. At first, she offered free pinyin lessons for kids. However, she gradually learned among her fans there are many illiterate (不识字的) adults. So she decided to give lessons online for adults. Yang said she found many illiterate adults develop a sense of shame (羞愧的). They are afraid to go to new places, worried that they couldn't teach their children. So she added more information in her lessons to meet their needs.

“Many illiterate adults didn't have the chance to go to school when they were young. They are the ones in need of learning words. I wanted to give them a new starting point,” Yang said. Considering that most adult students have to make time to attend the lessons, Yang holds two





live-streaming lessons every day starting at 8: 30 am and 8: 30 pm. Now she has nearly 300, 000 fans on the short video platform Douyin.

Zhang Mei who was born and raised in the countryside is one of them. She had never been to school. She watches Yang's live-streaming whenever she has spare time. Now she can read Chinese characters with pinyin and she has found a job.

Yang always prepares her classes carefully, for the students learning through her videos have their own needs. Yang said she tried her best to find out what ways the students can learn and remember better, and her biggest wish now is to see these students graduate (毕业) from her classes.

34. What does Yang Weiyun teach in the live-streaming lessons?
35. Why did she decide to give lessons online for adults?
36. When does Yang's live-streaming lessons start every day?
37. What do you think of Yang? And why?

#### 五、文段表达 (10 分)

38. 从下面两个题目中任选一题, 根据所给提示, 完成一篇不少于 50 词的英语文段写作。

文中已给出内容不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

#### 题目①

假如你是李华, 你们班在本周六将要组织一次去颐和园 (the Summer Palace) 的春游活动, 你打算邀请外教 Mr. Smith 参加。请你用英语写一封邮件, 告诉他春游集合的时间和地点, 在那做什么, 以及他需要带什么。

提示词语: school gate, enjoy, picnic, food

提示问题: ●When and where will you meet?

●What are you going to do there?

●What should Mr. Smith bring?



Dear Mr. Smith,

I'm writing to invite you to take part in our school trip to the Summer Palace this Saturday.

---

---

---

I'm looking forward to your early reply.

Yours,

Li Hua

**题目②:**

中国有悠久的历史文化，中国节日是传统文化的重要组成部分。现在某校英语网站正在以“My Favorite Chinese Traditional Festival”为题进行征文活动。请你用英语写一篇征文，介绍一个你最喜欢的中国传统节日（春节、端午节、中秋节等），以及节日期间的传统活动和你的感受。

提示词语：the Spring Festival, put up, prepare, dinner, set off, wish, happy

提示问题：●What's your favorite Chinese traditional festival?

●What do you do during the festival?

●How do you feel?

---

---

---

---

---